

2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan

DRAFT
November 2020



FIVE-YEAR CONSOLIDATED PLAN

For Program Years 2020 to 2024

ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

For Program Year 2020

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

Department of Community Development

DRAFT - November 2020

Prepared for Fulton County by Mosaic Community Planning, LLC



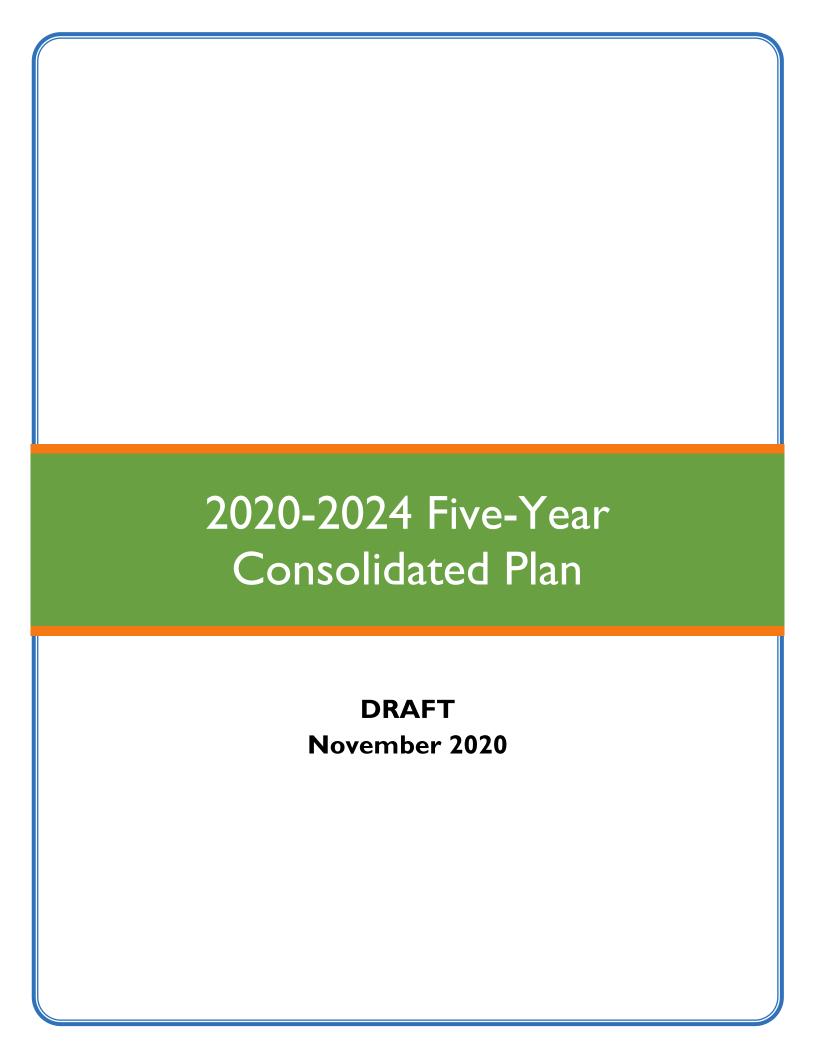


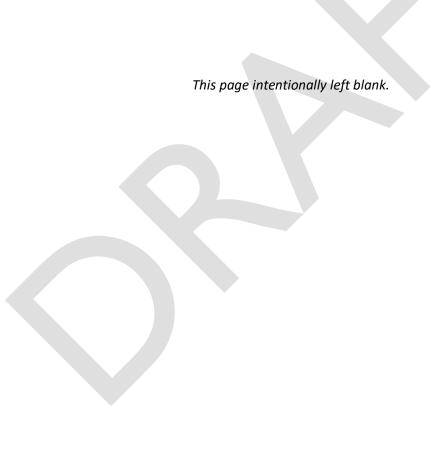
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES-05 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - 24 CFR 91.200(C), 91.220(B)

1. Introduction

Fulton County's 2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan is a comprehensive planning document outlining a coordinated approach to housing, community development, and homeless needs using U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grant funds. It provides guidance on the investment of HUD dollars and outlines priorities for using the County's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Home Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) funds over the next five years. It covers the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction, which includes unincorporated Fulton County and the cities of Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, and Union City.

Every year, the County will produce an Annual Action Plan to detail specific activities to carry out the Five-Year Consolidated Plan's priorities and goals. Fulton County's 2020 Annual Action Plan is included with this Consolidated Plan.

2. Summary of Objectives and Outcomes Identified in the Plan Needs Assessment Overview

Priority needs were developed based on community participation, stakeholder consultation, Census Bureau and other data, and an analysis of top housing, homeless, special needs, and non-housing community development needs in the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction. They include:

Develop and Preserve Affordable Rental Housing

- Support the development of rental housing affordable to low- and moderate-income households, including projects located near employment, transportation, and other community resources.
- As economically feasible, consider possible opportunities to extend the useful life of existing affordable rental housing by funding acquisition and/or rehabilitation activities.
- Support the development of affordable rental housing for seniors, veterans, people with disabilities, or other special needs households, such as people who are formerly homeless or at risk of homelessness.

Affordable Homeownership Opportunities

- Support development of for-sale housing units affordable to low- and moderate-income households, including homes located near employment, transportation, or other community resources.
- Increase the number of first-time homebuyers through down payment and closing cost assistance.
- Encourage agencies to develop affordable for-sale housing that is accessible to people with disabilities.

Housing Rehabilitation Assistance for Homeowners

 Preserve the existing affordable housing stock by assisting income-eligible homeowners with housing rehabilitation and repairs, with an emphasis on housing problems affecting health and safety.

Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing

- Assist income-eligible renter households with tenant-based rental assistance.
- Collaborate with agencies in the Continuum of Care (CoC) and others to assist households at-risk of homelessness with short-term rental payments, utility assistance, rapid rehousing, or other assistance.
- Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to assist people who are homeless through provision
 of and access to emergency, transitional, and permanent housing to enable them to move to
 appropriate housing and achieve greater stability.

Public Services

• Fund eligible public services to serve low- and moderate-income residents, youth, seniors, people with disabilities, and other special needs populations.

Supportive Services for Homeless Individuals and Families

 Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to provide coordinated supportive services and case management to people experiencing homelessness to support moves to appropriate housing and greater stability.

Fair Housing Education and Enforcement

- Provide assistance to eligible households which might include but is not limited to:
 - Fair housing education services to help residents, community organizations, and housing providers understand fair housing rights and responsibilities.
 - Provide fair housing complaint investigation services.
 - Consumer education and awareness around predatory lending fraudulent mortgages, and other housing scams.

Community Improvements

- Work with other County departments, cooperating cities within Fulton County, and non-profit agencies.
- Fund infrastructure improvements and public facilities such as sidewalks, street lighting, pedestrian facilities, ADA improvements, and community centers in income-eligible areas.
- Assist community service organizations in improving or expanding physical structures to serve homeless residents, low- and moderate-income households, and other special needs populations.
- Demolish dilapidated structures to stop the spread of blight in low- and moderate-income areas as needed.

Program Administration

 Program administration related to the planning and execution of community development, housing, and homelessness activities assisted with funds provided under the CDBG, HOME, and ESG programs.

3. Evaluation of Past Performance

Each year, Fulton County reports its progress in meeting its five-year and annual goals by preparing a Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER). The CAPER is submitted to HUD within 90 days of the start of the new program year. Copies of recent CAPERs are available for review at Fulton County's Community Development Department or online at www.fultoncountyga.gov/services/human-services/housing-and-urban-development-funded-programs.

4. Summary of Citizen Participation Process and Consultation Process

Fulton County conducted significant consultation with residents, County staff, government agencies, nonprofit agencies, housing and homeless service providers, and others to develop this Five-Year Consolidated Plan. The County held public meetings and focus groups, interviewed key stakeholders, and surveyed the public about local housing and community development needs. Together more than 275 people provided input for the Plan. This input is summarized in the Citizen Participation and Needs Assessment sections of this document. Community input was also used to determine needs and priorities.

Fulton County held two virtual meetings to present key findings and receive stakeholder input on the draft plans. Sixty-one (61) people participated in these virtual public meetings on the draft plans. Public comments on the draft Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan were received throughout a 30-day public comment period, which ran from May 15 to June 15, 2020. Six (6) comments were received during the public comment period.

5. Summary of Public Comments

Comments received through the public meetings, focus groups, community survey, and one-on-one interviews are summarized in the Citizen Participation section of this Plan and incorporated in individual sections as relevant.

6. Summary of Comments or Views Not Accepted and Reasons for Not Accepting Them

The County took all comments into consideration in preparing this Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan. The County reviewed all comments for common and recurring themes to help establish goals and priorities. No comments or views were not accepted.

7. Summary

This five-year plan identifies the community's affordable housing, homeless, and community development needs, as well as outlines a comprehensive and coordinated strategy for implementation of programs. The County will use CDBG, HOME, and ESG funding to leverage other public and private investment in order to address its goals and priorities.

THE PROCESS

PR-05 LEAD & RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES 24 CFR 91.200(B)

1. Describe agency/entity responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

TABLE 1 - RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES

Agency Role	Name	Department/Agency
Lead Agency	Fulton County	Department of Community Development
CDBG Administrator	Fulton County	Department of Community Development
HOME Administrator	Fulton County	Department of Community Development
ESG Administrator	Fulton County	Department of Community Development

Narrative

The Fulton County Department of Community Development provides oversight, management, and administration of projects, programs, and initiatives in conjunction with the 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and related Annual Action Plans. The Department of Community Development is responsible for all documentation, administrative, and compliance requirements of the HUD-funded programs that the County administers, including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) programs.

The County works actively to establish and support relationships with other County departments, federal and state agencies, local governments, nonprofit organizations, and private sector partners to identify affordable housing, community development, and supportive service needs in Fulton County and develop strategies to meet these needs with combined resources. Multiple Fulton County departments, nonprofit organizations, and municipalities in Fulton County (Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, and Union City, as of current cooperative agreements) are primarily responsible for implementing programs and services covered by the Consolidated Plan under supervision of the Department of Community Development.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

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PR-10 CONSULTATION - 91.100, 91.200(B), 91.215(L)

1. Introduction

Fulton County conducted a variety of public outreach to gather input from County and City staff, government agencies, nonprofit agencies, affordable housing developers, local service providers, and county residents in preparing this plan. The County held two community meeting open to the general public; conducted three focus groups with nonprofit staff and Continuum of Care members, Health and Human Services Department staff, and Community Development Department staff; interviewed key stakeholders; and queried cooperating cities regarding anticipated capital projects. Additionally, local residents and other stakeholders completed surveys regarding community development and housing priorities. A total of about 57 people attended a community meeting or focus group, 513 people completed the survey (including 220 living in Fulton County outside of Atlanta), and 19 people were interviewed. Outreach results are summarized in the Community Participation section of this Plan.

Provide a concise summary of the jurisdiction's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies (91.215(I)).

Fulton County works closely with public and private sector providers to ensure delivery of services to residents and to promote interagency communication and planning. The County has representatives on many non-profit agency boards and/or advisory committees. The County works with various housing, health, mental health, and service agencies to gather data and identify gaps in services.

In developing this Consolidated Plan, the County strives to include input from housing providers and health, mental health, and other service agencies. A variety of assisted housing providers and health, mental health, and service agency stakeholders were invited to participate in an interview, attend a public meeting, and/or take the Housing and Community Needs Survey. These stakeholders included city elected officials and staff, housing authority staff, housing developers, nonprofit organizations, homeless housing and service providers, mental health service providers, agencies serving people with disabilities, senior services, workforce development organizations, and others. The public meetings and focus groups included group discussions of the connections between housing and other community needs. This Consolidated Plan is designed to promote enhanced coordination amongst local housing and service organizations over the next five years.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness.

Fulton County falls within the Fulton County Georgia-502 Homeless Continuum of Care (CoC), which was formed to provide a more focused approach to issues of homelessness within the County. The CoC was formed in 2014 to carry out the planning responsibilities for homeless people within the political boundaries of Fulton County. It coordinates housing, services, and funding streams; promotes community-

wide commitment to goals of ending homelessness; analyzes homeless needs in the county; and coordinates the housing and services systems to align resources & functions.

For this Consolidated Plan, the County reached out directly to several organizations that serve residents who are homeless or at-risk residents to better understand the needs of the clients they serve. The County and the consulting team conducted stakeholder interviews and/or focus groups with representatives from the CoC, the Housing Authority of Fulton County, Fulton County Schools, North Fulton Community Charities, HOPE Atlanta, and Atlanta Legal Aid Society.

From a regional perspective, the County collaborates with the State of Georgia, City of Atlanta, and DeKalb County to facilitate service coordination, client referrals and the collection of data through a shared Homeless Management Information System (HMIS).

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the jurisdiction's area in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards and evaluate outcomes, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the administration of HMIS.

The Emergency Solutions Grant Program is designed to identify sheltered and unsheltered homeless persons, as well as those at risk of homelessness, and provide the services necessary to help those persons to quickly regain stability in permanent housing after experiencing a housing crisis and/or homelessness. The program focuses on assisting people to regain stability and move to permanent housing.

To assist in determining how to allocate ESG funds, Fulton County held two community meeting, several stakeholder interviews, and three focus groups of County department heads and nonprofit staff to identify priority needs and barriers related to homelessness and potential strategies to address those needs. About 76 people participated through one of these avenues and participants included county residents; agencies including emergency, transitional, and supportive housing providers; service providers and community organizations; and local government agencies. One of the three focus groups specifically included Continuum of Care members and was attended by about 15 participants who provided input on needs related to housing, homelessness, and support services.

2. Describe agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and describe the jurisdictions consultations with housing, social service agencies and other entities.

Representative agencies, groups, and organization that participated in the planning process for Fulton County's 2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan are shown in the table on the following pages. In addition to the agencies listed, others may have participated in the online survey, which was anonymous.

Identify any agency types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting.

Efforts were made to consult as broad a group of community stakeholders as possible. Email notifications and invitations regarding the community meetings, focus groups, and survey were distributed to stakeholders by Fulton County. No agency types were excluded from participation.

TABLE 2 – AGENCIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS WHO PARTICIPATED

Age	ncy/Group/Organization Name	Туре	Section of Plan Addressed	Consultation Method
1	Antioch Urban Ministries	Services – homeless, HIV/AIDS Housing	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
2	Atlanta Legal Aid	 Services – fair housing Other – legal services 	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
3	Caring Works, Inc.	 Housing Services – homeless	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Homelessness strategy Non-housing community development strategy 	Focus group
4	Center for Pan Asian Community Services (CPACS)	 Services – children, elderly, health Other – services for immigrants and refugees Other – advocacy organization 	 Housing need assessment Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy Anti-poverty strategy 	Stakeholder interview
5	City of Alpharetta	Other government – local	Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
6	City of Chattahoochee Hills	Other government – local	Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
7	City of College Park	Other government – local	 Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
8	City of East Point	Other government – local	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy 	Stakeholder interviewCapital project survey
9	City of Fairburn	Other government – local	Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
10	City of Hapeville	Other government – local	 Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey

TABLE 2 – AGENCIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS WHO PARTICIPATED (CONTINUED)

Age	ncy/Group/Organization Name	Туре	Section of Plan Addressed	Consultation Method
11	City of Milton	Other government – local	Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
12	City of Mountain Park	Other government – local	Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
13	City of Palmetto	Other government – local	Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Capital project survey
14	City of Roswell	Other government – local	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
15	City of South Fulton	Other government – local	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
16	City of Union City	Other government – local	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy 	Stakeholder interviewCapital project survey
17	Community Advanced Practice Nurses	Services – health	Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
18	Covenant House Georgia	HousingServices – homeless, youth	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
19	Development Authority of Fulton County	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
20	Eagles Economic CDC	Services – employment	Non-housing community development strategy Anti-poverty strategy	Focus group

TABLE 2 – AGENCIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS WHO PARTICIPATED (CONTINUED)

Age	ncy/Group/Organization Name	Туре	Section of Plan Addressed	Consultation Method
21	East Point and Fairburn Housing Authorities	Other government – local Housing	 Housing need assessment Public housing needs Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy 	Stakeholder interview
22	Fulton County Board of Commissioners – Districts 3 and 4	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Homelessness strategy Non-housing community development strategy Anti-poverty strategy 	Stakeholder interviews
23	Fulton County Continuum of Care	Other government – county Services – homelessness	 Homeless needs Homelessness strategy Housing need assessment Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interviewFocus group
24	Fulton County Department of Arts and Culture	Other government – county	Housing need assessment Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
25	Fulton County Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy Anti-poverty strategy 	Focus group
26	Fulton County Department of Community Development	Other government- county Grantee department	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
27	Fulton County Department of Community Development, Youth and Community Services Division	Other government – county Grantee department	Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interviewFocus group
28	Fulton County Department of HIV Elimination	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Homelessness strategy Non-homeless special needs	Focus group

TABLE 2 – AGENCIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS WHO PARTICIPATED (CONTINUED)

Age	ncy/Group/Organization Name	Туре	Section of Plan Addressed	Consultation Method
29	Fulton County Department of Strategy and Performance Management	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Homelessness strategy Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy 	Focus group
30	Fulton County Finance Department	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
31	Fulton County Housing Authority	Other government – countyHousing	 Housing need assessment Public housing needs Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy 	Stakeholder interview
32	Fulton County Human Services Department	Other government- county	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy 	Focus group
33	Fulton County Office of Diversity and Civil Rights Compliance	Other government – county	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy Other – fair housing 	Focus group
34	Fulton County Schools	Services – education	Housing need assessment Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
35	Fulton County Senior Services	Other government – county Services – elderly persons	 Housing need assessment Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy Anti-poverty strategy 	Focus group
36	Georgia Advocacy Office	Services – people with disabilities	 Housing need assessment Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy 	Stakeholder interview

TABLE 2 – AGENCIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS WHO PARTICIPATED (CONTINUED)

Age	ncy/Group/Organization Name	Туре	Section of Plan Addressed	Consultation Method
37	HOPE Atlanta	Housing Services – homeless	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
38	Latin American Association	 Services – education, employment Other – services for immigrants Other – advocacy organization 	Non-homeless special needsNon-housing community development strategyAnti-poverty strategy	Stakeholder interview
39	Mary Hall Freedom House	Services – homeless	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
40	Metro Fair Housing Services	 Services – fair housing Other – legal services 	 Housing need assessment Market analysis Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview
41	New American Pathways	 Services – children, education, employment Other – services for immigrants and refugees Other – advocacy organization 	 Housing need assessment Non-homeless special needs Non-housing community development strategy Anti-poverty strategy 	Stakeholder interview
42	Nicholas House	Housing Services – homeless	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy	Focus group
43	North Fulton Community Charities	Services – homeless, education, employment	 Housing need assessment Homeless needs Non-housing community development strategy	Stakeholder interview

Other Local/Regional/State/Federal Planning Efforts Considered when Preparing the Plan

TABLE 3 – OTHER LOCAL / REGIONAL / FEDERAL PLANNING EFFORTS

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
Continuum of Care	Fulton County	Continuum of Care members assist with emergency shelter, transitional housing, homelessness prevention, and outreach and supportive services, which align with goals and priorities identified in the Strategic Plan.
Fulton County Strategic Plan (2016-2019)	Fulton County Office of Strategy and Performance Management	 Goals identified in the Comprehensive Plan which align with those of the Strategic Plan include: Improve the quality, quantity, and accessibility of housing stock across the County. Develop a sense of community and independence among seniors and intellectually and developmentally disabled (IDD) persons by providing an affordable, safe space to receive care. Ensure that the county-wide workforce has the skills needed to meet business demand and opportunities to overcome hiring barriers. Expand the County's economic development impact by pursuing opportunities that link to regional economic development efforts, target areas with the greatest need, and increase return on investment. Deliver high quality cultural and recreation services through County facilities. Increase access to arts and culture services across the county by funding organizations key to the county's cultural ecosystem. Ensure that Fulton County residents live in the healthiest environment possible.
Fulton County Comprehensive Plan (2016-2035)	Fulton County Department of Planning and Community Services	Goals identified in the Comprehensive Plan which align with those of the Strategic Plan include: • Senior housing options should expand as the population continues to grow.

TABLE 3 – OTHER LOCAL / REGIONAL / FEDERAL PLANNING EFFORTS (CONTINUED)

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
		 Make "Aging in Place" a more achievable reality by aligning with the goals and policies of the Atlanta Regional Commission's Aging-in-Place initiative. Encourage a wide variety of housing types to accommodate a range of income levels for current and future residents. Promote appropriate infill housing and development through planning, infrastructure placement, and regulations. Encourage development that promotes open space, walking paths and bicycle lanes as a means to connectivity and neighborhood cohesiveness. Review current land use development patterns that may cause difficulties in the creation of walkable/bikeable communities and MARTA transit opportunities by encouraging wider sidewalks and pedestrian amenities. Seek transportation enhancements (highway, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian) to compliment and align with land use efforts. Plan and design multi-use trails and/or sidewalks during the development or renovation of any Fulton County facility. Encourage cooperative efforts between the city, county and school district to provide adequate facilities for community activities and needs (i.e. senior and youth centers).
Cradle to Golden Years Five-Year Strategic Plan (2016-2020)	Fulton County Aging and Youth Services Department	 Goals identified in the Comprehensive Plan which align with those of the Strategic Plan include: To secure commitment from partners to develop and invest in intergenerational housing that meets the housing and social needs of citizens. To advocate for government and private partnerships to support affordable and accessible housing so that citizens are not displaced from the county. To enhance long-term services and supports for seniors that enable them to remain at home and age in place.

TABLE 3 – OTHER LOCAL / REGIONAL / FEDERAL PLANNING EFFORTS (CONTINUED)

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
		 To improve access to screenings and immunizations that result in better health outcomes. To ensure children are receiving developmental screenings and the necessary support to prepare them for kindergarten and beyond. To create intergenerational programs and services to enhance social skills and academic outcomes for children and youth. To facilitate engagement and mentoring opportunities that decrease social isolation among the senior population. To elevate the level of communication and understanding between seniors, children, and youth. To provide caregiver and relative-care education and support that improve the quality of life and relationships between the caregiver and care recipient. To advocate for government and private partnerships to eliminate food deserts as a means to address nutrition-related health problems including obesity, diabetes, and heart disease. To partner with organizations in educating the public about the advantages of shared housing in addressing financial needs and social isolation. To leverage county dollars with partners to implement programs that enhance the quality of life of existing customers while attracting new ones who could benefit from the services. To develop partnerships that will increase transportation options and increase rider capacity. To develop web-based courses that increase access to health and wellness programming. To facilitate the co-location of services (via on-site or app-based) for seniors, children, and youth in the four multipurpose facilities that increase access to public and private services. To invest in evidence-based health and wellness services that lower hospital readmissions and prevent premature institutionalization.

TABLE 3 – OTHER LOCAL / REGIONAL / FEDERAL PLANNING EFFORTS (CONTINUED)

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
		 To promote instructional programs that improve public safety. To enhance case management services that promote self-sufficiency. To promote and enhance resources that assist individuals with financial management to improve economic status. To connect citizens to publicly and privately funded emergency assistance programs that provide temporary financial relief. To connect citizens with workforce development resources that increase their access to economic opportunities. To identify partners that mitigate generational trends of unhealthy/criminal behavior and improve family dynamics.
Fulton County Homeless Plan Strategy (2019 Draft)	Fulton County Homeless Programs Division	Goals identified in the Draft Homeless Plan Strategy which align with those of the Strategic Plan include: Expand Housing Resources: Expand the inventory of low-income housing in both non-profit and for-profit sectors and grow the sources of available funding. Develop goals in partnership with the Fulton County's Departments and programs that provide services to the homeless population to include sub-goals for each homeless sub-population, including single adults, families with children, and units for youth. Standardize Best Practices: Establishment of system-wide basic standards for all county funded service providers to increase housing placement and reduce reentry to homelessness. County Homeless Housing Policy: Build a cohesive, county policy framework via zoning, development and related policy areas to create a unified and effective approach to include: Increased Housing Densities; Review of County Housing Development Standards; Integration of local municipality planning processes; and, Exploration of local municipality resources.

Describe cooperation and coordination with other public entities, including the state and any adjacent units of general local government, in the implementation of the Consolidated Plan (91.215(I)).

As Fulton County implements the 5-Year Consolidated Plan, they will continue to work with other local public and private entities, regional organizations, and the state of Georgia. Several public entities provided input during the development of this Plan, including Fulton County Department of Community Development, Fulton County Continuum of Care, the Housing Authority of Fulton County, Fulton County Schools, the Fulton County Development Authority, the City of East Point, the City of Roswell, the City of Union City, and East Point and Fairburn Housing Authorities.

PR-15 CITIZEN PARTICIPATION

1. Summary of Citizen Participation and Efforts to Broaden Citizen Participation

Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting.

Fulton County residents were invited to provide input for this Consolidated Plan by attending a public meeting or focus group and participating in a community-wide survey. Public meetings were held in North and South Fulton on September 17 and September 25, 2019, respectively. Residents and other stakeholders were also invited to attend a focus group on September 19, 2019; two other focus groups were held for County staff. A total of 57 people participated in a public meeting or focus group.

A Housing and Community Needs Survey was available to residents in both English and Spanish via a weblink and in hard copy. Paper copies of the survey were available at the public meetings and focus groups. The survey was available from August 21 through November 8, 2019, and a total of 513 responses were received as of the date of this draft; 220 of these responses were from residents living in Fulton County outside of Atlanta.

Advertisement for the public meetings and survey targeted the general public, as well as nonprofits, service providers, housing providers, and others working with low- and moderate-income households and special needs populations. The County sent a press release to local media outlets and the meeting dates and survey link were advertised in the Atlanta Journal-Constitution. The *AJC, Saporta Report, FGTV, Reporter Newspaper*, and *What's Next ATL* ran stories about the Consolidated Plan public meetings and provided a link to the online survey. WABE, Atlanta's local NPR station, also featured a story on the planning processes in an on-air segment of "Closer Look." The County advertised the meetings on its Facebook page, Twitter feed, and through NextDoor, and asked partner agencies to post about the project on their social media as well. Flyers were emailed to more than 40 local housing and service providers, community development practitioners, and county and municipal staff, both as outreach to these stakeholders and for distribution to their clients/residents. County staff also attended a meeting of the Atlanta Downtown Neighborhood Association on September 10, 2019 to advertise opportunities to participate in the Consolidated Plan to the 40+ meeting attendees. Meeting advertisements noted that accommodations (including translation, interpretation, or accessibility needs) were available if needed; no requests for accommodations were received.

In addition to public meetings, staff focus groups and the survey, personal interviews were also conducted with several key stakeholders and groups representing a variety of viewpoints relevant to the development of the Consolidated Plan and Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice. Invitations were extended to more than 40 representatives, and 19 participated in interviews.

Dates, times, and locations for the public meetings and focus groups are shown below:

Public Meeting #1

North Fulton Community Meeting

Tuesday, September 17, 2019 6 PM North Fulton Annex 7741 Roswell Road NE Atlanta, GA 30350

Focus Group #1

Health and Human Services Department Staff

Tuesday, September 17, 2019 1 PM 1st Floor, 137 Peachtree Street SW Atlanta, GA 30303

Focus Group #2

Continuum of Care, Nonprofit Staff, General

Public

Thursday, September 19, 2019 1 PM South Fulton Annex 5600 Stonewall Tell Road Atlanta, GA 30349

Public Meeting #2 **South Fulton Community Meeting**

Wednesday, September 25, 2019

6 PM

South Fulton Annex 5600 Stonewall Tell Road Atlanta, GA 30349

Focus Group #3

Department of Housing and Community

Development Staff

Friday, September 27, 2019

2 PM

1st Floor, 137 Peachtree Street SW

Atlanta, GA 30303

Fulton County held a 30-day public comment period to receive comments on the draft 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2019-2020 Annual Action Plan from May 15 to June 15, 2020. During this time, copies of the draft reports were available for public inspection, and residents and stakeholders provided written comments to the Community and Economic Development Department. Six (6) comments were received during the public comment period. Fulton County also held two virtual meetings to present key findings and receive stakeholder input on the draft plans. Sixty-one (61) people participated in meetings on the draft plans.

A summary of community outreach efforts and responses is shown below, with complete survey results and evidence of outreach materials available as an appendix.

Citizen Participation Outreach

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted
1	Health and Human Services Departments Staff Focus Group	Health and Human Services departments staff	11 focus group attendees	Needs identified by meeting participants include: Housing and Homelessness Affordable housing Affordable housing for seniors An active land trust Sustainable funding source for affordable housing Affordable Housing Fund Decent housing for people with HIV/AIDS Small housing authorities should work more closely Housing with supportive services for people with behavioral health issues and homeless youth Bridge/ transitional housing Housing for artists Housing for adults and young adults with disabilities Education for cities opposed to affordable housing development Public Services Childcare services outside of traditional hours Services for re-entry population Supportive services in transitional housing Workforce development programs, including for seniors looking to reenter the workforce Connecting people receiving public services, such as the program for mothers, to housing options Improved connections between departments so people know what's available	None

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted
	_	_		Public Facilities Facility to help people transitioning into permanent housing from homelessness Could collaborate with funding among agencies	
2	Continuum of Care, Nonprofit, and General Public Focus Group	Nonprofit service providers and Continuum of Care members General public / Fulton County residents	14 focus group attendees	Needs identified by focus group participants include: Housing and Homelessness Affordable housing Housing subsidies Need a more aggressive solution rather than piecemeal Technical assistance for smaller organizations Programs to encourage landlords to rent accept Section 8 Marketing around affordable housing in areas opposed to it People locked out of housing because of no tolerance policy Updated directory of available services for homelessness Permanent supportive housing Public Services Childcare services outside of traditional hours Get information about population that is doubling up to provide services Expand mental health services Food and workforce development services in housing Training on financial literacy Employment navigation and training so that people can grow their incomes Education, healthy living, financial training for youth Access to healthcare	None

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted
				 Public Facilities South Fulton would benefit from a one-stop shop type facility, similar to City of Refuge in Atlanta Shelters for male children age 13+ and large families Need to look at how to leverage federal funds with funds in the community 	
3	Department of Housing and Community Development Focus Group	Department of Housing and Community Development staff	18 focus group participants	Needs identified by focus group participants include: Housing and Homelessness Lack of homeless shelters in south Fulton County Lack of affordable housing Need to rehab, reuse blighted, dormant houses Vacant houses have been bought up by investors, LLCs, some of which are owned internationally Code enforcement needs to hold people with blighted properties accountable People on fixed incomes cannot make repairs, and this is where rehab issues come in Gentrification is pushing people out further, especially if they have to take MARTA or take car Need land trusts to make sure housing stays affordable In established neighborhoods, NIMBYism toward multi-family housing More landlords who accept vouchers; City of Atlanta has rapid rehousing vouchers that are just sitting More resources for homeless prevention; it's easier to keep someone housed than to rapidly rehouse them Fulton County is working with Atlanta CoC on 550 units of housing for people who are homeless, with Fulton providing wrap around services	None

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted
				 Public Services Food deserts, lack of grocery stores Kindergarten readiness Lack of career development, college, vocational training, entrepreneurship Drugs and opioid use In North Fulton, people with developmental disabilities and high functioning autism need services Workforce opportunities of adults; WorkSource agencies are strategically located but don't have enough resources; Computers are a need; WorkSource is working on mobile units that can go into the community, but is a need for more resources Rec centers summer programs stop at 5th or 6th grade, but there is a need for programming for early teens Transportation to get people to programming (youth or seniors) Public Facilities/ Infrastructure Mental health centers, or places where people can have mental health needs addressed; A lot of the homeless individuals that are encountered have mental health needs South Fulton needs sidewalks and crosswalks; They have been building up Camp Creek, but sidewalks, street lights, street signs, bike lanes, etc. are lacking 	

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted and reasons
4	Public meetings	Fulton County residents, including minority residents, people with limited English proficiency, people with disabilities, and public/ assisted housing residents Housing and service providers Community development practitioners	14 meeting attendees	Needs identified by meeting participants include: Housing and Homelessness Senior housing, including a variety of housing options for seniors looking to downsize Housing available for seniors with incomes of \$30,000-40,000 Homeless shelters and emergency shelters in south Fulton County; All facilities are in downtown and midtown Atlanta Cold weather shelters / warming stations Fair market rent is high in the area; There is a need for more affordable housing Rehab of senior homes - 300 people are on the interest list Programs for people transitioning from renting to owning Need for a sustainable affordable housing strategy for long-term affordability Public Services Senior services available to people of moderate incomes Food access Improved communications with residents regarding existing services Childcare Public Facilities Space/ facilities for community gardens/ food access (potential to partner with FoodWell Alliance)	None

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted and reasons
5	Housing and Community Needs Survey	Fulton County residents, including minority residents, people with limited English proficiency, people with disabilities, and public/assisted housing residents Housing and service providers Community development practitioners	220 survey participants in Fulton County outside Atlanta	Top needs identified by survey participants include: Public Facilities and Infrastructure Street, road, or sidewalk improvements Community parks, gyms, and recreational fields Healthcare facilities Community centers (i.e., youth centers, senior centers, cultural centers) Bike or walking trails Economic/ Community Development Redevelopment or demolition of abandoned properties Incentives for creating jobs Financial assistance for community organizations Public Services Drug abuse/ crime prevention Youth services Employment training Senior services Job search assistance Medical and dental services Child abuse prevention Neighborhood cleanups Housing counseling Transportation assistance Food banks/community meals Legal services Childcare Homelessness	None
				 Homelessness prevention Transitional/ supportive housing programs	

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted and reasons
				 Permanent housing Outreach to homeless persons Access to shelters Housing Elderly or senior housing Energy efficiency improvements to housing Housing for people with disabilities Grants to improve affordable rental housing/apartments Help for homeowners to make housing improvements Help buying a home / down payment assistance Family housing Construction of new affordable rental units 	
6	Public comment period	Fulton County residents, including minority residents, people with limited English proficiency, people with disabilities, and public/ assisted housing residents Housing and service providers Community development practitioners	6 comments received	 Written comments received during the public comment period are appended to this plan. These comments discussed: Potential spending on single-family home rehab projects. Need for senior home repair and renovation. Need for inclusion of youth-focused statistical data. Permanent supportive housing for unaccompanied youth, including housing that is under development. Need for outreach services to people who are homeless in north Fulton County, such as showering and laundry services. Need to plan for expiring LIHTC units, including replacement affordable housing units and/or vouchers. 	None

TABLE 4 – CITIZEN PARTICIPATION OUTREACH (CONTINUED)

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/ attendance	Summary of comments received	Comments not accepted and reasons
7	Public hearings on draft plan	Fulton County residents, including minority residents, people with limited English proficiency, people with disabilities, and public/ assisted housing residents	61 participants	 Discussion of housing availability at housing authority properties. Discussion of potential opportunities for coordination and collaboration between housing authorities and Fulton County to better serve people experiencing homelessness. Discussion of expiring Low Income Housing Tax Credit properties. 	None
		Housing and service providers			
		Community development practitioners			



NEEDS ASSESSMENT

NA-05 OVERVIEW

Needs Assessment Overview

To inform development of priorities and goals over the next five years, this section of the Consolidated Plan discusses housing, community development, and economic development needs in Fulton County. It relies on data from the U.S. Census, the 2011-2015 American Community Survey (ACS), and a special tabulation of ACS data known as Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data that estimates the number of households with a housing problem. Local data regarding homelessness and assisted housing is included. Finally, public input gathered through interviews, focus groups, meetings, and the community survey are coupled with data analysis to identify priority needs related to affordable housing, homelessness, assisted housing, public services, community development and economic development in Fulton County and its participating municipalities.

Please note that most data in this section for Fulton County refers to the entitlement jurisdiction, which includes unincorporated Fulton County and the cities of Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, South Fulton, and Union City. Figures do not include Atlanta, Johns Creek, Sandy Springs, or Roswell as they are independent entitlement jurisdictions which prepare their own Consolidated Plans. Instances where figures are for all of Fulton County (including the Atlanta, Sandy Springs, and Roswell) are noted.

NA-10 HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT - 24 CFR 91.205 (A, B, C)

Summary of Housing Needs

According to the 2011-2015 5-Year American Community Survey, Fulton County (including all of its cities) is most populous county in the state of Georgia with a population of 983,903 residents and 379,957 households. Fulton County's population grew by 21% since 2000. This rate lagged the growth rate seen in some other counties in the Atlanta metro area, including Henry (77%), Cherokee (59%), Douglas (48%) and Gwinnett Counties (46%). However, Fulton County's growth outpaced that of neighboring Cobb (18%) and DeKalb Counties (8%).

HUD provides estimates for the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction (i.e., Fulton County outside of Atlanta, Sandy Springs, and Roswell). As of the 2011-2015 ACS, there are about 290,000 residents living in 103,000 households in this area. Median household income is about \$57,200, roughly unchanged from the median recorded by the 2005-2009 ACS.

Table 6 segments households by income and household type, including small families (2-4 members), large families (5 or more members), households with seniors, and households with young children. As shown, there are 42,250 households in Fulton County with low or moderate incomes (under 80% of HUD

Adjusted Median Family income (HAMFI)), and together they constitute about 40% of the county's households. Of the county's low- and moderate-income households, 53% are single-person or multiperson, unrelated households; 38% are small families, and 9% are large families. More than one-quarter (27%) have at least one senior member and one-fifth (20%) have at least one child age 6 or younger.

For many low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County, finding and maintaining suitable housing at an affordable cost is a challenge. Tables 7 through 12 identify housing needs by tenure based on Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data. CHAS data is a special tabulation of the U.S. Census' American Community Survey (ACS) that is largely not available through standard Census products. This dataset provides counts of the number of households that fit certain combinations of HUD-specified housing needs, HUD-defined income limits (primarily 30, 50, and 80% of HAMFI), and household types of particular interest to planners and policy makers.

To assess affordability and other types of housing needs, HUD defines four housing problems:

- 1. Cost burden: A household has a cost burden if its monthly housing costs (including mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance, and utilities for owners and rent and utilities for renters) exceed 30% of monthly income.
- 2. Overcrowding: A household is overcrowded if there is more than 1 person per room, not including kitchens and bathrooms.
- 3. Lack of complete kitchen facilities: A household lacks complete kitchen facilities if it lacks one or more of the following: cooking facilities, refrigerator, or a sink with piped water.
- 4. Lack of complete plumbing facilities: A household lacks complete plumbing facilities if it lacks one or more of the following: hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, or a bathtub or shower.

HUD also defines four severe housing problems, including a severe cost burden (more than 50% of monthly household income is spent on housing costs), severe overcrowding (more than 1.5 people per room, not including kitchens or bathrooms), lack of complete kitchen facilities (described above), and lack of complete plumbing facilities (described above).

Table 7 shows a total of 34,179 households, approximately 33% of all households in Fulton County, experience one of the listed housing problems. About 17% of households in Fulton County (18,035) have one or more severe housing problems (Table 8).

The remainder of this section characterizes local housing needs in more detail. The Market Analysis component of the Consolidated Plan identifies resources available to respond to these needs (public housing, tax credit and other subsidized properties, housing and services for people who are homeless, and others).

TABLE 5 - HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT DEMOGRAPHICS

Demographics	Most Recent Year: 2015		
Population	289,930		
Households	103,149		
Median Income	\$57,207		

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS (Most Recent Year)

Number of Households Table

TABLE 6 - TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS TABLE

	0-30% HAMFI	>30-50% HAMFI	>50-80% HAMFI	>80-100% HAMFI	>100% HAMFI
Total Households	14,640	11,570	16,040	11,164	49,690
Small Family Households	5,270	3,925	7,019	4,894	28,480
Large Family Households	1,615	1,015	1,094	865	4,322
Household contains at least one person 62-74 years of age	2,560	2,256	2,863	1,945	7,659
Household contains at least one person age 75 or older	1,312	1,417	998	1,105	2,094
Households with one or more children 6 years old or younger	3,255	2,107	2,941	1,762	8,054

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Housing Needs Summary Tables

1. Housing Problems (households with one of the listed needs)

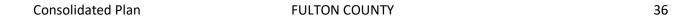
TABLE 7 – HOUSING PROBLEMS TABLE

			Renter					Owner		
	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80-100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80-100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS										
Substandard Housing - Lacking complete plumbing or kitchen facilities	100	110	115	70	395	20	15	30	19	84
Severely Overcrowded - With >1.51 people per room (and complete kitchen and plumbing)	185	140	15	35	375	0	0	29	4	33
Overcrowded - With 1.01-1.5 people per room (and none of the above problems)	624	240	50	100	1,014	105	50	35	59	249
Housing cost burden greater than 50% of income (and none of the above problems)	6,718	2,393	494	0	9,605	2,568	2,009	1,313	372	6,262
Housing cost burden greater than 30% of income (and none of the above problems)	725	3,524	4,120	454	8,823	438	1,179	2,828	1,579	6,024
Zero/negative Income (and none of the above problems)	990	0	0	0	990	343	0	0	0	343

2. Housing Problems 2 (households with one or more severe housing problems: lacks kitchen or complete plumbing, severe overcrowding, severe cost burden)

TABLE 8 - HOUSING PROBLEMS 2

		Renter				Owner				
	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS										
Having 1 or more of four severe housing problems	7,624	2,888	670	205	11,387	2,693	2,074	1,413	468	6,648
Having none of four severe housing problems	2,030	4,159	7,840	4,854	18,883	958	2,430	6,129	5,654	15,171
Household has negative income, but none of the other severe housing problems	990	0	0	0	990	343	0	0	0	343



3. Cost Burden > 30%

TABLE 9 - COST BURDEN > 30%

		Rent	ter		Owner				
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS									
Small Related	3,327	2,470	2,450	8,247	952	1,081	1,876	3,909	
Large Related	1,125	563	205	1,893	215	232	284	731	
Elderly	1,633	856	423	2,912	1,152	1,303	1,016	3,471	
Other	2,090	2,454	1,605	6,149	784	617	1,013	2,414	
Total need by income	8,175	6,343	4,683	19,201	3,103	3,233	4,189	10,525	

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

4. Cost Burden > 50%

TABLE 10 - COST BURDEN > 50%

		Rent	ter		Owner			
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS								
Small Related	3,189	980	105	4,274	859	654	479	1,992
Large Related	1,085	64	0	1,149	120	140	0	260
Elderly	1,214	404	114	1,732	953	825	349	2,127
Other	1,910	1,044	315	3,269	659	404	489	1,552
Total need by income	7,398	2,492	534	10,424	2,591	2,023	1,317	5,931

5. Crowding (more than one person per room)

TABLE 11 - CROWDING INFORMATION - 1/2

		Renter					Owner			
	0- 30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0- 30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS										
Single family households	749	335	65	165	1,314	70	50	29	0	149
Multiple, unrelated family households	55	45	10	15	125	35	0	33	63	131
Other, non-family households	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total need by income	804	380	75	180	1,439	105	50	62	63	280

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

TABLE 12 -CROWDING INFORMATION -2/2

	Renter			Owner				
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total
Households with Children Present								

Describe the number and type of single person households in need of housing assistance.

American Community Survey estimates indicate that about 30% of households in Fulton County outside of the city of Atlanta are single-person households. Estimates of the number of non-elderly single-person households in need of housing assistance are included in the "other" category of Tables 9 and 10. This category also includes multi-person households whose members are unrelated (e.g., roommates, unmarried partners, etc.). There are an estimated 8,563 single-person or multi-person unrelated households with low or moderate incomes who spend more than 30% of their income on housing. The majority are renters (72%) and the remaining 28% are owners. This "other" category comprises 29% of all low- and moderate-income household with cost burdens.

More than half (4,821 households) of single-person or multi-person unrelated households with cost burdens have housing costs that exceed 50% of their income. Again, these households are more likely to be renters (68%) than owners (34%) and most (53%) have very low incomes (under 30% AMI).

Table 11 provides data for single-person and non-family households that indicates that overcrowding is not a common housing need for this group.

Fulton County's 2019 point-in-time homeless count reported 376 people in households without children (59% of all homeless persons counted). This figure includes single adults and multi-adult households with no children.

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance who are disabled or victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

According to HUD's Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing data, there are approximately 28,577 people in Fulton County with a disability, or about 8% of the county's total population.¹ CHAS data provides estimates of the number of low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County with housing needs where one or more members have a disability:

- Hearing or vision impairment: There are approximately 2,900 low- or moderate-income households with a housing need where a household member has a hearing or vision impairment. Most are renters (about 60%).
- Ambulatory limitation: There are approximately 5,400 low- or moderate-income households with a
 housing need where a household member has an ambulatory limitation. Most are renters (about
 68%).
- <u>Cognitive limitation</u>: An estimated 3,700 low- or moderate-income households with have a housing need and a household member with a cognitive limitation. About three-fourths are renters.
- <u>Self-care or independent living limitation</u>: An estimated 3,700 low- or moderate-income households with a member who has a self-care or independent living limitation have a housing problem. Again, about three-fourths are renters.

Of the four disability types, households with an ambulatory-limited member and a housing need are most common in Fulton County. Housing needs for people with an ambulatory difficulty may include accessibility improvements such as ramps, widened hallways and doorways, lower counters, and grab bars, along with access to transit or paratransit and other community services. Stakeholder input indicated that sidewalk improvements were also needed to improve neighborhood accessibility.

Homelessness also impacts people with disabilities in Fulton County. HUD defines a chronically homeless individual as someone with a disability who has been living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or an emergency shelter for a year (or on at least four separate occasions over the last three years that together total a year). As of Fulton County's 2019 point-in-time count, there were 77 chronically homeless people counted.

While there are no comprehensive estimates of the number and type of families experiencing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking in Fulton County, input from local service providers indicate continuing need. The CDC estimates that approximately 37% of women and 30% of men in Georgia have experienced sexual violence, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner and an

¹ HUD Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Data and Mapping Tool, AFFHT0004, Released November 2017, https://egis.hud.gov/affht/

estimated 46% of women and 50% of men in Georgia have experience physiological aggression by an intimate partner. Section NA-45 (Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment) further discusses needs related to domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

What are the most common housing problems?

Overwhelmingly, the most common housing problem for low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County is affordability. An estimated 16,355 low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County spend more than one-half of their income on housing. Another 13,371 low- and moderate-income households spend between 30% and 50% of their income on housing. Together, 70% of low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County have a cost burden.

Community input echoes CHAS data findings. Most focus group and interview participants identified affordable housing as a priority need in Fulton County. Stakeholders also noted that housing and services for people who are homeless is also a priority, including transitional housing, bridge housing, housing with supportive services, and homelessness prevention / rapid rehousing.

Housing condition was another common housing problem mentioned by stakeholders. Housing rehabilitation for rental and owned units, especially for vacant or blighted properties, and code enforcement efforts were identified as needs by the community (see Table 4, Citizen Participation Outreach).

When asked to identify the county's greatest housing needs, survey participants selected senior housing (identified as a high need by 98 survey respondents or 58% of people answering that question), energy efficiency improvements (identified as a high need by 94 respondents or 56%), housing for people with disabilities (identified as a high need by 87 respondents or 51%), rental and owned housing improvements (identified as a high need by 98 and 87 respondents, or 58% and 51%, respectively), down payment assistance (identified as a high need by 93 respondents or 55%), and construction of new affordable rental units (identified as a high need by 95 respondents or 56%) as most important.

HUD's CHAS data also looks at overcrowding and housing that lacks complete kitchens or plumbing. Neither problem is particularly prevalent in Fulton County. There are 1,719 household with incomes under 100% AMI who are overcrowded, or about 3% of households in that income range. One percent (1% or 479 households) have a home that lacks a complete kitchen or plumbing. While a very low share of all Fulton County households, an incomplete kitchen or bath represents a considerably severe housing problem.

Are any populations/household types more affected than others by these problems?

Renters are more often affected by housing problems than owners. Additionally, lower income households are more likely to experience a housing need.

Tables 9 and 10 look at affordability as a housing need by income and tenure. The number of low- and moderate-income renters with a cost burden (19,201 households) is almost twice the number of owners who do so (10,525 households). Severely cost burdened households are 1.75 times likely to be renters than owners.

Affordability issues are most severe for lowest income households. About two-thirds (68%) of households with incomes under 30% AMI spend more than 50% of their income on housing. For low-income households (30 to 50% AMI), 39% have a severe cost burden, and for moderate-income households (50 to 80% AMI), 12% have a severe cost burden.

Substandard housing and overcrowding are also more likely to impact renters. There are 395 renter households lacking complete kitchen or baths compared to 84 owners (Table 7). Additionally, 1,439 renters are overcrowded compared to 280 owners (Table 11). While most overcrowded households are single-family households, about 9% of overcrowded renters and 47% of overcrowded owners are multiple, unrelated households living together.

Populations and household types most impacted by homelessness – another priority housing issue in Fulton County – are described in NA-40, Homeless Needs Assessment.

Describe the characteristics and needs of low-income individuals and families with children (especially extremely low-income) who are currently housed but are at imminent risk of either residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered 91.205(c)/91.305(c)). Also discuss the needs of formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and are nearing the termination of that assistance.

Individuals and families with an imminent risk of residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered typically have a combination of financial factors present in their lives including extremely low incomes, rents that are more than 30 to 50% of their incomes, and unaffordable childcare, medical, or transportation costs. Scarcity of housing affordable to individuals and families with very low incomes place vulnerable households at an even greater risk of eviction or homelessness. Unemployment, past evictions, poor credit, criminal histories, and chronic physical or mental disabilities are additional potential barriers to securing housing. In addition to economic factors, substance abuse and family problems (domestic violence and abuse, divorce, and death of a family member) are contributing factors to homelessness.

For formerly homeless families and individuals nearing the end of rapid re-housing assistance, affordable permanent housing is a critical need to prevent a return to homelessness. Other needs include increased, sustainable income (earned and unearned); access to Social Security disability and other mainstream benefits; linkages to health, mental health, and legal services; access to affordable transportation and childcare; and budget counseling, life skills, and other case management and supportive services.

If a jurisdiction provides estimates of the at-risk population(s), it should also include a description of the operational definition of the at-risk group and the methodology used to generate the estimates.

The Fulton County Continuum of Care does not prepare estimates of the number of households at-risk of homelessness. The County allocates Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) funds for homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing and will continue to serve at-risk households over the next five years. According to ESG standards, households eligible for homelessness prevention assistance include those with incomes under 30% of the area median income who lack sufficient resources and support networks necessary to

retain housing without assistance and participate in an initial consultation to determine eligibility and assess needs.

Specify particular housing characteristics that have been linked with instability and an increased risk of homelessness.

The most common reasons for homelessness are economic – lack of sufficient income coupled with unaffordable rents or homeowner costs. Renters with incomes under 30% AMI and housing cost burdens over 50% are at elevated risk of homelessness. Destabilizing events such as a job loss, reduction in work hours, medical emergency / condition, or loss of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Social Security Disability (SSDI) benefits are among the factors that can trigger homelessness.

Housing Needs Related to COVID-19 Impacts:

On March 2, 2020, the Georgia Department of Public Health (DPH) confirmed the first cases of COVID-19 in Georgia. By mid May, DPH reported over 34,000 COVID-19 infections in the state, over 6,100 hospitalizations, and 1,461 deaths as a result of the virus.² Georgia DPH tracks cases by county and not city, however, Fulton (including all cities) had the highest number of COVID-19 in the state with 3,530 confirmed cases between them resulting in 147 deaths. On top of these health effects, the pandemic has precipitated historically unprecedented levels of unemployment. Initial claims for unemployment insurance in Fulton County for the month of March 2020 numbered 44,097 compared with a figure of 1,815 for March of 2019, a 2,330% increase.³ The sharp increase in unemployment claims and the rapid rise in COVID-19 cases are early indicators of a crisis widely expected to continue growing as the effects ripple into housing, education, and other facets of daily life.

Needs faced by Fulton County residents related to COVID-19 have been extensive and varied. Residents with the virus face healthcare challenges and those with weakened immune systems, such as people living with HIV/AIDS, are particularly susceptible to infection. Small business owners and employees of closed businesses face economic hardship, leaving many unable to provide groceries and food for their families and unable to make rent or mortgage payments. Suspension of eviction filings do not apply to private sector landlords and even those offering temporary forbearance could require large balloon payments in the future to bring accounts current. Essential workers who continue to work during the shutdown face childcare challenges due to schools being closed and transportation needs because of significant cuts and reorganization of public transportation service. The COVID-19 pandemic will exacerbate affordability issues and other housing needs discussed in this section as job losses, healthcare challenges, and related anxiety, stress, and mental health needs impact Fulton County residents.

² Georgia Department of Public Health Daily Status Report, 5/1/2020. https://dph.georgia.gov/covid-19-daily-status-report.

³ Georgia Department of Labor, Statewide Unemployment Insurance Initial Claims Report, March 2020. https://dol.georgia.gov/current-labor-force-data-and-graphs.

NA-15 DISPROPORTIONATELY GREATER NEED: HOUSING PROBLEMS – 91.205 (B)(2)

Introduction

This section assesses the housing needs of racial and ethnic groups at various income levels in comparison to needs at that income level as a whole to identify any disproportionately greater needs. According to HUD, a disproportionately greater need exists when members of a racial or ethnic group at a given income level experience housing problems at a greater rate (10 percentage points or more) than the income level as a whole. Tables 13 through 16 identify the number of households experiencing one or more of the four housing problems by householder race, ethnicity, and income level. The four housing problems include: (1) cost burdens (paying more than 30% of income for housing costs); (2) overcrowding (more than 1 person per room); (3) lack of complete kitchen facilities; and (4) lack of complete plumbing facilities.

Income classifications include:

- Very low income up to 30% of area median income (AMI) or \$26,200 for a family of four;
- Low income 30 to 50% AMI or \$26,201 to \$41,350 for a family of four;
- Moderate income 50 to 80% AMI or \$41,351 to \$66,150 for a family of four; and
- Middle income 80 to 100% AMI or \$66,151 to \$82,700 for a family of four.

0% to 30% of Area Median Income

Out of 14,624 very low-income households in Fulton County, 11,487 (79%) have one or more housing problems. Black or African American households are most likely to have a housing need (8,713 households or 85%) while white households are the least likely to have a housing need (1,802 households or 59%). Latino households, the third largest racial or ethnic group in Fulton County, have a housing need rate of 75% at very low incomes (698 households with needs). No group has a disproportionate housing need according to HUD's definition.

TABLE 13 - DISPROPORTIONALLY GREATER NEED 0 TO 30% AMI

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	11,487	1,804	1,333
White	1,802	999	264
Black / African American	8,713	629	858
Asian	118	40	60
American Indian, Alaska Native	10	0	20
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	698	114	120

Note: The four housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than one person per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 30%.

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

30% to 50% of Area Median Income

Eighty-four percent (84%) of households with low incomes (between 30 and 50% AMI) have one or more housing needs (9,679 households). While no group has a disproportionate housing need according to HUD's definition, there is a substantial difference in rates of need between white households and other racial and ethnic groups. Sixty-five percent (65%) of low-income white households have a housing need (1,658 households) compared to 90% of African Americans (7,105 households), 88% of Asians (105 households), and 81% of Latinos (673 households).

TABLE 14 - DISPROPORTIONALLY GREATER NEED 30 TO 50% AMI

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems	
Jurisdiction as a whole	9,679	1,879	0	
White	1,658	894	0	
Black / African American	7,105	798	0	
Asian	105	15	0	
American Indian, Alaska Native	30	10	0	
Pacific Islander	0	0	0	
Hispanic	673	158	0	

Note: The four housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than one person per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 30%.

50% to 80% of Area Median Income

Housing needs are less common for moderate income households than for very low- and low-income households. In the 50 to 80% AMI income band, 56% of households have a housing problem (9,020 households). These rates range from 39% for Asian households (170 with needs) to 59% for Black households (6,734 with needs). No group has a disproportionate housing need according to HUD's definition.

TABLE 15 - DISPROPORTIONALLY GREATER NEED 50 TO 80% AMI

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	9,020	7,010	0
White	1,538	1,584	0
Black / African American	6,734	4,643	0
Asian	170	265	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	0	0
Pacific Islander	0	15	0
Hispanic	518	388	0

Note: The four housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than one person per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 30%.

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

80% to 100% of Area Median Income

About one-quarter (24%) of middle-income households (incomes between 80 and 100% AMI) have a housing problem (2,704 households). Rates range from 8% for Hispanic households (38 with a housing need) to 30% for white households (938 with a need), but no group has a disproportionate need according to HUD's definition.

TABLE 16 - DISPROPORTIONALLY GREATER NEED 80 TO 100% AMI

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	2,704	8,474	0
White	938	2,240	0
Black / African American	1,669	5,404	0
Asian	15	240	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	25	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	38	424	0

Note: The four housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than one person per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 30%.

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Discussion

Overall, while housing problems are most common at lower incomes, they are relatively prevalent among all income groups. Housing need rates range from 84% for low-income households to 24% for middle-income households. Black or African American households make up the majority of households in all income groups in Fulton County, as well as the majority of households with one or more housing problem.

No racial or ethnic group has a disproportionate housing need in any income band according to HUD's definition. In income groups under 80% AMI, white households are less likely to have a housing need than African American and Hispanic households.

NA-20 DISPROPORTIONATELY GREATER NEED: SEVERE HOUSING PROBLEMS – 91.205 (B)(2)

Introduction

This section assesses the severe housing needs of racial and ethnic groups at various income levels in comparison to severe needs at that income level as a whole to identify any disproportionately greater needs. Like the preceding analysis, this section uses HUD's definition of disproportionately greater need, which occurs when one racial or ethnic group at a given income level experiences housing problems at a rate that is at least 10 percentage points greater than the income level as a whole.

Tables 17 through 20 identify the number of households with one or more severe housing needs by householder race and ethnicity. The four severe housing problems include: (1) severe cost burden (paying more than 50% of income for housing and utilities); (2) severe crowding (more than 1.5 people per room); (3) lack of complete kitchen facilities; and (4) lack of complete plumbing facilities.

Income classifications include:

- Very low income up to 30% of area median income (AMI) or \$26,200 for a family of four;
- Low income 30 to 50% AMI or \$26,201 to \$41,350 for a family of four;
- Moderate income 50 to 80% AMI or \$41,351 to \$66,150 for a family of four; and
- Middle income 80 to 100% AMI or \$66,151 to \$82,700 for a family of four.

0% to 30% of Area Median Income

Seventy percent (70%) of very low-income households (0 to 30% AMI) have a severe housing problem. While no racial or ethnic group has a disproportionate need according to HUD's definition, there is a considerable difference in need rates between white, Black, and Latino households. Forty-eight percent (48%) of white households (1,467 households) have a severe need compared to 71% of Hispanic households (653 households) and 78% of African American households (7,973 households).

TABLE 17 - SEVERE HOUSING PROBLEMS 0 TO 30% AMI

Severe Housing Problems	Has one or more of four severe housing problems	Has none of the four severe housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other severe housing problems	
Jurisdiction as a whole	10,317	2,988	1,333	
White	1,467	1,344	264	
Black / African American	7,973	1,379	858	
Asian	110	48	60	
American Indian, Alaska Native	10	0	20	
Pacific Islander	0	0	0	
Hispanic	653	153	120	

Note: The four severe housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than 1.5 persons per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 50%.

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

30% to 50% of Area Median Income

At low incomes, 43% of households have a severe housing need. For most racial and ethnic groups, rates of severe problems range from 39% (for white households) to 50% (for Asian households). However, one group – American Indians and Alaska Natives – has a disproportionately high rate of severe housing needs, with 30 out of 40 households experiencing a severe need (75%). It should be noted, however, that the small number of observations within this group makes it more susceptible to sampling error.

TABLE 18 - SEVERE HOUSING PROBLEMS 30 TO 50% AMI

Severe Housing Problems	Has one or more of four severe housing problems	Has none of the four severe housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other severe housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	4,962	6,589	0
White	1,007	1,559	0
Black / African American	3,390	4,520	0
Asian	60	60	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	30	10	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	392	446	0

Note: The four severe housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than 1.5 persons per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 50%.

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

50% to 80% of Area Median Income

At moderate incomes, 13% of households have a severe housing problem. There is little variation in these rates, which range from 10% for Asians (45 households with severe needs) to 16% for Hispanics (142 households with severe needs). No group has a disproportionate need according to HUD's definition.

TABLE 19 – SEVERE HOUSING PROBLEMS 50 TO 80% AMI

Severe Housing Problems	Has one or more of four severe housing problems	Has none of the four severe housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other severe housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	2,083	13,969	0
White	439	2,694	0
Black / African American	1,389	10,000	0
Asian	45	385	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	0	0
Pacific Islander	0	15	0
Hispanic	142	748	0

Note: The four severe housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than 1.5 persons per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 50%.

80% to 100% of Area Median Income

Only a small share of middle-income households in Fulton County (6% or 673 households) have a severe housing need. Rates range from 0% for American Indian and Alaska Native households to 10% for white households. No group has a disproportionate housing need according to HUD's definition.

TABLE 20 - SEVERE HOUSING PROBLEMS 80 TO 100% AMI

Severe Housing Problems	Has one or more of four severe housing problems	Has none of the four severe housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other severe housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	673	10,508	0
White	315	2,879	0
Black / African American	284	6,794	0
Asian	15	240	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	25	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	38	424	0

Note: The four severe housing problems are: (1) Lacks complete kitchen facilities; (2) Lacks complete plumbing facilities; (3) More than 1.5 persons per room; and (4) Cost burden greater than 50%.

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Discussion

Like all housing problems, severe housing problems are most common at lower incomes. Seventy percent (70%) of very low-income households have a severe housing problem compared to only 13% of moderate-income and 6% of middle-income households. At very low incomes, Black and Hispanic households are considerably more likely to have severe housing problems than white households (78% and 71%, respectively, versus 48%). At low, moderate, and middle incomes there is less variation in severe housing need rates by race and ethnicity. Among all income levels and racial and ethnic groups considered here, only one met HUD's definition of a disproportionate need: low income American Indians and Alaska Natives, 75% of whom had a severe housing need compared to 43% for that income group overall. However, that rate was based on a relatively low number of observations: 40 American Indian or Alaska Native households.

NA-25 DISPROPORTIONATELY GREATER NEED: HOUSING COST BURDENS - 91.205 (B)(2)

Introduction

This section assesses the need of any racial or ethnic group that has a disproportionately greater need in comparison the needs of that category of need as a whole. While the preceding sections assessed all housing and severe housing problems, Table 21 focuses only on what share of their income households spend on housing. Data is broken down into groups sending less than 30% of income on housing costs, those paying between 30 and 50% (i.e., with a cost burden), and those paying over 50% (i.e., with a severe cost burden). The final column, "no/negative income," identifies households without an income, for whom housing as a share of income was not calculated.

Housing Cost Burden

TABLE 21 – HOUSING COST BURDENS BY RACE AND ETHNICITY

Housing Cost Burden	Less than 30%	30-50%	More than 50%	No / negative income (not computed)
Jurisdiction as a whole	64,967	19,470	17,285	1,374
White	25,615	4,789	3,184	274
Black / African American	31,685	13,150	12,639	898
Asian	3,795	343	235	60
American Indian, Alaska Native	59	19	25	20
Pacific Islander	25	0	0	0
Hispanic	3,017	1,092	926	120
Share of Total Households by Race a	and Ethnicity			
Jurisdiction as a whole	63%	19%	17%	1%
White	76%	14%	9%	1%
Black / African American	54%	23%	22%	2%
Asian	86%	8%	5%	1%
American Indian, Alaska Native	48%	15%	20%	16%
Pacific Islander	100%	0%	0%	0%
Hispanic	59%	21%	18%	2%

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Discussion

Table 21 shows that approximately 36% of all households in Fulton County are considered housing cost burdened (spending more than 30% of income on housing). Black/African American households make up

the majority of cost burdened households in Fulton County (70% or 25,789 Black households out of 36,755 total cost burdened households).

Asian and White households have lower rates of cost burdens (13% and 23%, respectively) compared to Hispanic and Black households (39% and 45%, respectively). However, no group has a disproportionate rate of cost burdens per HUD's definition.

Households spending more than 50% of income on housing are considered severely cost burdened. Seventeen percent (17%) of all households in Fulton County have a severe cost burden. Again, Black households comprise the majority (12,639 households, or 73%). Several groups have relatively low levels of severe cost burdens: Pacific Islanders (0%), Asians (5%), and white households (9%). Rates for Hispanic, American Indian, and Black households are higher (from 18 to 22%). However, no group has a disproportionate rate of cost burdens per HUD's definition.

NA-30 DISPROPORTIONATELY GREATER NEED: DISCUSSION – 91.205(B)(2)

Are there any income categories in which a racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need than the needs of that income category as a whole?

CHAS data indicates that one racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater severe housing problems then the income category as a whole. Seventy-five percent (75%) of low-income American Indians and Alaska Natives have a severe housing need compared to 43% of all low-income households. However, that rate was based on a relatively low number of observations: 40 American Indian or Alaska Native households, of whom 30 have a severe housing problem.

While Black and Latino households do not exhibit disproportionate housing needs, at very low-, low-, and moderate-income bands (i.e., all income groups under 80% AMI) they are considerably more likely to face a housing need than white households. At very low incomes, 59% of white households have a housing need compared to 85% of African Americans and 75% of Hispanics. At low incomes, 65% of white households have a need compared to 90% of African Americans and 81% of Hispanics. Finally, at moderate incomes, 49% of white households have a need compared to 57% of African Americans and 57% of Hispanics.

If they have needs not identified above, what are those needs?

Although not reflected in HUD's Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data, point-in-time counts of the homeless population in Fulton County indicate that African American and Hispanic residents are more likely to be homeless than other racial and ethnic groups. Black residents make up 76% of the Fulton County Continuum of Care's homeless count compared to 46% of the overall population in the CoC area. Hispanic residents make up 12% of the latest homeless count compared to 7% of the overall population. Section NA-40 discusses homeless needs, including needs by race and ethnicity, in more detail.

Are any of those racial or ethnic groups located in specific areas or neighborhoods in your community?

Native American and Alaska Native residents, the only group showing a disproportionate housing need, are not clustered in any specific area or neighborhood within Fulton County.

Although not showing a disproportionate housing need by HUD's definition, African American and Hispanic residents had elevated shares of housing problems compared to white residents. Hispanic residents are not clustered in specific areas or neighborhoods within Fulton County, but African American residents are disproportionately likely to live in south Fulton County. Excluding the cities of Hapeville and Chattahoochee Hills, nearly all census tracts in south Fulton County are predominantly African American (i.e. greater than 50%), with several census tracts identifying rates of Black residency greater than 90%. Section MA-50 maps Fulton County's population by race and ethnicity and locations with highest rates of housing need, showing that many tracts with high housing cost burdens are in south Fulton County.

NA-35 PUBLIC HOUSING - 91.205(B)

Introduction

Residents in Fulton County's entitlement jurisdiction (i.e., Fulton County outside of the cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs) are served by several housing authorities: the Housing Authority of Fulton County, the Housing Authority of the City of East Point, the Housing Authority of the City of College Park, the Housing Authority of the City of Fairburn, the Housing Authority of the City of Palmetto.

The Housing Authority of Fulton County (HAFC) serves the most residents in Fulton County, primarily through the administration of Housing Choice Vouchers, project-based vouchers/RAD, and LIHTC development. The Housing Authorities of East Point and College Park also administer Housing Choice Vouchers, as well as own about 400 public housing units combined. The Housing Authorities of Fairburn, Palmetto, and Union City are considerably smaller, together serving about 60 households with public housing. Public housing in Fairburn is managed by the East Point Housing Authority; the Housing Authorities of East Point and Palmetto are also co-managed.

Totals in Use

TABLE 22 - PUBLIC HOUSING BY PROGRAM TYPE

Program Type										
						Vouch	ners			
		Mod-						Special Purpose Voucher		
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project - based	Tenant - based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*	
# of units vouchers in use	1	0	686	3,765	10	3,695	18	0	0	

^{*}Note: Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-Year, and Nursing Home Transition

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)



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Characteristics of Residents

TABLE 23 — CHARACTERISTICS OF PUBLIC HOUSING RESIDENTS BY PROGRAM TYPE

Program Type									
				Vouchers					
			2.11				Special Purp	ose Voucher	
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Mod- Public Rehab Housing Total		Total Project - based		Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	
Average annual income									
Average length of stay									
Average household size									
# homeless at admission	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	
# of elderly program participants (>62)	0	0	171	318	4	310	2	0	
# of disabled families	0	0	117	611	3	590	12	0	
# of families requesting accessibility features	1	0	686	3,765	10	3,695	18	0	
# of HIV/AIDS program participants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
# of domestic violence victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

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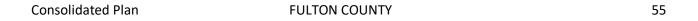
Race of Residents

TABLE 24 – RACE OF PUBLIC HOUSING RESIDENTS BY PROGRAM TYPE

	Program Type								
						Vou	chers		
							Specia	al Purpose Vou	cher
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total Project - based	Tenant - based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*	
White	0	0	78	114	1	111	1	0	0
Black/African American	1	0	600	3,648	9	3,581	17	0	0
Asian	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	0	1	3	0	3	0	0	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{*}Note: Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-Year, and Nursing Home Transition

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)



Ethnicity of Residents

TABLE 25 – ETHNICITY OF PUBLIC HOUSING RESIDENTS BY PROGRAM TYPE

Program Type										
							Vouc	chers		
								Speci	al Purpose Voi	ucher
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Projec base		Tenant - based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*
Hispanic	0	0	12	32		1	31	0	0	0
Not Hispanic	1	0	674	3,733		9	3,664	18	0	0

^{*}Note: Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-Year, and Nursing Home Transition

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)



Section 504 Needs Assessment: Describe the needs of public housing tenants and applicants on the waiting list for accessible units.

Data from HUD's Picture of Subsidized Households shows that there are about 64 households with one or more members with a disability living in public housing in Fulton County, making up about 9% of all Fulton County public housing units. There are an estimated 450 households with one or more disabled members using Housing Choice Vouchers, which represents about 12% of available vouchers in Fulton County. Stakeholder input indicates that many voucher holders have difficulty finding units that both accept HCVs and are affordable with a voucher. For people with disabilities that require physically accessible units, this search is often even more difficult.

For applicants on public housing or Housing Choice Voucher wait lists, the wait for an affordable and accessible unit can be long. HUD's Picture of Subsidized Households data shows that the average household holding an HCV administered by HAFC waited about 2.5 years before receiving it. Similar wait times are typical for public housing units.

Stakeholder input suggests a general need for more affordable housing options for people with disabilities. As many people with disabilities live on limited incomes, often only \$750 per month from Supplemental Security Income (SSI), there are effectively no decent, accessible, affordable housing options other than public housing or a voucher. Availability of additional units with accessibility features is the greatest need of this population.

Describe the most immediate needs of residents of public housing and housing choice voucher holders.

HAFC identifies self-sufficiency, job training, adult education, transportation, childcare, after school programs, child educational enrichment, and health-related assistance as major needs among the households they serve. HAFC and other HCV programs are designed to allow mobility, so that voucher holders can move to neighborhoods of their choice. HAFC assists families in identifying units located in all areas of unincorporated Fulton County, including low poverty neighborhoods.

How do these needs compare to the housing needs of the population at large?

Needs of public housing residents and voucher holders are different from those of Fulton County's overall low- and moderate-income population only in that housing authority residents are housed in stable and decent housing. With this need met, residents are able to work toward meeting other needs that families typically face in addition to housing insecurity, such as childcare, healthcare, employment, transportation, and food. The HAFC works to strengthen families in Fulton County through essential self-sufficiency skills and employment assistance.

NA-40 HOMELESS NEEDS ASSESSMENT - 91.205(C)

Introduction

This section provides an assessment of Fulton County's homeless population and its needs. Fulton County conducts an annual homeless "Point-in-time Count" during the last 2 weeks of January. The 2019 point-in-time count for Fulton County was held on January 24, 2019. It counted 632 homeless persons in total, including persons in households with children (232), persons in households with only children (24), and persons in households without children (376).

If data is not available for the categories "number of persons becoming and exiting homelessness each year," and "number of days that persons experience homelessness," describe these categories for each homeless population type (including chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth).

Of the 632 homeless persons counted in the point-in-time count, 77 people were counted as chronically homeless (12%). Of the 77 chronically homeless persons, 51 were sheltered in emergency shelter (66%), and 26 were unsheltered (34%).

In addition to chronically homeless households, the 2019 point-in-time count counted 46 veteran households with a total of 54 people; 57 unaccompanied youth households with a total of 63 people; and two parenting youth households with a total of four people. Of the 54 homeless veterans, seven were chronically homeless; of the 63 homeless unaccompanied youth, three were chronically homeless; and of the four people in parenting youth households, none were chronically homeless.

Georgia State University's Atlanta Youth Count! Homeless Youth Count and Needs Assessment (2016) estimated that in a typical summer month, there are approximately 3,374 homeless and runaway youth living on the streets, in shelters, or in other precarious housing situations in the Atlanta metro area. The study noted that the vast majority of homeless youth surveyed were Black or African-American (71.0%), 16% were multi- or bi-racial, 5.3% were white, 3.9% were Hispanic, and less than 1% were Native American. The majority were cisgender men (60.5%) and approximately 6.5% were transgender or gender nonconforming individuals. The average age of homeless youth was 21.5%. The majority were between the ages of 20-25 (70.9%), but almost 5% were minors (age 14 to 17 years old).⁴

Note that these figures do not represent the entire homeless population in the county, but rather the number of homeless that were sheltered and unsheltered during a point-in-time count. As the inventory of homeless facilities in the area shows, a considerably higher number of homeless persons are assisted within Fulton County than the point-in-time count of chronically homeless reflects.

⁴ Georgia State University. (2016). Atlanta Youth Count! Homeless Youth Count and Needs Assessment. Retrieved from: https://atlantayouthcount.weebly.com/uploads/7/9/0/5/79053356/aycna_final_report_may_2016_final.pdf

TABLE 26 – TOTAL SHELTERED AND UNSHELTERED HOUSEHOLDS AND PERSONS

	Shelto	ered	I I wah alkawad	Tatal	
	Emergency	Transitional	Unsheltered	Total	
Total number of households	292	87	72	451	
Number of persons	440	116	76	632	

Data Source: Fulton County Continuum of Care 2019 Point-In-Time Count

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance for families with children and the families of veterans.

The 2019 point-in-time count identified 66 households with at least one adult and one child, which included a total of 232 people, 135 of which were under the age of 18. Of the 232 persons in households with at least one adult and one child, 226 (97%) were sheltered in emergency or transitional housing.

Of the 46 veteran households counted during the point-in-time count, six veteran households had at least one adult and one child. These six households included a total of 13 people, 6 of which were veterans. All of these veteran households with children were sheltered in either emergency or transitional housing.

TABLE 27 - PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH AT LEAST ONE ADULT AND ONE CHILD

	Shelte	ered	Unsheltered	Total	
	Emergency Transitional		Offsheitered	TOLAT	
Total number of households	48	16	2	66	
Number of persons	181	45	6	232	

Data Source: Fulton County Continuum of Care 2019 Point-In-Time Count

TABLE 28 - VETERAN HOUSEHOLDS WITH AT LEAST ONE ADULT AND ONE CHILD

	Shelt	ered	I I walk alkawad	Total
	Emergency Tran		Unsheltered	Total
Total number of households	1	5	0	6
Number of persons	3	10	0	13

Data Source: Fulton County Continuum of Care 2019 Point-In-Time Count

Describe the nature and extent of homelessness by racial and ethnic group.

The point-in-time count looked at the number of sheltered and unsheltered homeless individuals in Fulton County by race and ethnicity. The count found that 76% of all sheltered and unsheltered individuals were Black, 19% were white, and 4% were multiple races. Asian, American Indian and Pacific Islander homeless

individuals each comprised less than 1% of sheltered and unsheltered individuals. Regarding ethnicity, the count found that 12% of the total sheltered and unsheltered homeless population in Fulton County were Hispanic/Latino, and 88% were non-Hispanic/Latino.

The proportion of sheltered individuals varied by race and ethnicity. Of the total Black population experiencing homelessness, 414 were sheltered (86%), and 65 were unsheltered (14%). Of the total white population experiencing homelessness, 113 were sheltered (92%), and 9 were unsheltered (8%). Of the total Hispanic/Latino population experiencing homelessness, 75 were sheltered (97%), and 2 were unsheltered (3%).

While all racial and ethnic groups were more likely to be sheltered in emergency shelters than transitional housing or safe havens, the proportion of population utilizing these facilities varied by race and ethnicity. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the sheltered Black population were in an emergency shelter, while 25% were in transitional housing. The sheltered white and Hispanic/Latino populations were less likely to utilize transitional housing than the Black population. Specifically, 92% of the sheltered white population were in an emergency shelter, and 8% were in transitional housing. Ninety-three percent (93%) of the sheltered Hispanic/Latino population was in an emergency shelter, and 7% was in transitional housing.

TABLE 29 – RACE OF SHELTERED AND UNSHELTERED HOMELESS PERSONS

		Sheltered	Unsheltered	Total	
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven	Unsheitered	TOLAT
White	103	10	0	9	122
Black or African American	311	103	0	65	479
Asian	3	0	0	1	4
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	0	0	0	1

Data Source: Fulton County Continuum of Care 2019 Point-In-Time Count

TABLE 30 - RACE OF SHELTERED AND UNSHELTERED HOMELESS PERSONS

	Shelt	ered	Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Offsheitered	Total
Non-Hispanic / Non-Latino	370	111	74	555
Hispanic / Latino	70	5	2	77

Data Source: Fulton County Continuum of Care 2019 Point-In-Time Count

Describe the nature and extent of unsheltered and sheltered homelessness.

The 2019 point-in-time count counted a total of 632 homeless persons, including 76 unsheltered and 556 sheltered persons. Of the 556 people with shelter, 440 (79%) were in emergency shelters, and 116 (21%) were in transitional housing.

Discussion

Data from both the point-in-time count and stakeholder input indicate a high level of need for homelessness services in North and South Fulton County. All homeless needs were ranked by more than 60% of survey respondents as high needs, including homelessness prevention, transitional/ supportive housing programs, access to homeless shelters, permanent housing, and outreach to homeless persons.

Public meeting and focus group participants noted that homelessness in North and South Fulton is often less visible than that in the City of Atlanta, as people are living with relatives, in vehicles, or in abandoned buildings. Stakeholders emphasized that homeless individuals often have many needs, including mental health, counseling, and housing, among others, and getting assistance for these needs is generally a cumbersome process. Participants in interviews and focus groups noted a particular need for:

- Housing that provides access to services and needs such as food, mental health services, and workforce development.
- Emergency shelter facilities. Residents noted a particular lack of shelter facilities and services in South Fulton. In North Fulton, there is some emergency housing for women with children that is always full, but there is nothing in the community for unaccompanied adults.
- Supportive services for people returning from prison to reintegrate them with society and prevent them from becoming homeless.
- Expanded mental health services.
 Outreach services such as showering services and laundry services.
- A one-stop shop for people to access clothing, food, childcare, workforce development, and other needs.
- Training on financial literacy, personal finance, and credit scores.
- Permanent supportive housing. With the cutting of HOPWA funds, the need for permanent supportive housing is even greater across the region.
- A database of beds available. There is a potential to partner with United Way to strengthen their existing information. Directories need to be updated frequently.
- Housing available for use in rapid rehousing programs. Rapid rehousing money is available, but
 housing is hard to find because the individual has to qualify for the lease, etc. Organizations have used
 rapid rehousing money for prevention because they were unable to spend it for rapid rehousing.
- Street outreach to people who are homeless. People may prefer not to go to shelters because of rules. There is a need to work with street outreach teams to educate people about services that are available, including mental health and substance abuse services, and to bring services to individuals.

NA-45 NON-HOMELESS SPECIAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT - 91.205 (B,D)

Introduction

This section discusses the characteristics and needs of persons in various subpopulations of Fulton County who are not homeless but may require supportive services, including the elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, persons with alcohol or drug addiction, victims of domestic violence, and persons with a criminal record and their families. Note that within this section, Fulton County figures include the cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs.

Describe the characteristics of special needs populations in your community.

Elderly and Frail Elderly

According to the 2013-2017 ACS 5-year estimates, 15% of Fulton County's population is elderly – aged 65 and over. Four percent (4.2%) of the population is considered frail elderly, aged 75 and over. About one third (33.7%) of elderly individuals aged 65 and over in the county have a disability.

Persons with Disabilities

Within the county, 10% of all residents had one or more disabilities, including:

- Hearing difficulty 2.0%
- Vision difficulty 2.1%
- Cognitive difficulty 4.3%
- Ambulatory difficulty 6.0%
- Self-care difficulty- 2.3%
- Independent living difficulty 4.9%

Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families

As of 2016, there were approximately 13,544 persons living with HIV/AIDS in Fulton County.⁵ The rate of people living with HIV in the county was 1,578 cases per 100,000 people in 2016.⁶ 83.8% of people living with HIV are male, and 16.2% are female. The majority of people living with HIV in Fulton County are Black (71.7%), while smaller proportions are White (17.5%) and Hispanic or Latino (5.6%).

Persons with Alcohol or Drug Addiction

The region that includes Fulton County and its surrounding counties (Clayton, Fulton, Gwinnett, Newton, and Rockdale) had an estimated 5.2% rate of alcohol use disorder in the past year by individuals aged 12 and older, according to 2014-2016 data from the US Substance Abuse & Mental Health Data Archive (SAMHDA). During this same time period, cocaine use for the region was estimated at 2.7% of the

⁶ Ibid.

⁵ AIDSVu, Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health in partnership with Gilead Sciences, Inc. and the Center for AIDS Research at Emory University (CFAR)

population, and heroin use was estimated at 0.11%. There were an estimated 472 drug overdose deaths in Fulton County from 2015 to 2017, a rate of 15 persons per 100,000 population.

Victims of Domestic Violence

The Centers for Disease Control estimates that 37.4% of women and 30.4% of men in Georgia have experienced any contact sexual violence, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner in their lifetimes. This equates to an estimated 194,713 women and 148,898 men living in Fulton County, based on the county's 2017 total population of 1,010,420. An estimated 45.5% of women and 49.9% of men in Georgia have experienced any psychological aggression by an intimate partner, which equates to an estimated 236,883 women and 244,408 men living in Fulton County.

Re-entry Populations

In the state of Georgia, an estimated 404,000 residents are on probation, and 21,000 are on parole. While local data is not readily available, the large numbers of state residents under criminal justice supervision indicates a continuing need to address the housing and supportive service needs of this population in Fulton County.

What are the housing and supportive service needs of these populations and how are these needs determined?

The primary housing and supportive needs of these subpopulations (the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, persons with alcohol or drug addiction, victims of domestic violence, and reentry populations) were determined by input from both service providers and the public through the survey, public meetings, and stakeholder interviews.

Safe and Affordable Housing

For all vulnerable populations, the cost of housing is an issue. A high percentage of residents within these population subgroups live at or below the federal poverty level. Low incomes force many people with special needs to live in congregate care, have roommates or live with family. HUD's fair market rent documentation for FY 2020 estimates fair market rent for a two-bedroom unit in Fulton County zip codes as ranging from \$960 to \$1750 per month. Almost all zip codes have fair market rents above \$1,000 for a 2-bedroom unit, and most fall in the range of \$1200 to \$1500. Stakeholders also noted that affordable

⁷ Substance Abuse & Mental Health Data Archive. "Interactive National Survey on Drug Use and Health Substate Estimates." https://pdas.samhsa.gov/saes/substate

⁸ County Health Rankings & Roadmaps. "Drug Overdose Deaths."

https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/georgia/2019/measure/factors/138/data?sort=sc-0

⁹ The National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey (NISVS) | 2010-2012 State Report.

https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/NISVS-StateReportBook.pdf

¹⁰ 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates for Total Population in Fulton County, Table DP05

¹¹ The National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey (NISVS) | 2010-2012 State Report.

https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/NISVS-StateReportBook.pdf

¹² Prison Policy Initiative. (n.d.) Georgia Profile. https://www.prisonpolicy.org/profiles/GA.html

¹³ HUD User. "Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA HUD Metro FMR Area Small Area FY 2020 Fair Market Rents." https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/fmr/fmrs/FY2020_code/2020summary.odn

housing can often be in unsafe areas, which may negatively affect all the vulnerable populations listed above.

Accessible Housing

Housing may be inaccessible to vulnerable populations for a variety of reasons. Persons with criminal histories have a difficult time obtaining housing, which affects the economic stability of their families. Inability to obtain housing may also lead to recidivism amongst this population. Persons with disabilities may find that their housing options are not ADA compliant or are outside the service range for public transportation.

Physical and Mental Health and Treatment Services

Access to healthcare is a need for vulnerable populations. Stakeholders and focus group participants noted a need for the County to work closely with providers of mental health services and to fund government agencies providing access to physical and mental health services. Stakeholders also emphasized a need for a wider range of drug and alcohol outpatient services.

Specialized Housing

Specialized housing is often needed to target needs of specific vulnerable populations. For example, people with developmental disabilities and people with alcohol or drug addiction have specific housing needs that may be addressed through housing with wraparound services.

Workforce Development and Employment Services

Workforce development and employment services are another need for vulnerable populations. These programs may include employment navigation, job training, education, transportation services, and case management focused on employment, among others. These services should be accessible through housing and schools as well as have a strong connection to the Department of Family and Children Services.

Programming Focused on Persons with Developmental Disabilities

Programming are needed for persons with developmental disabilities to support the development of behavioral and emotional skills, to maintain social contact, and to develop employment skills.

Education/Combating Perceptions

For adults with criminal histories, it may be especially difficult to find adequate housing. Several stakeholders noted that landlords often perceive persons with criminal histories as high-risk applicants. For this reason, stakeholders note that persons without criminal histories get priority over persons with criminal histories. Furthermore, failure to report criminal histories, particularly criminal records that are obtained while a person or their relatives are stably housed, can lead to eviction.

Outreach

Outreach to vulnerable populations to ensure they are aware of available services is another need. This includes development of relationships and trust so that people feel comfortable seeking out needed services. There is also a need to provide clarity in marketing and in public buildings about what services are available.

Discuss the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families within the eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area.

The Atlanta-Sandy-Springs-Roswell region ranks fourth among Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) in the rate of diagnoses of HIV infection, as of 2016. ¹⁴ The Centers for Disease Control reports that in 2016, the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell region had 1,523 new HIV diagnoses, ¹⁵ a rate of new diagnoses of 32 per 100,000 population. Of these new diagnoses, 1,262 were adult and adolescent men and 261 were adult and adolescent women. By the end of 2015, there were a total of 31,163 persons living with a positive HIV diagnosis in the region, or 666.5 cases per 100,000 population. Of the total persons living with HIV in the region, 24,558 are adult and adolescent men and 6,605 are adult and adolescent women. The CDC reports that 1,115 of the 1,262 newly-diagnosed men contracted HIV from male-to-male sexual contact. 241 of the 261 newly-diagnosed women contracted HIV from heterosexual contact.

Men aged 25-34 had the highest number of new cases (506), followed by teens and young men aged 13-24 (344 cases). Although younger men tended to be diagnosed more frequently, more than half of adult men living with the disease are over age 45 (12,551), and about one in five are aged 55 and over (5,027). New diagnoses for women occurred across all age groups, with 44 women aged 55+, 60 women aged 45-54, 46 women aged 35-44, 76 women aged 25-34 and 35 aged 13-24 diagnosed with HIV in 2016. Similar to men living with HIV, more than half of women living with HIV are over 45 (56%), and almost one fourth (24%) are aged 55 and over.

By race and ethnicity, the largest number of new diagnoses occurred amongst Black and white adult and adolescent males. There were 922 new diagnoses for Black males, 179 for white males, 107 for Hispanic/Latino males, 13 for Asian males and 2 for American Indian/Alaskan native males. Black males also experienced the highest rate of infection at 129.4 cases per 100,000 persons, compared to 15.4 for white males and 46.7 for Hispanic males. There were 15,935 Black male adults or adolescents living with the disease, the highest number of any population group in the region. Black women had the highest number of new diagnoses amongst women, with 211 of the 261 new cases among women in 2016. Black women also experienced the highest rate of new diagnoses among women at 24.3 per 100,000 compared to 5.2 for Hispanic women and 1.8 for White women. Black women had the highest numbers for women living with HIV in the region, making up 5,298 of the 6,605 women in the region living with HIV.

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¹⁴ CDC. "Diagnoses of HIV Infection among Adults and Adolescents in Metropolitan Statistical Areas – United States and Puerto Rico, 2016." https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/library/reports/surveillance/cdc-hiv-surveillance-supplemental-report-vol-23-2.pdf ¹⁵ lbid.

NA-50 NON-HOUSING COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT NEEDS — 91.215 (F)

Describe the jurisdiction's need for public facilities.

Buildings and infrastructure open to the general public, whether owned by the government or by nonprofits, may be considered public facilities under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. Fulton County's needs in this area commonly identified through community input include:

- Community parks, gyms, and recreational fields, including recreational activities for youth and access to wellness facilities
- Health care facilities
- Community centers and facilities (i.e, youth centers, senior centers)
- Homelessness facilities, including emergency shelters, warming centers, mental health centers, service centers that provide access to a variety of resources, transitional housing for homeless youth, and permanent supportive housing

The chart below shows the public facility and infrastructure needs as ranked by survey respondents in the county.

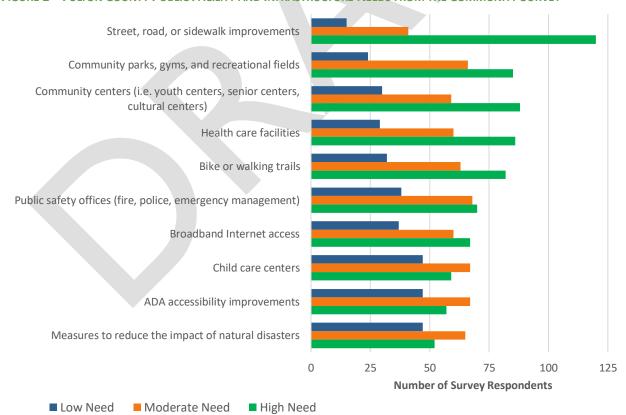


FIGURE 1 - FULTON COUNTY PUBLIC FACILITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDS FROM THE COMMUNITY SURVEY

Public facility goals identified in the Fulton County Strategic Plan and other local plans include:

- Prioritize recreational facility investments and programs based on activities that 1) Fulton County
 residents indicate are high priority, 2) have been documented to produce healthy outcome for
 participants, 3) can leverage external funding and resources.
- Prioritize cultural facility investments and programs based on activities that 1) Fulton County residents indicate are high priority, 2) reach under-served populations within the county, 3) can leverage external funding and resources.
- Encourage cooperative efforts between the city, county and school district to provide adequate facilities for community activities and needs (i.e. senior and youth centers).

Public facility needs identified by Fulton County's cooperating cities via a survey about capital improvement projects include:

City of Alpharetta

- Park development on recently-acquired properties in an effort to have a park within walking distance
 of every residence. Stormwater water park proposed in the North Point area. Gateway park proposed
 to connect the Big Creek Greenway to the North Point area.
- Continued trail system expansion.

City of Chattahoochee Hills

- Park improvement needs include parking and parking kiosks, maintenance and operating equipment, boat ramp, restroom facilities, WiFi capabilities, playground equipment, site improvements, pavilions and seating areas.
- ADA improvements to restrooms and parking lots at city parks.
- City hall improvement or replacement. Public works building for equipment storage.

City of College Park

- Charles E. Phillips Park improvement, including a splash pad, walking path upgrade, and playground equipment.
- General park system upgrades to address deferred court replacements, stormwater management issues, and outdated public restroom and playground facilities.

City of East Point

- Increased parking capacity in downtown.
- Park needs include ADA accessibility improvements, additional and improved lighting, additional seating around playground equipment, modern playgrounds, and outdoor fitness stations and equipment.

City of Fairburn

- Variety of park improvements at Cora Robinson Park and Duncan Park (lighting, trails, picnic areas, WiFi, exercise equipment, community center with space for variety of indoor activities, and others).
- Additional parks and trails needed, including downtown and on south side of city.
- Preserve and increase greenspace.

City of Hapeville

• New playground equipment and facilities. New track, fields, and equipment.

City of Milton

• Improvements to active (Providence Park, Thomas Byrd house, and former Milton Country Club) and passive parks (Birmingham Park trails, former Milton Country Club, recently-acquired greenspace).

City of Mountain Park

Picnic table replacement and lake dredging to allow boating again.

City of Palmetto

• Routine maintenance only; no renovation planned.

City of Union City

- Trail improvements, including connections to residential areas and seating along park trails.
- Ball field and playground equipment improvement for ADA accessibility.
- Community garden designed for seniors.
- Improvements to mini amphitheater, including bathrooms, concession area, and additional parking.
- Near park space along South Fulton Parkway and neighborhood parks in west part of city.
- Satellite parks and recreation office.

How were these needs determined?

The public facility needs listed above are based on input from multiple stakeholders consulted through interviews, focus groups, public meetings, and surveys targeted to residents and municipalities. These stakeholders included County and City staff and elected officials, Fulton County Housing Authority staff, nonprofit organizations, homeless housing and service providers, organizations serving people with disabilities, housing developers, civic organizations, and Fulton County residents.

Needs were also determined based on a review of previous local and regional plans, such as the Fulton County Strategic Plan (2016-2019), Fulton County Comprehensive Plan (2016-2035), and the Cradle to Golden Years Plan (2016-2020).

Describe the jurisdiction's need for public improvements.

During the community engagement process, public improvements were frequently mentioned not only as a stand-alone need but also as a crucial component to the development of additional affordable housing. The public improvement needs most commonly identified by local stakeholders include:

- Street, road, and sidewalk improvements
- Biking or walking trails
- Broadband internet access

Public improvement needs identified in the Fulton County Comprehensive Plan and other local plans include:

- Encourage development that promotes open space, walking paths and bicycle lanes as a means to connectivity and neighborhood cohesiveness.
- Implement the work program of the Fulton County CTP to development efforts as a means to address necessary road improvements.
- Plan and design multi-use trails and/or sidewalks during the development or renovation of any Fulton County facility.
- Partner with the Atlanta Regional Commission for plan implementation assistance and corridor enhancements.

Public infrastructure needs identified by Fulton County's cooperating cities via a survey about capital improvement projects include:

City of Alpharetta

- Road improvements (capacity, operational, bicycle, pedestrian), especially along east-west roadways.
- Complete street improvements for North Point Pkwy between Haynes Bridge and Mansell Roads. Street network proposed for the North Point area.
- Continued improvements to sidewalk network and pedestrian and bicycle amenities.
- Regional Stormwater park at North Point.
- Tunnel or bridge crossing at Haynes Bridge and Georgia 400 on ramp.
- Place making throughout the North Point and Downtown areas.
- Expand public art and historic preservation.

City of Chattahoochee Hills

- Roadway maintenance and paving, personnel and equipment for roads and right of way maintenance, and signage.
- Improvements to stormwater, bridge, and roadway infrastructure.

City of College Park

- Sidewalks along Lakeshore Drive between Herschel Road and Janice Drive to improve walkability to senior center at Camp Truitt.
- Routine shelter planning with Fulton County and people with disabilities to ensure accessibility requirements are met.
- Improvements to bike paths, sidewalks, streets, and water mains.
- Fire engines.

City of East Point

- Improved connectivity to recreation facilities, including sidewalks to every rec facility, additional paths and trails, and new sidewalks in high use areas.
- Maintenance and improvements for sidewalks, ramps, pedestrian signals, and crosswalks.
- Resurfacing and street maintenance.
- Water plant renovations, reservoir improvements, improvements to address degraded water, and sewer and storm water pipes throughout the city.

City of Fairburn

- Pedestrian and roadway improvements, including sidewalks, other pedestrian-friendly trails, and bike routes linking neighborhood communities and major destinations.
- Installation of crosswalks at controlled intersections, mid-block crossings, and pedestrian bridges spanning SR14/US 29 and SR74.
- Rehabilitation/replacement of aging infrastructure, including extending the service life of water, sewer, stormwater, and transportation facilities.
- Upgrading of public infrastructure, including transportation, electric, water, sewer, sidewalks, lighting, streetscapes, public recreational space, and parking.
- Realignment and improvement of skewed intersections and dead-end roads.

City of Hapeville

New sidewalks and paving, handicap ramps, and bike paths and paving.

City of Milton

- Sidewalk construction and maintenance, including ADA accessibility improvements.
- Streetscape improvements.
- Pavement management and gravel road maintenance.
- Intersection improvements at Birmingham-Crabapple and Freemanville-Providence.
- Trail connection to big creek greenway.
- Bridge replacement program.

City of Mountain Park

• Sidewalks and dam improvements.

City of Palmetto

- Routine street rehab, particularly in areas with failed culvert pipes.
- Water and wastewater conveyance.

City of Union City

- Resurfacing improvements, specifically for high truck traffic corridors and additional sidewalk repairs
 or installation to provide a complete sidewalk network.
- Sidewalk improvements to provide a complete sidewalk network that includes ADA accessible ramps.
- Improvements to aging utility infrastructure, including water, sewer, and drainage structures.

How were these needs determined?

The public improvements needs listed are based on input from multiple stakeholders consulted through interviews, focus groups, public meetings, and surveys targeted to residents and municipalities. These stakeholders included County and City staff and elected officials, Fulton County Housing Authority staff, nonprofit organizations, homeless housing and service providers, organizations serving people with disabilities, housing developers, civic organizations, and Fulton County residents.

Needs were also determined based on a review of previous local and regional plans, such as the Fulton County Strategic Plan (2016-2019), Fulton County Comprehensive Plan (2016-2035), and the Cradle to Golden Years Plan (2016-2020).

Describe the jurisdiction's need for public services.

Public services, such as case management, childcare, transportation assistance, job training, and programming for youth and senior centers, are important of a community development strategy; however, CDBG funds that can be allocated to such activities are limited to a cap of 15% of a grantee's annual award. The public service needs most commonly identified by local stakeholders include:

- Drug abuse education/ crime prevention
- Youth services, including after school and summer programs for youth up to age 18
- Employment training
- Senior services
- Job search assistance

Additional public service needs identified by stakeholders include:

- Medical and dental services
- Transportation assistance
- Childcare, including outside of traditional hours
- Mental health services
- Food access services
- Career development and vocational training
- Supportive services in housing for people transitioning from homelessness, youth transitioning from foster care, and people with disabilities
- Therapeutic recreation
- Non- traditional physical activities and youth sports
- Performance art programs
- Education on wellness through a virtual platform
- Healthy living programs for seniors including food preparation, physical fitness, and mental health
- Programs for persons with developmental disabilities to develop interpersonal and emotional skills
- Emergency assistance for homelessness prevention, including assistance with rent and utilities

The chart that follows shows the public service needs as ranked by survey respondents in the county.

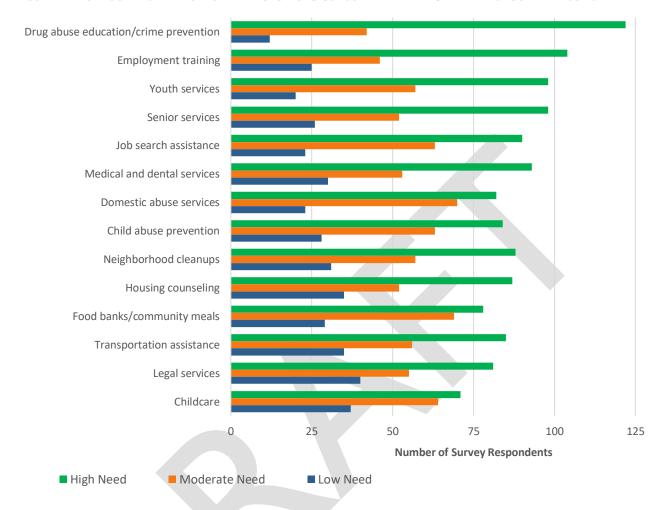


FIGURE 2 – PUBLIC SERVICE NEEDS FROM THE 2019-2023 CONSOLIDATED PLAN CITIZEN INPUT SURVEY RESULTS

Public service needs identified in the Fulton County Strategic Plan and other local plans include:

- Mental health services and safety net.
- After school and summer programs for youth.
- Anti-truancy programs to redirect youth to education, employment, and services and supports, while also addressing family disfunction.
- Evidence-based health and wellness services that lower hospital readmissions and prevent premature
 institutionalization, including access to screenings and immunizations that result in better health
 outcomes.
- Publicly and privately funded emergency assistance programs that provide temporary financial relief
- Resources that assist individuals with financial management to improve economic status.
- Long-term services and supports for seniors that enable them to remain at home and age in place.
- Intergenerational programs and services to enhance social skills and academic outcomes for children and youth and decrease social isolation among the senior population.
- Developmental screenings for children and the necessary support to prepare them for kindergarten and beyond.

- Programs to reduce student mobility.
- Programs to address skills gaps and common hiring issues.
- Neighborhood crime prevention programs.
- Education for youth regarding gangs and criminal behavior.
- Instructional programs that improve public safety.
- Volunteer programs to extend the capacity of first responders.
- Environmental education.
- Supporting access to healthy food options for people living in food deserts.
- Facilitate the co-location of services.

Stakeholders interviewed as part of this planning process emphasized the need for affordable childcare, transportation assistance, and community meals. Interviewees also emphasized the need for greater coordination of services between the County and cities.

How were these needs determined?

The public services needs listed above were generated based on input from multiple stakeholders consulted through interviews, focus groups, public meetings, and a survey. These stakeholders included County staff and elected officials, Fulton County Housing Authority staff, nonprofit organizations, homeless housing and service providers, organizations serving people with disabilities, housing developers, civic organizations, and Fulton County residents.

Needs were also determined based on a review of previous local and regional plans, such as the Fulton County Strategic Plan (2016-2019), Fulton County Comprehensive Plan (2016-2035), and the Cradle to Golden Years Plan (2016-2020).

HOUSING MARKET ANALYSIS

MA-05 OVERVIEW

Housing Market Analysis Overview

While housing choices can be fundamentally limited by household income and purchasing power, the lack of affordable housing can be a significant hardship for low- and moderate-income households, preventing them from meeting other basic needs. Stakeholders and residents reported that affordable housing for families and individuals is a significant issue in Fulton County, and according to the 2011-2015 ACS, housing costs have increased substantially for renters over the last six years.

In addition to reviewing the current housing market conditions, this section analyzes the availability of assisted and public housing and facilities to serve homeless individuals and families. It also analyzes local economic conditions, and summarizes existing economic development resources and programs that may be used to address community and economic development needs identified in the Needs Assessment.

MA-10 NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS - 91.210(A)&(B)(2)

Introduction

The 2011-2015 Five-Year American Community Survey estimates that there are 119,751 housing units in Fulton County, with an occupancy rate of about 86%, which is roughly equivalent to DeKalb County's occupancy rate of 87% and above Atlanta's occupancy rate of 81%. The largest share of units are single-family – 63% are single-family detached and 6% are attached single units (townhomes). Multifamily units comprise about one-third of Fulton County's housing. Most of these are in small multifamily properties with 5 to 19 units, which make up 19% of all units in Fulton County. Large complexes (20+ units per structure) account for 7% of Fulton County homes, while small buildings – duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes – account for only 5%.

As Table 32 shows, about 58% of Fulton County households own their homes and 42% rent. This homeownership rate is somewhat lower than the statewide rate of 63% but above that of DeKalb County (55%) and city of Atlanta (44%). Nearly all owned housing in Fulton County has three or more bedrooms (91%). Unit size varies a bit more for renters – 22% have one bedroom, 40% have two bedrooms, and 35% have three or more bedrooms.

Residential Properties by Number of Units

TABLE 31 - RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES BY UNIT NUMBER

Property Type	Number	Percent
1-unit detached structure	74,894	63%
1-unit, attached structure	7,394	6%
2-4 units	6,125	5%
5-19 units	22,825	19%
20 or more units	7,940	7%
Mobile Home, boat, RV, van, etc.	573	0%
Total	119,751	100%

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

Unit Size by Tenure

TABLE 32 - UNIT SIZE BY TENURE

Unit Size	Owne	ers	Renters		
Offic Size	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
No bedroom	38	0%	1,315	3%	
1 bedroom	394	1%	9,505	22%	
2 bedrooms	5,229	9%	17,245	40%	
3 or more bedrooms	54,213	91%	15,185	35%	
Total	59,874	101%	43,250	100%	

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

Describe the number and targeting (income level/type of family served) of units assisted with federal, state, and local programs.

Fulton County residents are served through a variety of assisted housing programs – including public housing, housing choice vouchers, project-based Section 8 units, Section 202 units, Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) properties, and Fulton County's home repair programs and homeownership assistance programs. Number of units and income and family type targeting are summarized below:

• Public housing – HUD reports about 680 public housing units in Fulton County, including seven apartment communities and about 60 scattered site units, targeted to residents with incomes at or

below 50% AMI. Three communities with a total of 56 public housing units – Legacy at Walton Lakes, Woodbridge at Parkway Village, and Providence at Parkway Village – are targeted to seniors.

- Housing choice vouchers HUD estimates that there are 3,695 tenant-based HVCs in use in Fulton County, targeted toward senior and family renters with incomes at or below 50% AMI. Eighteen (18) Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing vouchers are also in use. In addition to HUD vouchers, Fulton County provides tenant-based rental assistance (TBRA) using HOME grant funds. Under the last Consolidated Plan, the County provided TBRA to about 100 households.
- Project-based Section 8 There are six properties with 533 units targeted to households with incomes at or below 50% AMI with project-based Section 8 rental assistance in Fulton County. Most of these units (371) are targeted to seniors and the remaining units (162) are family properties.
- Other multifamily housing Fulton County has three properties with about 122 units with Section 202 (Supportive Housing for the Elderly). These are targeted to seniors with incomes at or below 50% AMI.
- Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) According to HUD's Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing data and LIHTC database, there are about 28 LIHTC properties in Fulton County with about 4,000 units targeted to residents with incomes at or below 50% or 60% AMI. About 3,300 units were in family properties and 700 in senior properties.
- Fulton County Home Repair Services The County offers home repair assistance through a Homeowner Rehabilitation Program funded with CDBG funds and a Minor Home Repair Program run by the Department of Senior Services. About 28 homeowners with incomes at or below 80% AMI participated in the Homeowner Rehabilitation Program under the last Consolidated Plan.
- Fulton County Home Owner Program The County assists eligible households with incomes at or below 80% AMI with down payment and closing cost assistance of up to 6% of the home's sale price up to \$10,000. The County assisted about 85 households under the last Consolidated Plan.

Provide an assessment of units expected to be lost from the affordable housing inventory for any reason, such as expiration of Section 8 contracts.

Federal law requires any LIHTC properties awarded credits after 1989 to maintain affordability for 30 years, although after the first 15 years, owners can leave the program through a relief process. After 30 years (or 15 years if owner are granted regulatory relief), properties can be converted to market-rate units. During the 2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan, six LIHTC properties in Fulton County will age out of the 30-year affordability period. These are all family properties and together have about 800 units of income-restricted units.

Another 16 LIHTC developments with about 2,800 income-restricted units – including a mix of family and senior properties – will enter or be in their 15-year extended use period, during which they may potentially be eligible to request regulatory relief to convert to market-rate.

Does the availability of housing units meet the needs of the population?

While Fulton County supports affordable housing using a variety of federal, state, and local resources, the Needs Assessment shows that housing needs outpace available assistance. There are an estimated 7,398 renter households with incomes under 30% AMI who spend more than one-half of their income on housing, and an additional 2,492 households with incomes between 30 and 50% AMI who do so. Low- and moderate-income homeowners also face affordability challenges: 4,614 owners with incomes under 50% AMI spend more than one-half of their income on housing costs. Community input also shows a strong need for additional affordable housing.

The Joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice for the City of Atlanta and Fulton County completed in conjunction with this Consolidated Plan shows that most affordable housing developments (LIHTC, public housing, project-based Section 8 housing, and other assisted multifamily developments) are in south Fulton County. Housing choice vouchers are also more likely to be used in south Fulton County.

Describe the need for specific types of housing.

Fulton County's most acute housing need is for affordable rental housing units, particularly for households with incomes at or below 50% of the area median income and people who are homeless. Stakeholders who participated in development of the Consolidated Plan also emphasized the need for:

- Housing rehabilitation and repair
- Reuse or redevelopment of vacant houses
- Housing that accepts Housing Choice Vouchers
- First time homeowner assistance
- Bridge and transitional housing
- Housing for homeless youth
- Emergency housing shelters in south Fulton County
- Affordable housing for seniors
- Permanent supportive housing, including for people with behavioral health needs
- Housing for people with HIV/AIDS

When asked to identify the county's greatest housing needs, survey participants selected senior housing, energy efficiency improvements, housing for people with disabilities, rental and owned housing improvements, down payment assistance, and construction of new affordable rental units as most important. Survey participants also ranked homeless resources as a high need in Fulton County, including homelessness prevention, transitional/supportive housing programs, and permanent housing.

MA-15 HOUSING MARKET ANALYSIS: COST OF HOUSING - 91.210(A)

Introduction

This section reviews housing costs and affordability in Fulton County. As Table 33 shows, median home value in Fulton County is estimated at \$241,300 according to 2011-2015 ACS data. This value represents a small decline (4%) from the 2005-2009 median of \$250,800 but is a likely result of the Great Recession and subsequent recovery occurring during this time period. It is well above the state median home value of \$151,300.

Median contract rent is about \$821 according to the 2011-2015 ACS, up 9% from \$756 in 2005-2009. Nearly two-thirds of Fulton County's rental units (62%) rent for between \$500 and \$999. One-fifth of units have rental rates from \$1,000 to \$1,499 (see Table 34).

American Community Survey data shows considerable variation in housing costs across Fulton County, with much higher housing costs in the northern part than in the south. Median contract rent in north Fulton County cities ranges from \$1,028 in Mountain Park to \$1,157 in Johns Creek. In comparison, south Fulton County cities have median contract rents from \$594 in College Park to \$788 in Chattahoochee Hills. Median home values show a similar pattern. In the north, they range from \$209,000 in Mountain Park to \$459,500 in Milton. In the south, they range from \$85,900 in Palmetto to \$171,400 in Chattahoochee Hills.

Cost of Housing

TABLE 33 - COST OF HOUSING

Cost of Housing	Base Year: 2009	Most Recent Year: 2015	% Change
Median Home Value	\$250,800	\$241,300	(4%)
Median Contract Rent	\$756	\$821	9%

Data Source: 2005-2009 ACS (Base Year), 2011-2015 ACS (Most Recent Year)

TABLE 34 - RENT PAID

Rent Paid	Number	Percent
Less than \$500	5,908	14%
\$500-999	26,615	62%
\$1,000-1,499	8,784	20%
\$1,500-1,999	1,348	3%
\$2,000 or more	590	1%
Total	43,245	100%

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

Housing Affordability

TABLE 35 - HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

Units Affordable to Households Earning	Renter	Owner
30% HAMFI	2,700	No Data
50% HAMFI	10,343	5,054
80% HAMFI	27,511	13,644
100% HAMFI	No Data	19,563
Total	40,554	38,261

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Monthly Rent

TABLE 36 -HOME AND FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR FULTON COUNTY

Monthly Rent (\$)	Efficiency (no bedroom)	1 Bedroom	2 Bedroom	3 Bedroom	4 Bedroom
Fair Market Rent	\$942	\$966	\$1,106	\$1,427	\$1,752
High HOME Rent	\$888	\$952	\$1,106	\$1,313	\$1,445
Low HOME Rent	\$697	\$747	\$897	\$1,036	\$1,156

Data Source: HUD FMR and HOME Rents

Is there sufficient housing for households at all income levels?

Housing cost data and public input shows that there is not sufficient housing for households at all income levels and that affordability is the biggest challenge facing low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County. Overall, about 33% of Fulton County households have one or more housing problems and 70% of low- and moderate-income households have a cost burden.

Table 35 estimates the number of units in Fulton County affordable to renters and owners at a variety of income levels, which can be compared to the number of households at each income level, as provided in Table 8 of the Needs Assessment.

According to CHAS estimates, there are 10,644 renters with incomes under 30% HAMFI, but only 2,700 rental units affordable at that income level reported in Table 35. Thus, there is insufficient rental housing for households with very low incomes. At other income levels, there appears to be enough affordable renter units. However, these figures do not take into account unit condition or size, nor do they reflect the possibility that a unit that would be affordable to a low- or moderate-income household may be unavailable to them because it is occupied by a higher income household.

Turning to owners, there are an estimated 8,498 owner households with incomes at or below 50% HAMFI in Fulton County, but Table 35 reports only 5,054 owner households affordable at that income level, suggesting a deficit of affordable owner-occupied units. At the next income level, there appear to be adequate affordable units. As with rental housing, these figures do not take into account housing size or condition, or the possibility that higher income households will choose to occupy lower cost units.

The National Low Income Housing Coalition's *Out of Reach* data examines rental housing rates relative to income levels for counties and metro areas throughout the U.S using HUD Fair Market Rents (FMR). Fair Market Rent (FMR) is a standard set by HUD at the county or regional level for use in administering its Section 8 rental voucher program. FMRs are typically the 40th percentile gross rent (i.e., rent plus utility costs) for typical, non-substandard rental units in the local housing market. To afford a two-bedroom rental unit at Fulton County's 2019 FMR of \$1,106 without being cost burdened would require an annual wage of \$44,240. This amount translates to a 40-hour work week at an hourly wage of \$21.27, a 117-hour work week at minimum wage, or a 35-hour work week at the county's average renter wage of \$24.66. To afford a three-bedroom unit at the FMR of \$1,427 would require an annual wage of \$57,080.

How is affordability of housing likely to change considering changes to home values and/or rents?

Table 33 shows that median home value decreased by 4% from the 2005-2009 ACS to the 2011-2015 ACS, and median rent increased by 9%. While home values may have fallen within that period, which stretched from before to after the Great Recession, affordability is now decreasing. More recent 2013-2017 ACS data indicates a median home value of \$268,900, surpassing the median of the mid- to late-2000s.

How do HOME rents / Fair Market Rent compare to Area Median Rent? How might this impact your strategy to produce or preserve affordable housing?

Table 36 above shows HUD Fair Market Rents and HOME rents for Fulton County. The median contract rent of \$821 is below the FMR and high HOME rents for all unit sizes. About 76% of units in Fulton County rented for under \$1,000 as of the 2011-2015 ACS data, which falls under the FMR and HOME rents for two-, three-, and four-bedroom units. These figures suggest that housing choice voucher holders would be able to access a variety of units, given the share of housing renting for less than FMRs. However, median rents by jurisdiction show that voucher holders' ability to access housing would vary across the county. Stakeholder input indicates that landlords' refusal to accept vouchers, poor credit histories, past evictions, criminal histories, and rising housing costs can also be barriers.

Additionally, this data does not reflect housing conditions, which is an important consideration for renters. While rent may be affordable, substandard housing conditions may make a unit unsafe or lead to exceptionally high utility costs, negating savings in rent as compared to a more expensive but energy efficient unit.

MA-20 HOUSING MARKET ANALYSIS: CONDITION OF HOUSING – 91.210(A)

Introduction

This section examines the condition of housing in Fulton County, including the presence of selected housing conditions: (1) lack of complete plumbing facilities, (2) lack of complete kitchen facilities, (3) more than one person per room, and (4) cost burden greater than 30%. This section also examines the age of housing stock, vacancy rate and suitability of vacant housing for rehabilitation, and the risk of lead-based paint hazards.

According to the 2011-2015 ACS estimates, about 48% of rental housing and 28% of owner housing have one of the selected housing conditions. CHAS data discussed in the Needs Assessment indicates that cost burdens are by far the most common housing condition. Only 1% of owner units have two selected conditions (330 units), and none have three or more conditions. For renters, 3% of units have two or more conditions (1,454 units). These figures indicate that rental units are more likely to be physically substandard (i.e., lacking a complete kitchen or plumbing).

Age of housing in Fulton County reflects continued suburban development over the last several decades. For rental housing, roughly one-third of units were built between 1950 to 1979, one-third were built from 1980 to 1999, and a final third were built since 2000. Owner housing is slightly newer: 21% of units were built between 1950 and 1979, 34% were built between 1980 and 1999, and the largest share (40%) were built since 2000. For both owners and renters, few housing units were constructed prior to 1950 (5,416 units or 5%).

Describe the jurisdiction's definition for "substandard condition" and "standard condition but suitable for rehabilitation."

For the purpose of this Consolidated Plan, Fulton County defines a property to be in "substandard condition" when one or more property conditions exist that do not conform to local building code or housing code.

A property is considered to be "substandard but suitable for rehabilitation" when one or more property conditions exist that do not conform to local building or housing code but economic and environmental factors render the property suitable for rehabilitation.

Condition of Units

TABLE 37 - CONDITION OF UNITS

Condition	Owr	ners	Renters			
Condition	Number Percent		Number	Percent		
With one selected condition	16,730	28%	19,475	45%		
With two selected conditions	330	1%	1,424	3%		
With three selected conditions	0	0%	30	0%		
With four selected conditions	0	0%	0	0%		
No selected conditions	42,824	72%	22,345	52%		
Total	59,884	101%	43,274	100%		

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Year Unit Built

TABLE 38 - YEAR UNIT BUILT

	Owne	rs	Renters		
Year Unit Built	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
2000 or later	23,833	40%	13,940	32%	
1980-1999	20,569	34%	13,853	32%	
1950-1979	12,430	12,430 21%		30%	
Before 1950	3,038	5%	2,378	6%	
Total	59,870	100%	43,293	100%	

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard

TABLE 39 — RISK OF LEAD-BASED PAINT

Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard	Own	ers	Renters		
RISK OI LEAU-DASEU PAIIIL HAZATU	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total units built before 1980	15,468	26%	15,500	36%	
Housing units built before 1980 with children present	14,017	23%	7,860	18%	

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS (Total Units), 2011-2015 CHAS (Units with Children Present)

Vacant Units

TABLE 40 - VACANT UNITS

Vacant Units	Suitable for Rehabilitation	Not Suitable for Rehabilitation	Total
Vacant Units			
Abandoned Vacant Units			
REO Properties			
Abandoned REO Properties			

Data Source:

Describe the need for owner and rental rehabilitation based on the condition of the jurisdictions' housing.

Data regarding housing conditions indicates that 1,454 rental units in Fulton County have at least two housing conditions, which are likely to include cost burdens and one other condition (overcrowding, lack of complete kitchen, or lack of complete plumbing). CHAS data from the Needs Assessment indicates that there are 395 renter household with incomes below the area median who lack complete kitchens or plumbing. Additionally, a substantial portion of rental housing (36%) was built before 1980, and as this housing ages, maintenance needs will continue to grow.

Community input indicated both single-family and multi-family rehabilitation as fairly high priorities. Data indicates that owners are less likely to lack complete kitchens and plumbing, and therefore are less likely to live in substandard housing. However, housing age suggests that some owner-occupied units are at risk of deferred maintenance and may currently or in the near future be in need of some rehabilitation, given that 26% of units were built prior to 1980. Additionally, seniors living on Social Security or retirement income may have paid off their mortgages but are now unable to afford necessary repairs and maintenance as their homes age. To address these needs, Fulton County offers a minor home repair program for seniors and a CDBG-funded homeowner rehabilitation program.

Estimate the number of housing units within the jurisdiction that are occupied by low or moderate income families that contain lead-based paint hazards.

Exposure to lead-based paint represents one of the most significant environmental threats from a housing perspective. Housing conditions can significantly affect public health, and exposure to lead may cause a range of health problems for adults and children. The major source of lead exposure comes from lead-contaminated dust found in deteriorating buildings, including residential properties built before 1978 that contain lead-based paint.

Unfortunately, identifying the number of housing units with lead-based paint hazards is difficult. Risk factors for exposure to lead include housing old enough to have been initially painted with lead-based paint (i.e., pre-1978), households with young children, and households in poverty. Table 38 identifies the

total number of renter and owner housing units built before 1980 with children present. As shown, there are an estimated 7,860 renter-occupied and 14,017 owner-occupied units with at least two risk factors for exposure to lead-based paint.

MA-25 PUBLIC AND ASSISTED HOUSING - 91.210(B)

Introduction

Publicly-supported housing in Fulton County is managed by the Housing Authority of Fulton County (HAFC). This quasi-governmental authority is governed by a nine-member board of commissioners appointed by the Fulton County Board of Commissioners. Several additional housing authorities exist in municipalities within Fulton County's entitlement area, including the Housing Authorities of College Park, East Point, Union City, Fairburn, and Palmetto. The Housing Authorities of Union City, Fairburn and Palmetto are considered Qualified PHAs, and are therefore exempt from submitting annual plans.

The needs of public housing residents and voucher holders are different from those of the county's overall low- and moderate-income population primarily in that these residents are housed in stable and decent housing. With this need met, residents can work on other needs that families typically face in addition to housing insecurity. These other needs frequently include childcare, healthcare, employment, transportation, and food.



Totals Number of Units

TABLE 41 - TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS BY PROGRAM TYPE

Program Type										
			Vouch				chers			
							Specia	ıl Purpose Vou	cher	
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Proje base		Tenant - based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*
# of units vouchers available	1	0	1,038	1,639		0	455	68	0	0
# of accessible units			0							

^{*}Note: Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-Year, and Nursing Home Transition

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Describe the supply of public housing developments. Describe the number and physical condition of public housing units in the jurisdiction, including those that are participating in an approved Public Housing Agency Plan.

The Housing Authority of Fulton County

The Housing Authority of Fulton County (HAFC) no longer owns or operates any public housing, having converted its public housing through the RAD program to project-based vouchers. As of 2019, the HAFC operates 2,272 total units, of which 947 utilize housing choice vouchers, 132 are LIHTC units, 190 are project-based vouchers/RAD and 1,003 are port vouchers.¹⁶

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 $^{^{16}\} Housing\ Authority\ of\ Fulton\ County.\ "FY\ 2019\ Annual\ Plan."\ https://www.hafc.org/FY2019\%20Annual\%20Plan.pdf.\ p.\ 1.$

The Housing Authority of the City of East Point

The Housing Authority of the City of East Point (EPHA) currently has 280 units of traditional public housing, as well as 555 housing choice voucher units. The EPHA has two public housing sites. The Martel Apartments are a 150-unit site built in 1963. The Martel Apartments underwent modernization in 2012. The OJ Hurd Apartments contain 35 units which were built in 1971. The Hurd Apartments completed modernization in 2010.¹⁷

Public Housing Condition

TABLE 42 - PUBLIC HOUSING CONDITION

Public Housing Development	Average Inspection Score
Housing Authority of Fulton County, Providence at Parkway Village, 5095 Southwood Rd	98
Housing Authority of Fulton County, Allen Road Midrise, 151 W Belle Isle Rd	47
Housing Authority of Fulton County, Woodbridge at Parkway Village, 5151 Thompson Rd	98
Housing Authority of Fulton County, Legacy at Walton Lakes, 4725 Walton Xing SW	89
Housing Authority of Fulton County, Arcadia at Parkway Village, 5150 Thompson Rd	85
Housing Authority of the City of East Point, OJ Hurd, 1344 Holcomb Ave	92
Housing Authority of the City of East Point, Martel Homes, 1022 Calhoun Ave	70
Housing Authority of the City of Palmetto, Palmetto Housing Authority, 201 Beckman St	67
Housing Authority of the City of Union City, Union City Housing Authority, 4859 Jonesboro Rd	82
Housing Authority of the City of College Park, College View Hills, 1984 Princeton Ave	43

Data Source: HUD Physical Inspection Scores

Describe the restoration and revitalization needs of public housing units in the jurisdiction.

The HAFC has converted its public housing units to other housing types, such as Housing Choice Vouchers, Low-Income Housing Tax Credit developments and Project-Based voucher/RAD units. The HAFC dispossessed its last nine public housing units at 151 W Belle Isle Road and will remediate the loss of these units through the reservation of new units at the "Anthem at Riverside" site, a new LIHTC development in south Fulton County.

In its 2019 Annual Plan, the EPHA identified that its public housing stock is in "fairly good condition," but is aging. The authority plans to address the physical condition of its most distressed public housing units mainly through RAD conversion and other mixed financing tools. ¹⁸

¹⁷ Housing Authority of the City of East Point. "Properties and Amenities." Accessed December 12, 2019. https://www.eastpointha.org/public-housing-program/properties-and-amenities/

¹⁸ Housing Authority of the City of East Point. "Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2019/5-Year Action Plan for Years 2019-2023." https://www.eastpointha.org/agency-plans/, p. 6.

Describe the public housing agency's strategy for improving the living environment of low- and moderate-income families residing in public housing.

The HAFC has converted its former public housing units to other forms of publicly-supported housing. In July 2018, the EPHA implemented the HUD Smoke-free policy at all of its public housing locations. The Smoke-Free policy serves to improve the health of residents and staff and keep the housing units in better physical condition.

MA-30 HOMELESS FACILITIES AND SERVICES - 91.210(C)

Introduction

This section highlights organizations providing for the needs of homeless or potentially homeless persons in Fulton County and summarizes the facilities available there. There are approximately 1,422 total beds offered for people who are homeless by multiple agencies in Fulton County. This includes, emergency shelter, transitional rapid re-housing and permanent supportive housing beds. Supportive services for homeless persons include

The table below summarizes the number of beds and units that are available for people experiencing homelessness within Fulton County.



Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

TABLE 43 - FACILITIES AND HOUSING TARGETED TO HOMELESS HOUSEHOLDS

	Emergency	Shelter Beds	Transitional Housing Beds	Permanent Supportive Housing Beds		
	Year Round Beds (Current & New)	Voucher / Seasonal / Overflow Beds	Current & New	Current & New	Under Development	
Households with adult(s) and child(ren)	159	0	79	187	360	
Households with only adults	308	0	14	95	137	
Chronically homeless households				<u> </u>		
Veterans	0		20	59	0	
Unaccompanied youth	4	0	4	0	4	

Data Source: Mosaic Community Planning research of Fulton County homeless housing providers



Describe mainstream services, such as health, mental health, and employment services to the extent those services are used to complement services targeted to homeless persons.

There are limited health and mental health services targeted specifically to homeless persons in the entitlement areas of Fulton County. Community Advanced Practice Nurses, Inc. operates 8 clinics, largely in shelters serving women, children and families around the metropolitan Atlanta region. In Fulton County, two of the shelters served include the Mary Hall Freedom House and Nicholas House. Clinics operated by Community Advanced Practice Nurses, Inc. provide a range of health services to homeless and low-income individuals, including physical exams, women's health services, STI & HIV testing, and mental health counseling. Services are provided at no cost and allow for walk-in appointments. These services provide an alternative to emergency room care for homeless families. Fulton County also offers health services on a sliding scale at two county health centers: The College Park (Willie J. Freeman) Regional Health Center and The North Fulton Regional Health Center. Services at both locations focus on women's health and children's dental health services.

Employment services are offered through several different organizations including the Atlanta Fulton Public Library System, which offers free classes in Word, Excel and Powerpoint and in computer programming/coding. Local non-profits such as Caring Works, Inc., North Fulton Community Charities and the Mary Hall Freedom House also provide services such as vocational and GED programs, computer literacy, and work readiness classes.

List and describe services and facilities that meet the needs of homeless persons, particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth. If the services and facilities are listed on screen SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure or screen MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services, describe how these facilities and services specifically address the needs of these populations.

Gilgal, Inc.

Located in the City of Atlanta, Gilgal, Inc. operates a transitional housing facility for homeless women suffering from drug and alcohol addiction. The services provided include case management, counseling, health services during their tenure in transitional housing. The organization also provides supportive services following graduation from the program.

Nicholas House, Inc.

Nicholas House, Inc. provides emergency shelter for homeless families at its Boulevard location. The organization offers permanent supportive housing for chronically homeless families. Nicholas House also offers rapid-rehousing and homeless prevention services in the form of both subsidized housing and financial assistance, such as rent deposits, first month's rent, apartment application fees, and moving costs.

Caring Works, Inc.

Caring Works offers emergency shelter for men through its 70-bed Hope House facility. Hope House also provides services for the deaf and hard of hearing. Caring Works offers short-term and long-term supportive housing for adults, women with children, and adults over 18 with disabilities. Caring Works

also provides supportive services to its clients, including childcare, employment assistance, legal assistance and mental health services.

Drake House

The Drake House provides 90- to 180-day emergency shelter to homeless women and children in north Fulton County. The Drake House operates also operates the Drake Closet, the Drake Village Apartments for single mothers with children, and the Drake Activity Center which provides afterschool care.

Family Promise of North Fulton/Dekalb

Family Promise of North Fulton/Dekalb is a collective of host churches and synagogues that provide emergency shelter for homeless families. Families rotate weekly amongst the member churches and synagogues in the organization. Family Promise also offers meals and case management services.

Georgia Center for Youth Excellence

Georgia Center for Youth Excellence operates a transitional housing facility for homeless male youth age 16-22 and permanent supportive housing for youth age 18-24. The services provided include case management, counseling, health services during their tenure in transitional housing and while they are in permanent supportive housing.

HomeStretch

This organization provides 23 supportive housing units to families in north Metro Atlanta. Participants in the program must have a householder who is employed fulltime and the family must be homeless or eminently homeless.

Traveler's Aid of Metropolitan Atlanta, Inc./HOPE Atlanta

HOPE Atlanta provides permanent supportive and transitional housing with case management to variety of groups, including domestic violence victims, individuals living with HIV/AIDS, chronically homeless, veterans, grandparents raising grandchildren, and persons with disabilities. HOPE Atlanta also provides street outreach for chronically homeless individuals. The organization offers a Veteran's Workforce Development Program to assist veterans with employment services including job training and transportation assistance.

Mary Hall Freedom House, Inc.

The Mary Hall Freedom House provides a range of services to homeless women and children, including daycare, after-school programming, parenting classes, and counseling for children; day treatment programs and other mental health services; a 24-hour assessment center for emergency housing services, transitional housing, permanent housing and housing for veterans.

North Fulton Community Charities

The North Fulton Community Charities provides supportive services to families, including rental and utility assistance. The organization also provides a range of social services, such as food assistance, clothing assistance, and connection to educational, employment and government resources.

Partnership Against Domestic Violence

The Partnership Against Domestic Violence offers services for adults experiencing domestic violence, to include a 24-hour crisis line, 96 emergency shelter beds at two locations, supportive housing, legal advocacy and educational services.

Zion Hill Community Development Corporation

The Zion Hill CDC offers rent and utility assistance in eight South Fulton county cities. The Zion Hill CDC also provides permanent supportive housing to disabled women over 55 and disabled young adults aged 18-24. The organization provides transitional housing, a clothing closet, educational workshops and serves as a United Way 211 resource satellite center.

MA-35 SPECIAL NEEDS FACILITIES AND SERVICES - 91.210(D)

Introduction

This section describes the housing and social service needs of Fulton County's special populations, including the elderly, frail elderly, domestic violence victims, residents with a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS, and residents with substance abuse addiction, mental health diagnosis or a disability.

Including the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with alcohol or other drug addictions, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, public housing residents and any other categories the jurisdiction may specify, describe their supportive housing needs.

Housing and supportive needs of these subpopulations (the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, persons with alcohol or drug addiction, victims of domestic violence, and persons with a criminal record and their families) were determined by input from both service providers and the public through the survey, public meetings and stakeholder interviews.

According to 2013-2017 ACS data, approximately 11% of Fulton County residents are aged 65 years and over. Elderly individuals aged 70-74 are projected to be the largest growing age group in the county between the years 2016-2021. 19 The largest areas of growth for the elderly, outside of Atlanta, are in north Fulton. Stakeholders note that the greatest supportive housing needs for seniors are those services that allow them to live independently at home. Despite being stably housed, seniors may not be able to perform maintenance or pay for maintenance on their homes, which could be offered through supportive services for independent living. Seniors also need services that protect their assets, such as wills and estate planning, or educate them on popular scams in the real estate market.

Seniors and persons with disabilities both find their mobility services limited based on where they live. MARTA Mobility, the paratransit service serving Fulton County, requires that riders live within one mile of a bus line. This restriction can prove difficult for seniors and persons with disabilities living in suburban

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¹⁹ "Annual Report 2017." Fulton County Government Department of Senior Services. http://www.fultoncountyga.gov/images/stories/Aging_Youth/2018/2017_Annual_Report__ _Department_of_Senior_Services.pdf

and rural areas of Chattahoochee Hills, South Fulton, Fairburn and Palmetto, and particularly in car-centric areas of Alpharetta, Johns Creek, Roswell and Mountain Park. Furthermore, service providers note that it is difficult to find supportive housing for individuals with behavior health needs and developmental disabilities.

Stakeholders note that persons living with HIV/AIDS have an increased need for permanent supportive housing in the region. Supportive housing services are optional in housing first model, making it difficult to serve clients who opt not to participate in services. Persons living with HIV/AIDS also have a special need for access to private and cool medication storage. Due to the stigma around HIV/AIDS, those without consistent access to medication store may fail to take the medications regularly, or may store medications in private but unrefrigerated locations, reducing the effectiveness of the medications and increasing the likelihood of a worsening disease.

According to the website for the Partnership Against Domestic Violence, a metropolitan Atlanta-serving non-profit, the organization provides several supportive housing services for victims of domestic violence. These services include "rent and additional financial assistance, community resources, emotional support and ongoing skill development." Supportive services such as these assist victims of domestic violence with maintaining stable housing and improving the overall well-being of victims and their children.

Describe programs for ensuring that persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing.

Throughout the state of Georgia, persons discharged from mental and physical health facilities may be released to homeless shelters and extended stay motels but typically are not assigned case management services.²¹

Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. 91.315(e)

In 2019, Fulton County used CDBG and HOME funds to support youth services, homeless services, home rehab programs, down payment assistance to homebuyers, and tenant-based rental assistance, among other programs. Although the County did target activities specifically to non-homeless special needs populations, these activities are expected to provide a community-wide benefit, which will support some of the unique needs of people within these subpopulations.

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²⁰ Partnership Against Domestic Violence, "Helping Hearts with Housing." Accessed December 6, 2019. https://padv.org/helpingheartswithhousing

²¹ "Georgia's efforts to fix mental health system fall short, monitor says." Accessed October 24, 2019. https://www.ajc.com/news/state--regional-govt--politics/georgia-efforts-fix-mental-health-system-fall-short-monitor-says/7wWMNdgm1ZfXp15Yk23cUO/

MA-40 BARRIERS TO AFFORDABLE HOUSING - 91.210(E)

Describe any negative effects of public policies on affordable housing and residential investment.

Through the Fulton County Homeownership Program, the county provides funding for down payment assistance of up to 6% of the purchase price, or \$10,000 maximum. Stakeholders noted, however, that the amount of down payment assistance provides more assistance in the southern part of Fulton County – where home prices are generally lower – than it provides to homebuyers in north Fulton where home prices are higher, or where higher incomes may not meet the program's criteria.

The Homeownership Program allows down payment assistance to go toward existing home priced no higher than \$201,000. New homes cannot be priced above \$244,000. The program serves several cities, including Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto and Union City. However, HUD Market Data on the Fulton/Dekalb County housing market area (HMA) states that around one-third of new homes built since 2013 have been built in north Fulton County. North Fulton is also projected to have home prices exceeding \$579,999 for large, single-family units. South Fulton County accounts for 21% of all new homes built since 2013, however, projected demand is \$180,000-\$279.999 for smaller single-family units and townhomes. Across the board, home prices in the region are projected to have the greatest demand in the \$280,000 to \$379,999 range, with the second greatest demand in the \$380,000 to \$479,999 range. Those seeking to utilize the County's Homeownership Program are most likely to assist residents in the southern part of the County where home prices are projected to be lower that north Fulton.

MA-45 NON-HOUSING COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ASSETS – 91.215 (F)

Introduction

This section outlines the employment, labor force, and educational attainment data which informed the development of priorities and goals in this Plan.

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²² Ibid. p. 11

Business Activity

TABLE 44 - BUSINESS ACTIVITY

Business by Sector	Number of Workers	Number of Jobs	Share of Workers	Share of Jobs	Jobs less Workers
Agriculture, Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction	129	109	0	0	0
Arts, Entertainment, Accommodations	13,950	21,657	13	11	-2
Construction	3,133	3,864	3	2	-1
Education and Health Care Services	15,506	13,552	14	7	-7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	8,559	18,968	8	9	2
Information	5,338	15,745	5	8	3
Manufacturing	5,104	9,577	5	5	0
Other Services	3,054	4,950	3	2	0
Professional, Scientific, Management Services	13,756	26,872	13	13	1
Public Administration	0	0	0	0	0
Retail Trade	12,247	17,309	11	9	-3
Transportation, Warehousing, Utilities	8,629	24,260	8	12	4
Wholesale Trade	7,160	18,938	7	9	3
Total	96,565	175,801			

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS (Workers), 2015 Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (Jobs)

Labor Force

TABLE 45 - LABOR FORCE

Total population in the civilian labor force	146,258
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	130,734
Unemployment rate	10.6%
Unemployment rate for ages 16-24	22.8%
Unemployment rate for ages 25-65	7.2%

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

TABLE 46 – OCCUPATIONS BY SECTOR

Occupations by Sector	Number	
Management, business, and financial	38,815	
Farming, fisheries, and forestry	6,444	
Service	10,509	
Sales and office	34,525	
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair	6,803	
Production, transportation, and material moving	6,657	

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

Travel Time

TABLE 47 – TRAVEL TIME

Travel Time	Number	Percentage	
< 30 Minutes	63,715	54%	
30-59 Minutes	40,005	34%	
60 or More Minutes	14,903	13%	
Total	118,623	100%	

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

Education

TABLE 48 - EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS (POPULATION AGE 25 TO 64)

Educational Attainment	In Labor F	Not in	
Educational Attainment	Civilian Employed	Unemployed	Labor Force
Less than high school graduate	6,505	1,443	5,085
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	19,389	3,069	8,424
Some college or associate degree	32,260	4,109	10,188
Bachelor's degree or higher	56,655	2,962	10,090

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

TABLE 49 - EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY AGE

Educational Attainment	Age				
Euucationai Attainment	18-24 yrs.	25-34 yrs.	35–44 yrs.	45-64 yrs.	65+ yrs.
Less than 9th grade	375	1,594	979	1,830	1,846
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	4,053	3,554	1,918	3,202	2,142
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	7,178	6,937	8,002	15,918	7,570
Some college, no degree	8,245	9,179	9,733	15,487	4,703
Associate degree	710	2,790	3,459	5,938	1,451
Bachelor's degree	2,028	11,549	13,159	20,232	4,058
Graduate or professional degree	244	4,294	8,186	12,344	2,947

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

TABLE 50 - MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Educational Attainment	Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months
Less than high school graduate	\$18,019
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	\$25,046
Some college or associate degree	\$31,301
Bachelor's degree	\$55,424
Graduate or professional degree	\$74,379

Data Source: 2011-2015 ACS

Based on the business activity table below, what are the major employment sectors within your jurisdiction?

Select Fulton, the County's economic development and workforce development initiative, identifies economic drivers in north and south Fulton County, including headquarters for several major companies (UPS, Delta, Chick-Fil-A and others) and Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta international airport. Major employers include the Southern Company, Home Depot, Delta, SunTrust Bank, Coca Cola, UPS, and NCR. Select Fulton also identifies several focus industries including film and entertainment, logistics / supply chain, life science / health IT, global commerce, and fintech (finance and technology).

As shown in the business activity table, Fulton County's largest employment sectors are professional, scientific, and management services (26,872 jobs or 13%); transportation, warehousing, and utilities (24,260 jobs or 12%); and arts, entertainment, and accommodations (21,657 jobs or 11%).

Looking at employed Fulton County residents (i.e., "number of workers" in Table 44), the largest shares are employed in education and health care services (15,506 workers or 14%); arts, entertainment, and accommodations (13,950 workers or 13%); and professional, scientific, and management services (13,756 workers or 13%).

Fulton County industries that draw the greatest number of employees from outside of the entitlement jurisdiction boundaries include transportation, warehousing, and utilities and professional, scientific, and management services. The education and health care services industry is the only one in which Fulton County residents employed in the industry outnumber Fulton County jobs in the industry, indicating that a number of residents are working in other jurisdictions, including the city of Atlanta.

Describe the workforce and infrastructure needs of the business community.

According to the Fulton County Workforce Preparation and Employment System Local Workforce Development Plan (2016), jobs requiring a post-graduate degree are expected to grow most rapidly over the next decade (increasing 1.5% per year). Jobs requiring a bachelor's or associate degree are also expected to have above average growth (increasing 1.3% per year). According to a 2015 analysis of job postings, baseline skills most requested by employers include soft skills, such as communication, problem solving, and teamwork, as well as hard skills, including Microsoft Excel, Microsoft Office, and project management skills. The most requested credentials reflect the county's targeted industries of healthcare, information technology, and transportation and logistics, including certifications such as Registered Nurse, Certified Driver's License, and Cisco Certified Network Associate. The state's aging workforce combined with low local unemployment rates and anticipated business growth means that workforce development and expansion is a key local economic development need. The 2016 Workforce Preparation and Employment System Local Workforce Development Plan focuses on supporting the County's highgrowth industries of healthcare, information technology, and transportation and logistics.

Describe any major changes that may have an economic impact, such as planned local or regional public or private sector investments or initiatives that have affected or may affect job and business growth opportunities during the planning period. Describe any needs for workforce development, business support or infrastructure these changes may create.

Demographic changes anticipated over the next several years are likely to impact workforce needs and job growth opportunities in Fulton County and the state of Georgia. The 2017 Metro Atlanta Regional Economic Competitiveness Strategy (CATALYST) projects that the population aged 65 and older will increase by 153% from 2016 to 2040, while other population cohorts are projected to grow by 25% or less over the same time period. As Baby Boomers age and leave the workforce, these openings will augment demand for workers generated by industry growth. The County, its businesses, and its local and regional economic development partners will benefit from a proactive approach to workforce development, including strategies currently employed by the Workforce Development Division and others.

Affordable housing, including housing near job centers, will be an increasingly important component to supporting workforce and business attraction and retention. Stakeholders interviewed as part of this planning process emphasized the need for affordable housing that is close to jobs, resources, and transportation, including a need for a variety of housing types and sizes. This housing is of particular need for seniors, people with disabilities, people transitioning from homelessness, and people living with HIV/AIDS. With increasing demand for housing in areas closer to the Atlanta city center, affordable housing close to jobs, resources, and transportation is becoming more difficult to find in the county, and low-income residents are often unable to access these areas of higher opportunity or are displaced by rising housing costs. Rising housing costs are also a primary contributor to high levels of homelessness in the county. To that end, there is a growing need to devote resources to the development of affordable housing with access to jobs, services, and transportation.

How do the skills and education of the current workforce correspond to employment opportunities in the jurisdiction?

The 2017 Metro Atlanta Regional Economic Competitiveness Strategy (CATALYST) identified the following strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats regarding talent and education in the region:

Strengths:

- Metro Atlanta is well educated. At both the associate's degree and bachelor's degree levels, educational attainment within the region exceeds the U.S. average.
- Racial and ethnic minorities in the region are more likely to possess a post-secondary education than their counterparts in many other major metropolitan areas.
- Programs such as the Georgia Hope Scholarship and public Pre-K programs provide the state with remarkable infrastructure from which to increase access to quality education.
- The region's many colleges and universities have substantial levels of R&D activity.
- Recent initiatives such as Learn4Life, a regional consortium dedicated to improving public education throughout metro Atlanta, and the MAX Provider Portal, demonstrate the power of regional collaboration.
- The Hope Career Grant provides free tuition to technical school students enrolled in programs

Weaknesses:

- According to Learn4Life's indicators for the five-county core region, just 20% of children attend a "high quality" early education center. Only 40% of third graders are proficient in reading, and only 38% of 8th-graders are proficient in math.
- CATALYST survey participants characterized access to early childhood/ pre-school education, elementary and middle schools, and high schools as 'below average.'
- Although educational attainment levels of racial and ethnic minorities in metro Atlanta exceed those
 of other regions, they significantly trail educational attainment levels of our region's White, NonHispanic individuals.
- Post-secondary enrollment rates among graduating high school students in many counties within the region are less than the statewide average of 60%.
- There are growing concerns that schools don't do enough to boost students' career readiness or promote lifelong learning.

Connected Opportunities:

• Improving educational outcomes throughout metro Atlanta will ultimately contribute to increased entrepreneurship and innovation, improve economic mobility, and heighten the region's global competitiveness.

Connected Threats:

Poor educational outcomes often reflect concentrated poverty within a community. Unless the region
can more effectively combat poverty and improve educational outcomes, too many residents will lack
the skills necessary to thrive in today's workplace. Without a highly skilled workforce, the region's
global business environment will also become less competitive.

Describe any current workforce training initiatives, including those supported by Workforce Investment Boards, community colleges and other organizations. Describe how these efforts will support the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.

A variety of workforce training initiatives are available in Fulton County, indicating that local partners are responding to needs of the business community and workforce. Generally, workforce training initiatives support Consolidated Plan goals related to economic development but also serve as potential opportunities to reduce poverty by helping unemployed and underemployed residents connect with higher-paying, in-demand jobs. The following are available in Fulton County, either to businesses or residents:

The Office of Workforce Development/WorkSource Fulton

- The Office of Workforce Development provides career and training services to adults, dislocated workers, and youth of Fulton County.
- Fulton County offers training for residents who meet the following criteria:
 - o Residents laid off by an employer in the County within the last 12 months
 - Underemployed residents who make minimum wage, and need better employment
- Fulton County's Workforce Development services are offered in three locations in North, Central and South Fulton.

- Programs offered include a paid summer youth internship program in which youth aged 16-24 can develop career skills, recruitment fairs with employers, and programs focused on training for veterans.
- WorkSource Fulton can also provide participants with Individual Training Accounts (ITA) for attendance at an education institution approved by the state of Georgia.

Higher Education in Fulton County

As described in the Fulton County Workforce Preparation and Employment System Local Workforce
Development Plan (2016), Fulton County is home to nearly 50 institutions offering academic degrees
and credentials. The plan notes that these institutions awarded 22,700 degrees and awards in the
county in 2014. Of these academic awards, nearly 50% were for Bachelor's degrees.

Does your jurisdiction participate in a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS)? If so, what economic development initiatives are you undertaking that may be coordinated with the Consolidated Plan? If not, describe other local/regional plans or initiatives that impact economic growth.

Fulton County participated in the 2017 Metro Atlanta Regional Economic Competitiveness Strategy (CATALYST), a regional plan prepared by the Atlanta Regional Commission and covering Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry and Rockdale counties. The strategy serves as the Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) in accordance with the U.S. Economic Development Administration's requirements, and as a guide for policies, programs, and investments to support economic development in the region.

The 2017 Metro Atlanta Regional Economic Competitiveness Strategy identified four overarching pillars for regional prosperity, including:

- "Engaged and employed. The goal of this pillar is that everyone can thrive in a robust global economy. To have a vibrant regional economy requires metro Atlanta's leaders to proactively position the region as a global business destination, collaboratively investing in the infrastructure, workforce, quality of life, and other assets that help businesses thrive. It also entails providing ample avenues for all residents to create their own businesses and re-engage in the workforce if they have disengaged.
- **Prepared and productive.** The goal of this pillar is that everyone is prepared to advance in a productive career and lifelong. The region must continually invest in improving educational outcomes for all residents. Ensuring successful educational outcomes starts with early childhood programs and carries through K-12, training, higher education, and adult learning equitably in every community, in every school in the region. Offering a seamless ladder of educational opportunities aligned with, and anticipating, the needs of business is one of the most important steps to achieving CATLYST's vision.
- Healthy and housed. The goal of this pillar is that everyone has options for a healthy lifestyle and
 quality, affordable housing. Engaging residents in productive careers begins with ensuring that
 everyone has attainable opportunities to be healthy and have a home. Only after these immediate

- needs are met can residents effectively connect with their communities, pursue training and education, and seek jobs.
- **Connected and resilient.** The goal of this pillar is that everyone can connect to the people, places and information needed to have a resilient, prosperous life. Being connected to the community whether physically via transit or civically through volunteerism, cultural activities, and political processes will improve the ability of residents to personally improve their quality of life."

The plan's strategic framework was developed in terms of these broader pillars (see Figure 3).

Economic development continues to be a goal for Fulton County and its Workforce Development Division, and activities the County anticipates undertaking over the next five years will support several of the strategies listed in the CEDS. The County's Workforce Development Division will continue efforts to provide job training and employment readiness education, as described in the response to the preceding question.

FIGURE 3: METRO ATLANTA REGIONAL ECONOMIC COMPETITIVENESS STRATEGY COMPLETE STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK

ENGAGED & EMPLOYED

Expand the regional economic development marketing alliance's activities.

Further amplify and activate Aerotropolis Atlanta.

Promote and expand resources available for entrepreneurs and small businesses.

Establish an entrepreneurial platform dedicated to solving regional problems.

Expand programs that connect corporations and MWSBEs.

Fully support Learn4Life and replicate similar cradle-to-career initiatives throughout metro Atlanta.

Raise awareness of viable STEAM career tracks among K-12 students and their parents.

Increase early childhood education funding and quality programming.

PREPARED & PRODUCTIVE

Continue to expand the region's involvement in HDCI, creating sector partnerships and programming. Support the development of entrepreneurial thinking among the region's youth.

Increase businesses' engagement in schools across the region.

Address gaps in education, workforce development, and social support offerings across the region.

Establish a collective impact approach to reengage disconnected workers across the region.

Expand expungement programs for nonviolent criminal offenders.

HEALTHY & HOUSED

Facilitate a regional housing strategy.

Build the capacity of nonprofits and other organizations dedicated to housing.

Provide local governments with a toolkit to address poverty.

Expand resources to help communities improve healthy, safe lifestyles for their residents.

Update requirements of ARC's programs to reflect the spirit of the CATLYST Strategy.

CONNECTED & RESILIENT

Study and take action on the inheritance of poverty and its negative impacts.

Establish an organization dedicated to advancing diverse leadership across the region.

In a comprehensive regional approach, protect and connect future green spaces.

Seek funding diversity for the LCI to support broader efforts.

Expand ARC's Regional Public Art Program and similar programs.

Increase area counties' participation in a regional transit network.

Host regional forums to ensure the region is prepared for autonomous vehicles and other disruptors.

MA-50 NEEDS AND MARKET ANALYSIS DISCUSSION

Are there areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

HUD defines four types of housing problems: (1) cost burden of more than 30%, (2) more than one person per room, (3) lack of complete kitchen facilities, and (4) lack of complete plumbing facilities. The HUD-provided map below shows the share of households within each census tract that have at least one of these housing problems. A concentration of households with housing needs is defined as a census tract where more than 40% of households have at least one housing need.

Using the above definition, there are many census tracts in Fulton County – primarily in south Fulton County – that demonstrate a clustering of households with housing needs. Incorporated cities in south Fulton County as well as the remainder of unincorporated Fulton County all contain census tracts where more than 40% of households have at least one housing problem. Furthermore, several census tracts experience housing problems at an even higher rate than the rest of south Fulton County. Census tracts extending between Camp Creek Parkway and Roosevelt Highway, and those along Old National Highway south to Burdett Road show that more than 50% of their households have at least one housing problem.

Census tracts where households demonstrate one or more housing needs are generally tracts where the population is predominantly African American. Figures 4 through 6 show strong patterns of disproportionate representation of Black households in census tracts where households with housing needs are clustered.

Are there any areas in the jurisdiction where racial or ethnic minorities or low-income families are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

Geographic patterns for racial and ethnic minorities in Fulton County are shown in Figure 4 and 6. Concentration is defined as a census tract in which more than 50% of residents are racial and ethnic minorities.

Excluding the cities of Hapeville and Chattahoochee Hills, nearly all census tracts in south Fulton County are predominantly African American (i.e. greater than 50%), with several census tracts identifying rates of Black residency greater than 90%. North Fulton County also has several census tracts whose population is largely racial and ethnic minorities. These areas, primarily in Alpharetta, have greater diversity amongst the racial and ethnic minority groups than in south Fulton County. For example, the population in census tract 116.21 in Alpharetta is 21% Black, 29% Asian and 6.5% Hispanic. Similarly, the population in census tract 116.19 in Alpharetta is 17% Black, 23% Asian and 9% Hispanic.

In its fair housing planning guidance, HUD defines racially or ethnically concentrated areas of poverty (R/ECAP) where more than one-half of the population are people of color and the individual poverty rate is over 40%. There are three R/ECAP census tracts in the study area of Fulton County, as shown in Figure 7. The R/ECAP census tracts are in the cities of East Point and College Park, close to the Hartsfield Jackson International Airport.

Census tract 100, located in East Point, is bound by Sylvan Road to the east, Cleveland Avenue to the north and Central Avenue to the south. Census tract 106.01 in College Park is bound by Main Street to the east, Washington Road to the west and Harvard Avenue to the south. Census tract 106.03 in College Park covers the eastern part of Camp Creek Parkway, with most of the population in this tract living west of Hershel Road.

HUD also identifies CDBG-eligible block groups where there are concentrations of low- and moderate-income families. HUD defines a concentration as a block group where low- and moderate-income households make up more than 51% of total households in the block group. Outside of those block groups in Atlanta, there are 38 block groups in Fulton County with concentrations of low- and moderate-income households.²³ These block groups are located solely in the cities of south Fulton County, to include East Point, College Park, Hapeville, South Fulton, Union City, Fairburn, Palmetto and Chattahoochee Hills. These cities have the highest rates of housing need and the largest African American populations in the county.

What are the characteristics of the market in these areas/neighborhoods?

R/ECAP areas in College Park and East Point predominantly have renter households. In census tract 110, located in East Point, renters compose 65% of all occupied units, compared to 35% of units that are owner occupied. In census tract 106.01 in College Park, 38% of residents are homeowners compared to 62% who are renters. In census tract 106.03, homeownership is at 18% of all occupied units, compared to 82% renters.

Are there any community assets in these areas/neighborhoods?

R/ECAP areas in College Park and East Point contain several community assets. Census tract 106.01 in College Park is largely residential, but is also home to College Park City Hall, College Park Elementary School, Frank McLarin High School, the Woodward Academy Primary School (private), the northern end of the Main Street commercial district, a grocery store, the Metro Atlanta Urban Farm, the College Park library, and the Wayman & Bessie Brady Recreation Center. Census tract 106.03 contains the College Park Regional Health Department, the Main Street commercial district, the city's post office, The Main Street Academy and the Georgia International Convention Center. Census tract 110 is home to the Wellstar Atlanta Medical Center South, Parklane Elementary School, KIPP South Fulton Academy, and the John D. Miller Athletic Complex.

Are there other strategic opportunities in any of these areas?

Two of three RECAP areas in Fulton County abut MARTA rail stations, providing access to public transportation throughout the region. All R/ECAP areas are close to the Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport, which provides employment opportunities for residents in the area.

²³ HUD Maps, "Low- and Moderate-Income Area Data, based on 2011-2015 ACS." https://hud.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=ffd0597e8af24f88b501b7e7f326bedd

Jurisdiction Region Demographics 2010 1 Dot = 75 🎀🚰 White, Non-Hispanic Black, Non-Hispanic Native American, Non-Hispanic Asian/Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic Hispanic 📑 Other, Non-Hispanic Multi-racial, Non-Hispanic TRACT

FIGURE 4 - DEMOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION BY RACE AND ETHNICITY IN SOUTH FULTON COUNTY

Map Source: HUD Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Data and Mapping Tool, https://egis.hud.gov/affht/

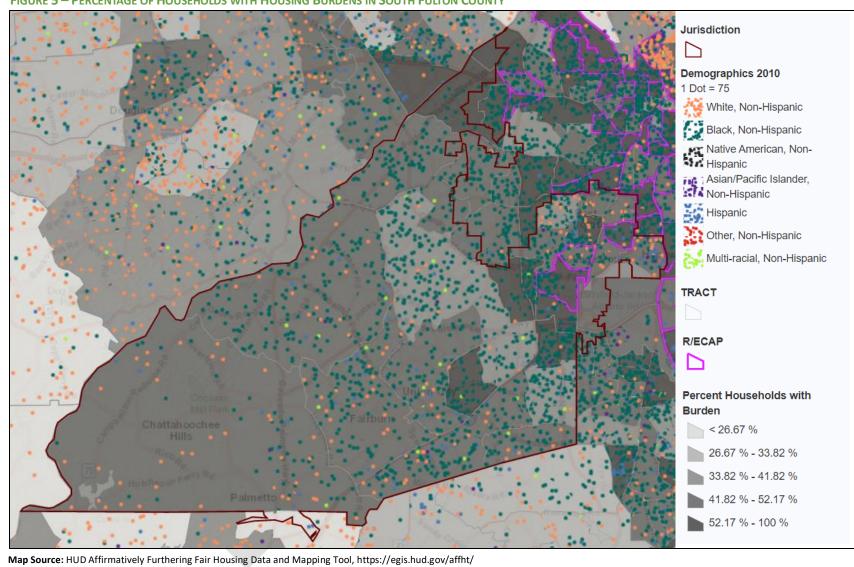


FIGURE 5 - PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH HOUSING BURDENS IN SOUTH FULTON COUNTY

Jurisdiction Demographics 2010 1 Dot = 75 White, Non-Hispanic Black, Non-Hispanic Native American, Non-Hispanic Asian/Pacific Islander,
Non-Hispanic Hispanic Other, Non-Hispanic Multi-racial, Non-Hispanic TRACT R/ECAP Percent Households with Burden < 26.67 % 26.67 % - 33.82 % 33.82 % - 41.82 % 41.82 % - 52.17 % 52.17 % - 100 % Map Source: HUD Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Data and Mapping Tool, https://egis.hud.gov/affht/

FIGURE 6 - PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH HOUSING BURDENS IN NORTH FULTON COUNTY

Jurisdiction Region R/ECAP

FIGURE 7 – R/ECAP AREAS IN SOUTH FULTON COUNTY

Map Source: HUD Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Data and Mapping Tool, https://egis.hud.gov/affht/

MA-60 BROADBAND NEEDS OF HOUSING OCCUPIED BY LOW- AND MODERATE-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS - 91.210(A)(4), 91.310(A)(2)

Describe the need for broadband wiring and connections for households, including low- and moderate-income households and neighborhoods.

Broadband connectivity is a vital resource which increases citizens' equitable access to employment opportunities, education, and other personal enrichment found on the internet. Low- to moderate-income households often have less broadband access than their wealthier counterparts, creating a digital divide that limits personal and professional opportunities for low-income households. In 2015, the FCC defined broadband as internet access with download speeds of the 25 Megabits per second (Mbps) and upload speeds of 3 Mbps (otherwise notated as 25/3). With broadband access, internet users can partake in file downloading, video streaming, email and other critical features that are necessary for modern communications.

Fulton County's broadband connectivity is captured in the Phase I Georgia Broadband Map published by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The Phase I map is based upon the Federal Communications Commission's collection of self-reported data from broadband service providers on Form 477. Some sources have criticized the Form 477 methodology, noting that any census tract with *at least one residential or business broadband consumer* is counted as being "served." Georgia has begun to produce its own broadband maps, known as the Phase II maps, which are based on addresses instead of census tracts, and require broadband service providers to report each address they serve. Georgia's pilot broadband maps by county utilized a much higher threshold to qualify census tracts as "served" - 81% of addresses in the census tract have broadband access. Three rural Georgia counties studied in the pilot program showed vast differences in actual broadband coverage from what was reported in FCC maps, indicating the possibility for severe inaccuracies when using FCC maps to identify areas served by broadband.

Fulton County's broadband service coverage, as it exists on the current Phase I Georgia Broadband Map, is shown in the figure below. Several areas of the county are shown as "unserved," including nearly 40 census blocks in Chattahoochee Hills Country and lower South Fulton (city), and another 40 census blocks along Fulton Industrial Boulevard along the western boundary. The map also shows scattered unserved census blocks, primarily in the southern Fulton cities of Palmetto, Fairburn, Union City and East Point. Unserved census blocks in north Fulton county tend to be adjacent to SR 400 in Alpharetta. FCC data indicates that most census blocks in the county are served with broadband, although the number of addresses with broadband access are still unknown.

The largest shares of low-income residents in Fulton County live in the southern part of the county. According to the 2011-2015 5-Year ACS, census tracts 110, 113.05, and 106.03 in College Park and East Point have the median incomes less than 50% AMI (less than \$28,604 per year). The Phase I Broadband Map indicates that these census tracts have both "served" and "unserved" areas. The "unserved" census

blocks tend to be adjacent to major roads, such as Central Avenue in East Point and Camp Creek Parkway in both East Point and College Park.

Twelve additional census tracts in southern Fulton County have median incomes between 50% AMI and 80% AMI (or \$45,766). These census tracts are dispersed throughout several cities including South Fulton (3 tracts), East Point (3), College Park (2), Union City (2), Fairburn (1) and Hapeville (1). The Phase I Map shows that these tracts largely have broadband services, except for many scattered unserved census blocks. The largest clusters of these unserved or unpopulated census blocks appear to cover industrial sites, such as the former Shannon Mall site in Union City and the Coca-Cola building on Edison Road in College Park. Unserved areas are also shown along major roadways, such as I-85 in Hapeville. A more accurate assessment of broadband coverage in Fulton County should be captured upon the availability of address level service data.

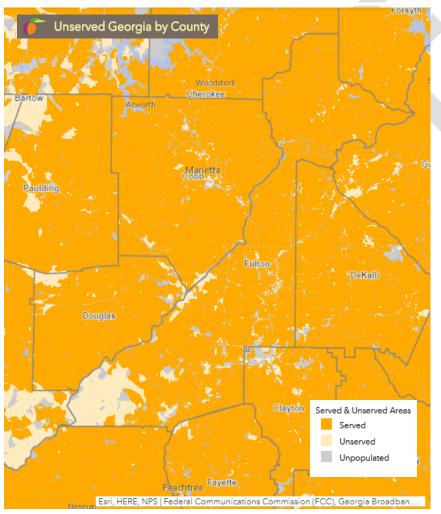


FIGURE 8 – PHASE I GEORGIA BROADBAND MAP, FULTON COUNTY

Data Source: GA Department of Community Affairs https://broadband.georgia.gov/maps/unserved-georgia-county

Describe the need for increased competition by having more than one broadband internet service provider serve the jurisdiction.

According to the Federal Communications Commission's Interactive Broadband Map, residential areas in the Fulton County have several cable broadband providers, offering broadband via fiber, cable, ADSL and satellite technologies. Across Fulton County, AT&T is the main provider of broadband via fiber-optic cable, although fiber is also provided by Windstream Holdings and Hotwire Communications in some commercial districts of Alpharetta abutting SR 400, as well as a residential subdivision in Milton. Comcast offers fixed cable broadband throughout most of Fulton County, with minor competition from Charter Communications in scattered sites in north Fulton (e.g. Northview High School in John's Creek). AT&T also offers ADSL technology in most areas of the county. ViaSat and Hughes Network Systems universally offer satellite internet, which is the only provider for many scattered areas sites throughout the county; however, site receiving satellite service tend to be undeveloped or industrial sites.

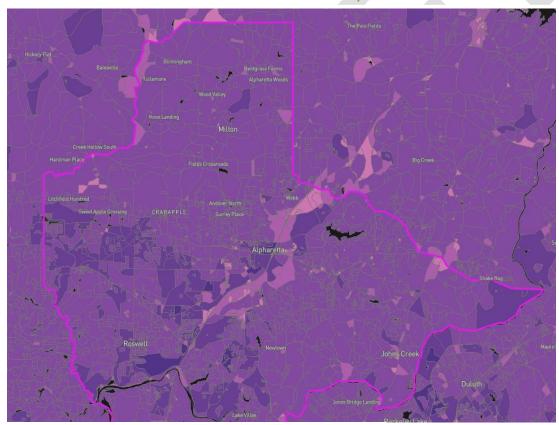
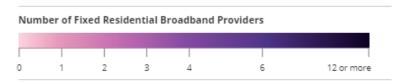


FIGURE 9 - NUMBER OF BROADBAND PROVIDERS BY CENSUS BLOCK, NORTH FULTON COUNTY

Fulton County, GA



Data Source: FCC Fixed Broadband Deployment Map, https://broadbandmap.fcc.gov/#/

Douglasville

Essi Pont

All

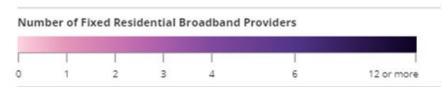
SouthFatton

Union Civ.

Riverdale

FIGURE 10 - NUMBER OF BROADBAND PROVIDERS BY CENSUS BLOCK, SOUTH FULTON COUNTY





Data Source: FCC Fixed Broadband Deployment Map, https://broadbandmap.fcc.gov/#/

MA-65 HAZARD MITIGATION - 91.210(A)(5), 91.310(A)(3)

Describe the jurisdiction's increased natural hazard risks associated with climate change.

The impact of increasing natural hazard risks driven by with climate change on low- and moderate-income households is an important consideration for regional planners, city staff, and housing and service providers in Fulton County and the region. The Fulton County Multijurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, updated in 2016, identifies hazards most likely to impact the county and its municipalities. The plan notes several likely, possible, and unlikely hazards in Fulton County. Based on average ratings from municipalities in Fulton County, severe weather, tornadoes, and flooding are likely hazards, while winter storms, heat waves, droughts, wildfire, tropical systems, dam failure, and sinkholes are possible hazards (see Figure 11). The plan identifies and analyzes mitigation actions and projects for each participating municipality.

FIGURE 11 - COUNTYWIDE RISK ASSESSMENT MATRIX

Countywide Risk Assessment Matrix											
Hazards Assessed											
Jurisdiction	Severe Weather	Tornadoes	Flood	Winter Storm	Heat Wave	Drought	Wildfire/Urba n Interface	Tropical System	Dam Failure	Sinkhole	Earthquake
Alpharetta	L	L	L	L	Р	L	Р	Р	Р	U	Р
Atlanta	L	L	L	Р	Р	Р	U	Р	Р	Р	U
Chattahoochee Hills	L	L	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	U	U	U	U
College Park	L	Р	Р	Р	Р	U	Р	Р	U	Р	U
East Point	Р	Р	L	Р	Р	L	Р	Р	U	Р	U
Fairburn	Н	Н	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	U	Р	Р	U
Hapeville	L	L	Р	L	L	Р	Р	Р	U	U	Р
Johns Creek	U	Р	Р	Р	Р	L	U	Р	U	Р	U
Milton	L	L	L	L	Р	Р	Р	U	Р	Р	Р
Mountain Park	Р	Р	L	Р	Р	Р	L	U	Р	Р	U
Palmetto	L	L	U	L	L	Р	Р	Р	Р	U	U
Roswell	L	L	L	Р	Р	Р	U	Р	Р	U	U
Sandy Springs	U	Р	Р	U	U	U	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Unincorporated S. Fulton	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	L	L	Р
Union City	L	L	L	L	Р	Р	Р	Р	U	U	U
Countywide Ranking by Average Scores	2.73 L	2.73 L	2.53 L	2.40 P	2.20 P	2.20 P	1.93 P	1.86 P	1.67 P	1.67 P	1.33 U

H = Highly Likely (4 points)

Source: Fulton County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan (2016)

L = Likely (3 points)

P = Possible (2 points)

U = Unlikely (1 points)

Describe the vulnerability to these risks of housing occupied by low- and moderate-income households based on an analysis of data, findings, and methods.

The degree to which low- and moderate-income households are vulnerable to increased natural hazards associated with climate change is an important consideration for jurisdictions and regions in preparing environmental resiliency and other plans. The Fourth National Climate Assessment (2018) notes that vulnerable populations, including lower-income and other marginalized communities, have reduced capacity to prepare for and cope with extreme weather and climate change-related events. Because these communities are expected to experience greater impacts, it is important that jurisdictions prioritize adaptation actions for the most vulnerable populations.²⁴ Five-Year 2014-2018 American Community Survey data indicates that:

- An estimated 27,939 of the 200,538 households (13.9%) in the county (outside of the city of Atlanta) have incomes of less than \$25,000 per year; and
- An estimated 9.8% of Fulton County residents (outside of the city of Atlanta) were living below the poverty level in the past 12 months.

For these reasons, a large proportion of the county's residents have reduced capacity to prepare for and cope with extreme weather and other climate change-related events.

²⁴ U.S. Global Change Research Program. (2018). *Fourth National Climate Assessment*. Retrieved from: https://nca2018.globalchange.gov/

STRATEGIC PLAN

SP-05 OVERVIEW

Strategic Plan Overview

This strategic plan will guide the allocation of CDBG, HOME, and ESG funding during the 2020-2024 planning period to address the County's most critical needs. Goals for the 2020-2024 period focus on high priority needs identified through data analysis, community input, consultation with County staff and other public agencies, and review of relevant recently completed plans and studies. While many topics were discussed by community members in developing this Consolidated Plan, the County will focus on key areas over the next five years: (1) affordable housing for renters and homeowners; (2) homeless housing and services; (3) other public services; (4) neighborhood revitalization; and (5) public infrastructure and facility improvements. The priority and goal sections of this strategic plan further describe anticipated activities within each of these key areas.

The County relies on partnerships to achieve Consolidated Plan goals. The Department of Community Development anticipates working with other County departments, municipalities, local nonprofit and public service agencies, local housing providers, and others to address priority needs.

SP-10 GEOGRAPHIC PRIORITIES - 91.215 (A)(1)

Geographic Area

The Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction covers unincorporated Fulton County, as well as the cities of Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, and Union City, who executed a cooperation agreement with Fulton County during urban county requalification process. The cities of Atlanta, Johns Creek, Roswell, and Sandy Springs do not participate with Fulton County and receive their own HUD grant allocations.

Geographically, the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction is divided into north and south portions by the cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs, which lie in middle of the county. HUD-funded activities that qualify on an area basis may be located in any income-eligible areas with the entitlement jurisdiction. HUD-funded activities that qualify based on the clients they serve may be provided throughout Fulton County's service area.

Geographic Distribution

Fulton County does not designate specific areas for allocation of funds as part of its strategic use of HUD grant funds. Instead, the County's programs are designed to serve low- and moderate-income individuals and households and other eligible residents throughout the County's service area.

Rationale for the Priorities for Allocating Investments Geographically

The County chooses not to designate specific geographic target areas so that it may concentrate on priority need for services and improvements based on eligibility, availability of funds, and readiness to proceed. Emphasis, however, will be placed on increasing the quality of standard housing units in the southern part of the County while increasing the number of affordable workforce and senior housing units in the northern part of the County.

Multiple Fulton County departments, non-profit organizations, and municipalities in Fulton County are responsible for implementing programs and services under this Consolidated Plan. Consequently, local interest and initiative in developing projects and activities will determine geographic distribution of the County's housing and community development assistance. The Department of Community Development will consider the following in making annual funding decisions:

- Income eligibility of beneficiaries;
- Responsiveness to Five-Year Consolidated Plan priorities and goals;
- Affirmatively furthering fair housing;
- Leveraging of other funding;
- Sustainability over time;
- Addressing underserved needs; and
- Maximizing impact and reducing administrative costs.

SP-25 PRIORITY NEEDS - 91.215(A)(2)

Priority Needs

TABLE 51 – PRIORITY NEEDS SUMMARY

	Priority need	Develop and Preserve Affordable Rental Housing
	Priority level	High
1	Population(s) served	Extremely low income Low income Moderate income Large family Families with children Elderly / frail elderly Public housing residents People with disabilities
	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable
	Associated goal(s)	Decent Housing Goal #1 – Affordable Housing Construction and Preservation

	Description	 Support the development of rental housing affordable to low- and moderate-income households, including projects located near employment, transportation, and other community resources. As economically feasible, consider possible opportunities to extend the useful life of existing affordable rental housing by funding acquisition and/or rehabilitation activities. Support the development of affordable rental housing for seniors, veterans, people with disabilities, or other special needs households, such as people who are formerly homeless or at risk of homelessness. 					
	Basis for priority	Affordable rental housing was identified as a priority need by focus group participants, interviewees, and survey takers. Community members noted that transitional/bridge housing is needed to move people out of homelessness. The <i>Fulton County Strategic Plan</i> also called for better access to affordable housing as a component of ensuring that all residents are self-sufficient. CHAS data analyzed for this Plan concurs that housing affordability is the most widespread need for renters in the county.					
	Priority need	Affordable Homeownership Opportunities					
	Priority level	High					
	Population(s) served	Low income Moderate income Large families Families with children People with disabilities Public housing residents					
	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable					
2	Associated goal(s)	Decent Housing Goal #1 – Affordable Housing Construction and Preservation Decent Housing Goal #2 – Down Payment Assistance					
	Description	 Support development of for-sale housing units affordable to low- and moderate-income households, including homes located near employment, transportation, or other community resources. Increase the number of first-time homebuyers through down payment and closing cost assistance. Encourage agencies to develop affordable for-sale housing that is accessible to people with disabilities. 					
	Basis for priority	Affordable housing was identified as a priority need by focus group participants, interviewees, and survey takers. Survey participants frequently selected "help buying a home" as a high need, and better access to affordable housing was an objective identified in the County's <i>Strategic Plan</i> . Further, homeownership rate data examined in the Al shows significant gaps by race and ethnicity.					

	Priority need	Housing Rehabilitation Assistance for Homeowners				
	Priority level	High				
	Population(s) served	Extremely low income Low income Moderate income Large families Families with children Elderly People with disabilities				
3	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable				
	Associated goal(s)	Decent Housing Goal #3 – Homeowner Rehabilitation				
	Description	 Preserve the existing affordable housing stock by assisting income- eligible homeowners with housing rehabilitation and repairs, with an emphasis on housing problems affecting health and safety. 				
	Basis for priority	Assistance for homeowners to make housing improvements (including energy efficiency improvements) was a priority need identified survey participants. CHAS data analyzed for this Plan indicates that housing affordability is a widespread issue for low- and moderate-income homeowners, making home repair projects difficult to afford.				
	Priority need	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing				
	Priority level	High				
	Population(s) served	Extremely low income Low income Large families Families with children Elderly / frail elderly Homeless individuals, families, and veterans People with disabilities Victims of domestic violence				
4	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable				
	Associated goal(s)	Decent Housing Goal #4 – Rental Assistance Decent Housing Goal #5 – Homelessness Housing and Prevention				
	Description	 Collaborate with housing authorities in Fulton County to assist income-eligible renter households with tenant-based rental assistance. Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to assist households at-risk of homelessness with short-term rental payments, utility assistance, rapid rehousing, or other assistance. Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to assist people who are homeless through provision of and access to emergency, transitional, and permanent housing to enable them to move to appropriate housing and achieve greater stability. 				

Basis for priority	Homelessness prevention was the number one priority identified by community members who participated in the survey. Transitional housing, permanent housing, and access to shelters were also identified as high needs. Continuum of Care members and other organizations serving homeless populations identified rental assistance and assistance finding housing for households with low and extremely low incomes as priorities for households who are homeless or at-risk of homelessness. Fulton County's Homeless Plan calls for diversion and rapid rehousing as strategies to reducing homelessness. The County's Strategic Plan identifies expanded housing options for homeless populations as a key strategy for ensuring that all people are safe in Fulton County.			
Priority need	Public Services			
Priority level	High			
Population(s) served	Extremely low income Low income Families with children Elderly People with disabilities Victims of domestic violence			
Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable			
Associated goal(s)	Suitable Living Environment #1 – CDBG Public Services			
Description	 Fund eligible public services to serve low- and moderate-income residents, youth, seniors, people with disabilities, and other special needs populations. 			
Basis for priority	A variety of public services were ranked as priority needs by community members who participated in the survey. Public meeting and focus group attendees also identified a variety of services as needed to support Fulton County residents.			
Priority need	Supportive Services for Homeless Individuals and Families			
Priority level	High			
Population(s) served	Chronic homelessness Individuals Families with children Mentally ill Chronic substance abuse Veterans Persons with HIV/AIDS Victims of domestic violence Unaccompanied youth			
Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable			
Associated goal(s)	Suitable Living Environment #2 – ESG Homeless Supportive Services			
	Priority need Priority level Population(s) served Geographic area(s) affected Associated goal(s) Description Basis for priority Priority need Priority level Population(s) served Geographic area(s) affected			

	Description	 Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to provide coordinated supportive services and case management to people experiencing homelessness to support moves to appropriate housing and greater stability. To possibly include but not be limited to: Case management Street outreach Transportation Childcare Job training or job search assistance Health and mental health services Services for people with disabilities Services to help households access benefits 				
	Basis for priority	Housing and services for people who are homeless were consistently ranked as priority needs by community members who participated in the survey. Continuum of Care members and others identified wrap-around services as a key component for helping individuals and families obtain housing and gain stability once they are housed. The County's <i>Homeless Plan</i> includes objectives to provide adequate support services for housing stability and strengthening the network of social services for all homeless sub-populations.				
	Priority need	Fair Housing Education and Enforcement				
	Priority level	High				
	Population(s) served	All				
	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable				
	Associated goal(s)	Suitable Living Environment Goal #3 – Fair Housing Education and Enforcement				
7	Description	 Provide assistance to eligible households which might include but is not limited to: Fair housing education services to help residents, community organizations, and housing providers understand fair housing rights and responsibilities. 				
		 Provide fair housing complaint investigation services. Consumer education and awareness around predatory lending fraudulent mortgages, and other housing scams. 				

	Priority need	Community Improvements		
	Priority level	High		
	Population(s) served	Extremely low income Low income Moderate income People with physical disabilities Non-housing community development		
	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable		
	Associated goal(s)	Suitable Living Environment Goal #4 – Facility and Infrastructure Improvements		
8	Description	 Work with other County departments, cooperating cities within Fulton County, and non-profit agencies. Fund infrastructure improvements and public facilities such as sidewalks, street lighting, pedestrian facilities, ADA improvements, and community centers in income-eligible areas. Assist community service organizations in improving or expanding physical structures to serve homeless residents, low- and moderate-income households, and other special needs populations. Demolish dilapidated structures to stop the spread of blight in low- and moderate-income areas as needed. 		
	Basis for priority	Street and sidewalk improvements were top infrastructure and facility need identified by survey participants, while redevelopment or demolition of abandoned properties was the top economic/community development need. Focus group participants noted the need for more sidewalks and crosswalks, community garden space, mental health centers, homeless shelters, and a one-stop-shop for homeless resources.		
	Priority need	Program Administration		
	Priority level	High		
	Population(s) served	All		
	Geographic area(s) affected	Not Applicable		
9	Associated goal(s)	Program Administration		
	Description	 Program administration costs related to the planning and execution of community development, housing, and homelessness activities assisted with funds provided under the CDBG, HOME, and ESG programs. 		
	Basis for priority	Program administration costs associated with the coordination and delivery of services to Fulton County residents.		

SP-30 INFLUENCE OF MARKET CONDITIONS - 91.215 (B)

Influence of Market Conditions

TABLE 52 – INFLUENCE OF MARKET CONDITIONS

Affordable Housing Type	Market Characteristics that Will Influence Use of Funds Available
Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA)	High level of cost burdens among low-income households; waiting lists for assisted housing units; housing costs compared to Fair Market Rents; and need for short-term rental assistance for homeless individuals and families transitioning to permanent housing. Currently, TBRA is provided through HUD's Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program administered through local housing authorities, with about 3,695 vouchers in use within Fulton County. In the past, Fulton County partnered with HAFC to provide additional TBRA using HOME funds.
TBRA for Non-Homeless Special Needs	High level of cost burdens among low-income households, including non-homeless special needs populations; waiting lists for assisted housing units for seniors and people with disabilities; and housing costs for accessible units compared to Fair Market Rents.
New Unit Production	Age and condition of housing; waiting lists at existing assisted housing developments; high occupancy rates and rental rates; sales prices unaffordable to low/moderate income households. Fulton County intends to use HUD grant funding to support new affordable housing development over the next five years.
Rehabilitation	Age and condition of housing; issues related to substandard housing, especially for low-income renters; need for home repairs for seniors and other homeowners, including lead-based paint remediation. Fulton County intends to use HUD grant funding to support housing rehabilitation for income-eligible homeowners over the next five years.
Acquisition, including preservation	Subsidized housing developments anticipated to age out of their affordability period; age, condition, and availability of multifamily properties suitable for acquisition/rehabilitation; vacant/hazardous buildings identified through code enforcement. Fulton County may use HUD grant funds for acquisition and/or preservation of affordable housing over the next five years.

SP-35 ANTICIPATED RESOURCES - 91.215(A)(4), 91.220(C) (1,2)

Introduction

The table below shows the County's grant allocations for the 2020 program year as announced by HUD, along an estimate of anticipated grant funding for the remaining four years covered by this Consolidated Plan. This estimate assumes that funding over those four years will average to be about the same as the 2020 allocations. All grant funds will be used to support the Fulton County Department of Community Development's goals to provide decent affordable housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic development.

Anticipated Resources

TABLE 53 - ANTICIPATED RESOURCES

			Ехр	ected Amount	Available Yea	Expected Amount			
Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds	Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description	
CDBG	Federal	Acquisition Admin and planning Economic development Housing Public improvements Public services	\$1,867,240	\$0	\$0	\$1,867,240	\$7,470,100	CDBG funds may be used to carry out activities related to housing rehabilitation, demolition and community revitalization, public improvements, public services, economic development, and planning.	

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TABLE 53 - ANTICIPATED RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

			Ехр	ected Amount	Available Year	1	Expected Amount		
Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds		nnual Program I ocation: Income: F \$ \$		Total: \$	Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description	
НОМЕ	Federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA	\$877,260	\$0	\$0	\$877,260	\$3,509,792	HOME funds may be used for homebuyer assistance, TBRA, homeowner rehab, affordable housing development, CHDO activities, and program administration.	
ESG	Federal	Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing Rental assistance services Transitional housing	\$166,641	\$0	\$0	\$166,641	\$666,564	ESG funds may be used for homeless prevention, rapid rehousing, emergency shelter and services, street outreach, HMIS, and program administration.	

Explain how federal funds will leverage additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied.

Fulton County will use federal funds to leverage additional private, state, and local funds where applicable. Fulton County funding serves as gap financing for housing development projects, which typically also include a combination of private and other public funds.

The County will comply with all HOME matching fund contribution requirements as outlined in 92.218 of the HOME regulations. These are anticipated to be satisfied through a mix of match carryover from prior years as well as other eligible sources. The County provides matching funds of twenty-five cents from the County's General Fund for each HOME dollar expended. In the Home Ownership Program, the difference between the appraised value and the sales price is acknowledged to be a donation to affordable housing and counted toward the match requirement. General fund dollars are used to cover the cost of title search examinations for the Single-Family Rehabilitation program.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) match requirements will also be met using County General Funds and in-kind contributions. These funds are matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

If appropriate, describe publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan.

CDBG funding will be used to develop public facilities for public purposes using existing owned properties to include parks, recreational facilities, and community centers in low- and moderate-income areas of the County. Sidewalks, including accessibility improvements for sidewalks and curbs, may be installed in these areas, especially in locations with high pedestrian use such as routes commonly used by school children or people walking to public transportation and shopping.

SP-40 INSTITUTIONAL DELIVERY STRUCTURE - 91.215(K)

Explain the institutional structure through which the jurisdiction will carry out its consolidated plan including private industry, non-profit organizations, and public institutions.

TABLE 54 - INSTITUTIONAL DELIVERY STRUCTURE

Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity Type	Role	Geography Served
Fulton County	Government	 Economic Development Homelessness Non-homeless Special Needs Ownership Rental Planning Neighborhood Improvements Public Facilities Public Services 	Jurisdiction

Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity Type	Role	Geography Served
Housing Authority of Fulton County	РНА	Public housing	Jurisdiction
Housing Authority of the City of East Point	РНА	Public housing	Jurisdiction
Housing Authority of the City of College Park	РНА	Public housing	Jurisdiction
Housing Authority of the City of Fairburn	РНА	Public housing	Jurisdiction
Housing Authority of the City of Union City	РНА	Public housing	Jurisdiction
Housing Authority of the City of Palmetto	РНА	Public housing	Jurisdiction
City of College Park	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Chattahoochee Hills	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of East Point	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Fairburn	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Hapeville	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Milton	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Mountain Park	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Palmetto	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of South Fulton	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
City of Union City	Government	Public facilitiesPlanning	Jurisdiction
Fulton County Continuum of Care	Continuum of Care	Homelessness	Jurisdiction
Metro Fair Housing Services, Inc.	Nonprofit Organization	Public servicesFair housing	Region
Atlanta Legal Aid Society, Inc.	Nonprofit Organization	Legal servicesFair housing	Region
WorkSource Fulton	Nonprofit Organization	Economic development	Jurisdiction

Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity Type	Role	Geography Served
Ryan White Program of Fulton County	Regional organization	 Homelessness Non-homeless special needs Public services	Region

Assess the Strengths and Gaps in the Institutional Delivery System

The Fulton County Department of Community Development works collaboratively with internal and external partners throughout the community, maintaining strong communication in order to coordinate service delivery when necessary. Strengths of the County's institutional delivery system include:

- Communication and partnerships with local municipalities (Cities of Alpharetta, College Park, Chattahoochee Hills, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, and Union City)
- Communication and partnership with other County departments and agencies, including but not limited to, the Department of Arts and Culture, Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities, Department of HIV Elimination, Department of Human Services, Youth and Community Services Division, Senior Services, Finance Department, Office of Diversity and Civil Rights Compliance, and the Development Authority of Fulton County.
- Partnership with nonprofit agencies and developers operating in Fulton County and the metro Atlanta region.
- Periodic meetings to share ideas, problem solve, and strategize.
- History of funding municipalities, County departments, nonprofit agencies, and housing developers as subrecipients of CDBG, HOME, and ESG funds.

Gaps in the County's institutional delivery system identified by stakeholders include:

- Capacity of nonprofit organizations
- Limited affordable housing development in north Fulton County
- Limited number of qualified nonprofit affordable housing developers with shovel-ready projects
- Coordination among housing authorities operating in Fulton County

Availability of Services Targeted to Homeless Persons and Persons with HIV and Mainstream Services

TABLE 55 - HOMELESS PREVENTION SERVICES SUMMARY

Homelessness Prevention Services	Available in the Community	Targeted to Homeless	Targeted to People with HIV						
Homelessness Prevention Services									
Counseling/Advocacy	Х	Х	Х						
Legal Assistance	X	X	X						

TABLE 55 - HOMELESS PREVENTION SERVICES SUMMARY (CONTINUED)

Homelessness Prevention Services	Available in the Community	Targeted to Homeless	Targeted to People with HIV						
Homelessness Prevention Services (continued)									
Mortgage Assistance	X	Х	X						
Rental Assistance	X	x	X						
Utilities Assistance	X	X	X						
Street Outreach Services									
Law Enforcement	X	X							
Mobile Clinics	X	X							
Other Street Outreach Services	X	X							
Supportive Services									
Alcohol & Drug Abuse	Х	Х	X						
Child Care	X	X	X						
Education	X	X	X						
Employment & Employment Training	X	X	X						
Healthcare	X	X	X						
HIV/AIDS	X	X	X						
Life Skills	X	Х	X						
Mental Health Counseling	X	Х	X						
Transportation	X	Х	X						

Describe how the service delivery system, including, but not limited to, the services listed above, meets the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth).

Prior to 2015, Fulton County served as the coordinating entity for the Atlanta Metropolitan Tri-Jurisdictional Continuum of Care (Tri-J), which included government representatives and services providers in the City of Atlanta and Fulton and DeKalb Counties. Over the last five years, however, the Tri-J dissolved and Atlanta, DeKalb County, and Fulton County each established their own Continuums of Care.

The Fulton County Continuum of Care was established in 2014 and its boundaries include Fulton County outside the City of Atlanta. Members include government representatives and homeless housing and service providers within Fulton County. As collaborative applicant, the Fulton County Department of Community Development releases an annual application for funding through the CoC. Additionally, the Department of Community Development makes ESG subrecipient grants to organizations providing street outreach, emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing to homeless persons in Fulton County.

Fulton County agencies that provide emergency shelter, transitional housing, and other services include:

- HOPE Atlanta, which provides rental and security deposit assistance, housing search assistance, oneon-one support, and rapid rehousing, as well as emergency services, crisis intervention, transitional
 and permanent supportive housing for persons living with HIV/AIDS. HOPE Atlanta's Supportive
 Services for Veterans and their Families Program funds rapid re-housing and prevention assistance to
 homeless veteran households.
- Partnership Against Domestic Violence, which provides supportive housing for homeless individuals and families.
- North Fulton Community Charities, which provides emergency financial assistance, thrift shop, food bank, government benefits screening, and rapid rehousing for individuals and families.
- The Community Assistance Center, which provides rental assistance, food, clothing and education resources for homelessness prevention.
- LIFT Community Development Corp., which provides housing and shelter referrals, life and financial skills training, food and clothing giveaways, transportation assistance, education and employment referrals, and mental health and wellness assessments.
- Fulton County Assessment Centers, which provide financial assistance for shelter, homeless prevention and rapid rehousing, and referrals to community partners.

Describe the strengths and gaps of the service delivery system for special needs population and persons experiencing homelessness, including, but not limited to, the services listed above.

While limited funding, and thus capacity, is always a gap, Fulton County has a variety of agencies that provide housing and services for people experiencing homelessness and other special needs populations, as shown above. Agencies collaborate through the Fulton County Continuum of Care, which meets regularly and was consulted for this Consolidated Plan. Continuum of Care members identified the need for a more aggressive approach to reducing and ending homelessness, rather than the piecemeal approach that results from several agencies doing work that often overlaps without being coordinated. CoC members also noted the need for an updated directory of available services for people who are homeless, to reduce the legwork clients or service providers must do to find an appropriate agency for assistance. More broadly, focus group participants noted the need for transitional housing, including housing for people re-entry populations, to prevent unsheltered homelessness and better facilitate moves to permanent / stable housing.

Provide a summary of the strategy for overcoming gaps in the institutional structure and service delivery system for carrying out a strategy to address priority needs.

Fulton County is currently developing a Homeless Plan that seeks to re-align homeless program management with a primary goal to achieve "Functional Zero" for all homeless populations, meaning that at any point in time, the number of people experiencing sheltered or unsheltered homelessness in any group will be no greater than the current monthly housing placement rate for that group. The Homeless Plan will seek to align recent planning efforts within the County to foster a more consistent approach to homelessness and affordable and low-cost housing.

Additionally, Fulton County intends to target its CDBG public service dollars to provide case management and wrap-around, supportive services for people experiencing homelessness. Expanding the pool of funding available for homeless supportive services beyond ESG will allow the County and its partners to make greater progress in helping clients achieve stability and prevent returns to homelessness.



SP-45 GOALS SUMMARY - 91.215(A)(4)

Goals Summary Information

TABLE 56 – GOALS SUMMARY

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Areas	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
1	Decent Housing Goal #1 – Affordable Housing Construction and Preservation	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Develop and Preserve Affordable Rental Housing Affordable Homeownership Opportunities	HOME: \$526,468	Rental units constructed: 15 housing units Homeowner housing added: 15 housing units
2	Decent Housing Goal #2 – Down Payment Assistance	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Affordable Homeownership Opportunities	HOME: \$1,604,000	Direct financial assistance to homebuyers: 150 households assisted
3	Decent Housing Goal #3 – Homeowner Rehabilitation	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Housing Rehabilitation Assistance for Homeowners	CDBG: \$1,000,000 HOME: \$952,048	Homeowner housing rehabilitated: 15 housing units
4	Decent Housing Goal #4 – Rental Assistance	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing	HOME: \$866,000	Tenant based rental assistance / rapid rehousing: 60 households assisted
5	Decent Housing Goal #5 – Homelessness Housing and Prevention	2020	2024	Homeless	Not Applicable	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing	ESG: \$620,740	Homeless person overnight shelter: 1,995 persons assisted

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Areas	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
6	Suitable Living Environment Goal #1 – CDBG Public Services	2020	2024	Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Public Services	CDBG: \$1,400,643	Public service activities for low/moderate income household benefit: 2,000 persons assisted
7	Suitable Living Environment Goal #2 – ESG Homeless Supportive Services	2020	2024	Homeless	Not Applicable	Supportive Services for Homeless Individuals and Families	ESG: \$149,975	Homelessness prevention: 5,080 persons assisted
8	Suitable Living Environment Goal #3 – Fair Housing Education and Enforcement	2020	2024	Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Fair Housing Education and Enforcement	CDBG: \$233,340	Public service activities for low/moderate income household benefit: 250 persons assisted
9	Suitable Living Environment Goal #4 – Facility and Infrastructure Improvements	2020	2024	Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Community Improvements	CDBG: \$4,425,160	Public facility, infrastructure, or other improvement activities for low/moderate income household benefit: 250,000 persons assisted
10	Program Administration	2020	2024	Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Program Administration	CDBG: \$1,867,525 HOME: \$438,724 ESG: \$62,490	Not applicable

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Estimate the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing as defined by HOME 91.315(b)(2).

Fulton County estimates that it will assist approximately 225 families with extremely low, low or moderate incomes using HOME funds over the next five years. The County plans to assist about 15 income-eligible homeowners with housing rehabilitation (about 3 families per year) and 150 income-eligible homeouyers with down payment assistance (about 30 families per year). The County also anticipates providing 60 extremely low- or low-income families with tenant-based rental assistance using HOME funds (about 12 families per year).

SP-50 PUBLIC HOUSING ACCESSIBILITY AND INVOLVEMENT – 91.215(C)

Need to Increase the Number of Accessible Units (if required by a Section 504 voluntary compliance agreement)

Not applicable. No housing authorities in Fulton County are currently under a voluntary compliance agreement related to Section 504.

Activities to Increase Resident Involvement

The HAFC maintains a resident advisory board, which reviews and contributes to each HAFC Annual Plan. The EPHA also has a resident advisory board, which meets quarterly. In addition to an advisory board, residents also participate in resident council meetings where EPHA staff are present to address resident concerns. Activities for residents, as listed on the EPHA website, include bingo, youth book club, and a Junior Resident Council for youth.²⁵

Is the public housing agency designated as troubled under 24 CFR part 902?

The Housing Authority of Fulton County is designated a "Standard Performer" based on its 2014 score report in the Public Housing Assessment System, with a score of 88 on a 100-point scale. The Housing Authority of the City of East Point is designated as a "High Performer" with a score of 90 out of 100. Similarly, the Housing Authority of the City of College Park is also designated as a "High Performer" with a score of 90 out of 100. The Housing Authority of the City of Union City scored 87 out of 100, and as a qualifying small PHA, is subject to less frequent monitoring under HUD's Deregulation for Small Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) Final Rule. The Housing Authorities of the City of Fairburn and the City of Palmetto are also small PHAs which scored 70 out of 100 and 90 out of 100 respectively.

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²⁵ Housing Authority of the City of East Point. "EPHA's Resident Council News." Accessed December 12, 2019. https://www.eastpointha.org/resident-council/

Plan to Remove the 'Troubled' Designation

Not Applicable - None of the housing authorities in Fulton County are designated as "troubled."

SP-55 BARRIERS TO AFFORDABLE HOUSING – 91.215(H)

Barriers to Affordable Housing

Through the Fulton County Homeownership Program, the county provides funding for down payment assistance of up to 6% of the purchase price, or \$10,000 maximum. Stakeholders noted, however, that the amount of down payment assistance provides more assistance in the southern part of Fulton County – where home prices are generally lower – than it provides to homebuyers in north Fulton where home prices are higher, or where higher incomes may not meet the program's criteria.

The Homeownership Program allows down payment assistance to go toward existing home priced no higher than \$201,000. New homes cannot be priced above \$244,000. The program serves several cities, including Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto and Union City. However, HUD Market Data on the Fulton/Dekalb County housing market area (HMA) states that around one-third of new homes built since 2013 have been built in north Fulton County. North Fulton is also projected to have home prices exceeding \$579,999 for large, single-family units. South Fulton County accounts for 21% of all new homes built since 2013, however, projected demand is \$180,000-\$279.999 for smaller single-family units and townhomes. Across the board, home prices in the region are projected to have the greatest demand in the \$280,000 to \$379,999 range, with the second greatest demand in the \$380,000 to \$479,999 range. Those seeking to utilize the County's Homeownership Program are most likely to assist residents in the southern part of the County where home prices are projected to be lower that north Fulton.

Strategy to Remove or Ameliorate the Barriers to Affordable Housing

In January 2019, the Fulton County Board of Commissioners passed a resolution urging municipalities in Fulton County to implement affordable housing policies. The resolution allows the Development Authority of Fulton County to apply local affordable housing ordinances to any multi-family projects completed through the Development Authority. In June 2019, the Board of Commissioners signed a memorandum of understanding with local non-profit Partners for Home to provide permanent supportive housing in the county. The MOU outlines a 30-year agreement, in which Partners For Home will house chronically homeless individuals with mental or physical illnesses. ²⁹

²⁶ Ibid. p. 11

²⁷ Fulton County Board of Commissioners. "Recess Meeting – January 23, 2019"

https://agendaminutes.fultoncountyga.gov/sirepub/mtgviewer.aspx?meetid=14181&doctype=MINUTES.

²⁸ Fulton County Board of Commissioners. "A Resolution Urging the Municipalities Located Within Fulton County, Georgia to Adopt and Implement Policies and Initiatives in Support of Affordable Housing; and for Other Purposes."

https://agendaminutes.fultoncountyga.gov/sirepub/cache/2/fbu5e4h2pn4phuitpwgjiyol/49528112122019063037839. PDF to the first of the fi

²⁹ Fulton County Board of Commissioners. "Regular Meeting – June 5, 2019"

SP-60 HOMELESSNESS STRATEGY - 91.215(D)

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing individual needs.

Members of the Fulton County Continuum of Care and other homeless housing and service providers in Fulton County reach out to homeless persons, including unsheltered persons, through meal programs, day centers, and hospitals. Outreach teams regularly go under bridges, visit camps, and go to other areas to meet unsheltered homeless persons. In particular, HOPE Atlanta provides street outreach to homeless persons.

Fulton County will continue to provide financial assistance to nonprofit agencies to develop and implement a coordinated assessment system throughout the jurisdiction. The Continuum of Care will also continue providing support for annual point-in-time homeless counts.

Addressing the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.

Fulton County is the designated Collaborative Applicant and an active member of the Fulton County Continuum of Care (CoC). The County funds emergency and transitional housing providers through the Emergency Solutions Grants program, including:

- Travelers Aid dba HOPE Atlanta, which does complete outreach activities and provides emergency assistance and supportive housing.
- North Fulton Community Charities, which provides homeless prevention, shelter, and rapid rehousing.

Additional service providers addressing the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons in Fulton County include Family Promise, HomeStretch, The Drake House/Drake Village, UHope CDC, and Fulton County's Homeless Division Assessment Center.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

Fulton County and the Continuum of Care support a Housing First model that prioritizes permanent housing and offers case management and other support services. Over the next five years, the County will continue to support homeless service providers, funders, and stakeholders who recognize the need to shift focus and resources to long-term, permanent housing in order to end homelessness. The County will fund organizations that provide case management and housing navigation services to assist homeless individuals and families, including those staying in emergency shelter, make the transition to permanent housing and prevent returns to homelessness. For example, the County has funded North Fulton Community Charities, which provides funding for rapid rehousing of persons transitioning to permanent

housing. The County will also work to increase the availability of affordable housing in Fulton County by using HOME funds to support the development of new affordable rental housing.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are likely to become homeless after being discharged from a publicly funded institution or system of care, or who are receiving assistance from public and private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education or youth needs.

Housing and service providers in Fulton County work together to prevent homelessness in populations who are vulnerable to or at risk of homelessness. These groups include extremely low-income individuals and families, people discharged from institutions, and those receiving assistance from agencies addressing a variety of needs, such as housing, health, social services, education or youth needs. Resources to prevent homelessness in Fulton County include:

- North Fulton Community Charities provides emergency financial assistance, thrift shop, food bank, government benefits screening, and rapid rehousing.
- The Community Assistance Center provides rental assistance, food, clothing and education resources for homelessness prevention.
- Fulton County Assessment Centers provide financial assistance to low- to moderate-income individuals and families.
- LIFT Community Development Corp. provides housing and shelter referrals, life and financial skills training, food and clothing giveaways, transportation assistance, education and employment referrals, and mental health and wellness assessments.
- HOPE Atlanta (Travelers Aid) provides rental and security deposit assistance, housing search
 assistance, one-on-one support, and rapid rehousing, as well as emergency services, crisis
 intervention, transitional and permanent supportive housing for persons living with HIV/AIDS. HOPE
 Atlanta's Supportive Services for Veterans and their Families Program funds rapid re-housing and
 prevention assistance to homeless veteran households.

SP-65 LEAD BASED PAINT HAZARDS - 91.215(I)

Actions to address LBP hazards and increase access to housing without LBP hazards.

Fulton County follows HUD's Lead Safe Housing Rule requirements³⁰ in all of its federally-funded rehab, homeowner, and Housing Choice Voucher Program activities.

How are the actions listed above related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards?

Following the Lead Safe Housing Rule requirements in federally-funded housing activities reduces risk of lead poisoning and hazards. The Lead Safe Housing Rule is designed to reduce hazards relating to lead-

³⁰ U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. (n.d.). *Lead Safe Housing Rule Requirements*. https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/healthy_homes/enforcement/lshr_summary

based paint in housing, which include irreversible health effects, brain and nervous system damage, reduced intelligence, and learning disabilities.31 Children, pregnant women, and workers are most at risk of experiencing negative health effects resulting from exposure to lead-based paint hazards. More than 20 million homes built before 1978 contain lead-based paint hazards. For these reasons, it is vital that Fulton County reduce lead-based paint hazards in all federally-funded housing activities.

How are the actions listed above integrated into housing policies and procedures?

Fulton County integrates Lead Safe Housing Rule requirements into housing policies and procedures through:

- Certification and training requirements for inspectors;
- Lead-based paint inspections in housing rehab (subject to Final Rule for lead-based paint hazards) and Home Ownership Program (HOP) projects (using Housing Quality Standards protocol);
- Actions to eliminate lead-based paint hazards on these properties if present;
- Provision of lead-based paint hazard forms and lead hazard information pamphlets, evaluation results, and disclosure information, depending on the year the home was built, to buyers and owners participating in the Rehabilitation Emergency Assistance Grant and Home Ownership Program, and provision of a seller's certification form to the seller of the property; and
- Lead-based paint inspections of all new units available through the Housing Choice Voucher Program (Section 8) by the Housing Authority of Fulton County, using Housing Quality Standards protocol.

SP-70 ANTI-POVERTY STRATEGY - 91.215(J)

Jurisdiction Goals, Programs and Policies for Reducing the Number of Poverty-Level Families

According to the 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-year estimates, Fulton County's poverty rate is estimated at 16.0%, slightly below the statewide poverty rate of 16.9%. The county has seen a small decrease in poverty since the 2008-2012 5-year estimates, which estimated poverty in the county at 16.8%.

The Fulton County Strategic Plan and Fulton County Comprehensive Plan detail goals for reducing poverty in Fulton County, including:

- Improve the quality, quantity, and accessibility of housing stock across the County
- Encourage a wide variety of housing types to accommodate a range of income levels for current and future residents.
- Senior housing options should expand as the population continues to grow
- Make "Aging in Place" a more achievable reality by aligning with the goals and policies of the Atlanta Regional Commission's Aging-in-Place initiative.
- Develop a sense of community and independence among seniors and intellectually and developmentally disabled (IDD) persons by providing an affordable, safe space to receive care.

³¹ U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Lead Hazard Control. *New HUD Lead-Based Paint Regulations*. https://www.hud.gov/sites/documents/DOC_12805.PDF

- Ensure that the county-wide workforce has the skills needed to meet business demand and opportunities to overcome hiring barriers.
- Expand the County's economic development impact by pursuing opportunities that link to regional
 economic development efforts, target areas with the greatest need, and increase return on
 investment.

How are the jurisdiction's poverty reducing goals, programs, and policies coordinated with this affordable housing plan?

The affordable housing, workforce development, and homelessness programs detailed in this plan aim to support the achievement of the housing and economic development goals in the County's Strategic and Comprehensive plans.

To combat poverty and reduce the number of poverty-level families, the County has devoted resources to increasing access to affordable housing, including owner-occupied rehab, loans for eligible first-time homebuyers, tenant-based rental assistance, housing counseling, fair housing education and assistance, and support of the work of Community Housing Development Organizations.

Fulton County also combats poverty through funding public services programs, including youth and senior services, services to assist low-income residents, emergency assistance and homelessness prevention, case management, supportive housing, emergency shelter, meals, transportation services, and workforce development.

The County has an Office of Workforce Development designed to help in all aspects of employment, including training, job search assistance, employment fairs, youth internships, and other assistance designed to elevate job opportunities for low wage workers and those in poverty. This Plan continues to identify economic development as a goal for the CDBG program. Fulton County will continue to fund workforce development services to assist individuals in obtaining employment.

In addition to economic development programs, many homelessness programs and homeless service providers also address expanded employment opportunities as an avenue for combating poverty. LIFT Community Development Corp., for example, provides employment referrals, among other services. Programs aimed at educating youth and young adults or illiterate adults also combat poverty by developing skills that will allow residents to secure better jobs at higher wages. This plan also calls for continued support for workforce development programs and case management services that connect individuals with employment opportunities while also supporting individuals in meeting other needs, such as housing and supportive services.

SP-80 MONITORING - 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures that the jurisdiction will use to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and will use to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements.

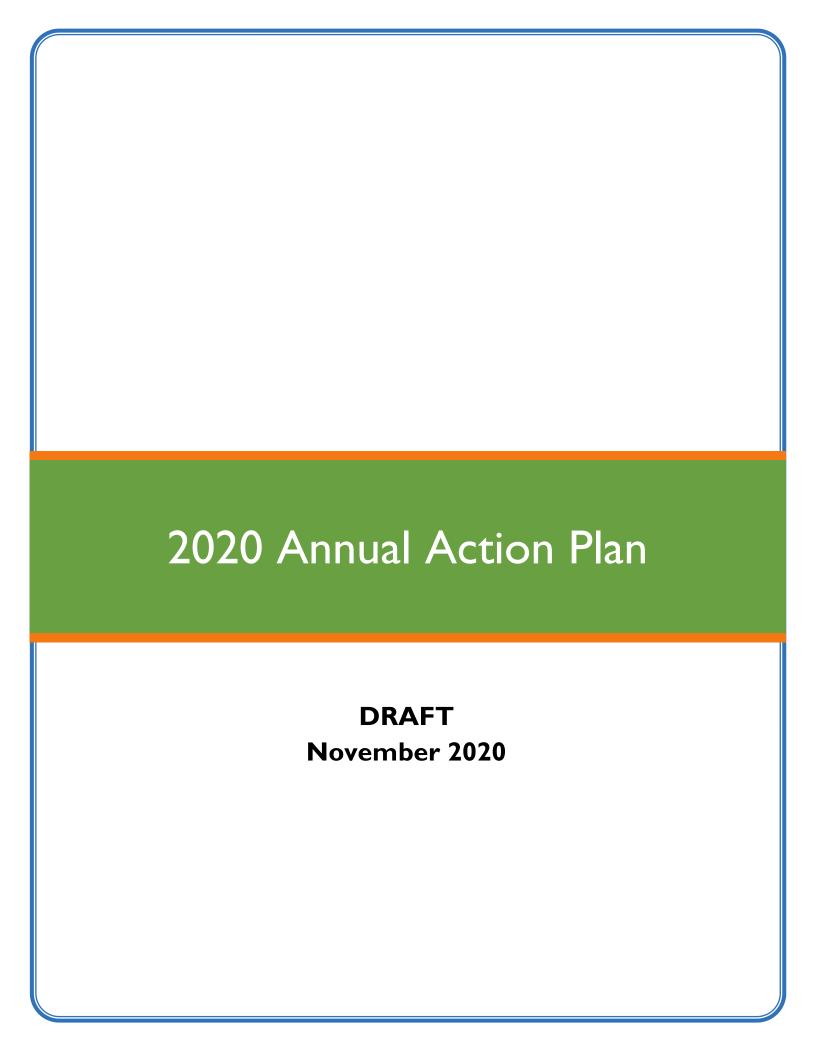
Programs and activities proposed in Fulton County's 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and related Annual Action Plans will be carried out in part by sub-recipients of CDBG, HOME, and ESG funds with the County acting as an administrator and monitor. As in previous years, the County will carry out housing rehabilitation, and some homeownership and homeless assistance programs, directly.

The Department of Community Development has in place a complete system for monitoring its sub-recipients for all programs. In general, monitoring emphasizes evaluations of progress, performance, and compliance with applicable regulations and procedural requirements. Monitoring shall encompass compliance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations, to include but not be limited to: 24 CFR Part 570 (Entitlement Grants Regulations, OMB Circular A-87, OMB Circulars (OMB) Circular A-122, "Cost Principles for Nonprofit Organizations," and with OMB Circular A-110, "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Agreements With Universities, Hospitals and Other Nonprofit Organizations." Performance will be measured against project timetables and objectives specified in contracts or cooperation agreements executed between the County and each sub-recipient.

Monitoring activities will be carried out by the Department of Community Development (or designee), with a staff member assigned as project manager to each sub-recipient of the County's grant funds. For CDBG sub-recipients, Fulton County completes on-site monitoring of its CDBG projects at least one time per year. HOME monitoring is conducted annually to ensure that HOME funds are used in accordance with all applicable federal requirements.

Fulton County will use the following guidelines for all HOME loans both during and after the affordability period associated with the HOME assistance. For sale, transfer or foreclosure, buy downs, assumption of the first mortgage, or subordination of the HOME loan, the net proceeds will be divided proportionally as set forth herein by mathematical formula: A = HOME recapture amount, B = Amount to homeowner, Direct HOME investment + homeowner investment X Net proceeds = A; Homeowner investment X Net proceeds = B. Additional details about the County's HOME resale and recapture provisions are available in AP-90.

For ESG, the Department of Community Development administers ESG funds through its Homeless Assessment Centers and also awards grant funds to sub-recipients to carry out eligible activities in compliance with all applicable federal regulations. HUD monitors the County on its administration of the ESG program.



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EXPECTED RESOURCES

AP-15 EXPECTED RESOURCES -91.220(C)(1,2)

Introduction

The table below shows the County's grant allocations for the 2020 program year as announced by HUD, along an estimate of anticipated grant funding for the remaining four years covered by this Consolidated Plan. This estimate assumes that funding over those four years will average to be about the same as the 2020 allocations. All grant funds will be used to support the Fulton County Department of Community Development's goals to provide decent affordable housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic development.

Anticipated Resources

TABLE 57 - EXPECTED RESOURCES — PRIORITY TABLE

		Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected Amount	
Program	Program Source of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description
CDBG	Federal	Acquisition Admin and planning Economic development Housing Public improvements Public services	\$1,867,240	\$0	\$0	\$1,867,240	\$7,470,100	CDBG funds may be used to carry out activities related to housing rehabilitation, demolition and community revitalization, public improvements, public services, economic development, and planning.

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TABLE 57 - EXPECTED RESOURCES — PRIORITY TABLE (CONTINUED)

			Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected Amount	
Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds	Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description
НОМЕ	Federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA	\$877,260	\$0	\$0	\$877,260	\$3,509,792	HOME funds may be used for homebuyer assistance, TBRA, homeowner rehab, affordable housing development, CHDO activities, and program administration.
ESG	Federal	Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing Rental assistance services Transitional housing	\$166,641	\$0	\$0	\$166,641	\$666,564	ESG funds may be used for homeless prevention, rapid rehousing, emergency shelter and services, street outreach, HMIS, and program administration.

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied.

Fulton County will use federal funds to leverage additional private, state, and local funds where applicable. Fulton County funding serves as gap financing for housing development projects, which typically also include a combination of private and other public funds.

The County will comply with all HOME matching fund contribution requirements as outlined in 92.218 of the HOME regulations. These are anticipated to be satisfied through a mix of match carryover from prior years as well as other eligible sources. The County provides matching funds of twenty-five cents from the County's General Fund for each HOME dollar expended. In the Home Ownership Program, the difference between the appraised value and the sales price is acknowledged to be a donation to affordable housing and counted toward the match requirement. General fund dollars are used to cover the cost of title search examinations for the Single-Family Rehabilitation program.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) match requirements will also be met using County General Funds and in-kind contributions. These funds are matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

If appropriate, describe publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan.

CDBG funding will be used to develop public facilities for public purposes using existing owned properties to include parks, recreational facilities, and community centers in low- and moderate-income areas of the County. Sidewalks, including accessibility improvements for sidewalks and curbs, may be installed in these areas, especially in locations with high pedestrian use such as routes commonly used by school children or people walking to public transportation and shopping.

ANNUAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

AP-20 ANNUAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Goals Summary Information

TABLE 58 - GOALS SUMMARY

	GOALS SOMMAN							
Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Areas	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
1	Decent Housing Goal #2 – Down Payment Assistance	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Affordable Homeownership Opportunities	HOME: \$404,000	Direct financial assistance to homebuyers: 30 households assisted
2	Decent Housing Goal #3 – Homeowner Rehabilitation	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Housing Rehabilitation Assistance for Homeowners	CDBG: \$200,000 HOME: \$199,704	Homeowner housing rehabilitated: 3 housing units
3	Decent Housing Goal #4 – Rental Assistance	2020	2024	Affordable Housing	Not Applicable	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing	HOME: \$186,000	Tenant based rental assistance / rapid rehousing: 12 households assisted
4	Decent Housing Goal #5 – Homelessness Housing and Prevention	2020	2024	Homeless	Not Applicable	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing	ESG: \$124,148	Homeless person overnight shelter: 399 persons assisted

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Areas	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
5	Suitable Living Environment Goal #1 – CDBG Public Services	2020	2024	Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Public Services	CDBG: \$280,128	Public service activities for low/moderate income household benefit: 400 persons assisted
6	Suitable Living Environment Goal #2 – ESG Homeless Supportive Services	2020	2024	Homeless	Not Applicable	Supportive Services for Homeless Individuals and Families	ESG: \$29,995	Homelessness prevention: 1,016 persons assisted
7	Suitable Living Environment Goal #3 – Fair Housing Education and Enforcement	2020	2024	Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Fair Housing Education and Enforcement	CDBG: \$46,668	Public service activities for low/moderate income household benefit: 50 persons assisted
8	Suitable Living Environment Goal #4 – Facility and Infrastructure Improvements	2020	2024	Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Community Improvements	CDBG: \$885,032	Public facility, infrastructure, or other improvement activities for low/moderate income household benefit: 50,000 persons assisted Enforcement/foreclosed property care: 10 housing units
9	Program Administration	2020	2024	Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Housing Community Development	Not Applicable	Program Administration	CDBG: \$373,220 HOME: \$87,556 ESG: \$12,498	Not applicable

PROJECTS

AP-35 PROJECTS - 91.220(D)

Introduction

The projects listed below represent the activities Fulton County plans to undertake during the 2020 program year to address the goals of providing decent affordable housing, promoting a suitable living environment, and encouraging economic opportunity. The allocation of funding for the 2020 projects has been determined based on overall priority needs of county residents and community input received during the planning process.

Projects

TABLE 59 — PROJECT LIST

#	Project Name		
1	2020 Owner Occupied Housing Rehabilitation		
2	2020 CDBG Public Service Activities		
3	2020 Infrastructure, Public Facility, Park Improvements, and Demolition and Clearance		
4	2020 Fair Housing Activities		
5	2020 CDBG Program Administration		
6	2020 Home Ownership Program		
7	2020 Tenant-Based Rental Assistance		
8	2020 HOME Program Administration		
9	2020 ESG Activities		

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs.

In allocating funding, Fulton County prioritized affordable housing, homelessness, public services, and community revitalization (including facility, park, and infrastructure improvements), which emerged as critical needs during the Consolidated Planning process. Fulton County does not designate specific areas for allocation of funds as part of its strategic use of HUD grant funds. Instead, the County's programs are designed to serve eligible individuals and households throughout the County's service area.

Obstacles to meeting underserved needs include limited funding availability, limited affordable housing development opportunities and shovel-ready projects, and increased development costs.

AP-38 PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Summary Information

TABLE 60 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1	Project Name	2020 ESG Activities
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing Goal #5 – Homelessness Housing and Prevention Suitable Living Environment Goal #2 – ESG Homeless Supportive Services Program Administration
	Needs Addressed	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing Supportive Services for Homeless Individuals and Families Program Administration
	Funding	ESG: \$166,641
	Description	ESG funding will be used to provide emergency shelter operations and services; HMIS support; homelessness prevention / rapid rehousing; street outreach; and program administration.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Homeless person overnight shelter: 399 people assisted Homelessness prevention/rapid rehousing: 1,016 people assisted
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Eligible ESG activities, including emergency shelter operations and services, homelessness prevention, rapid rehousing, street outreach, HMIS support, and program administration by Fulton County Department of Community Development staff.

2	Project Name	2020 Owner Occupied Housing Rehabilitation
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing Goal #3 – Homeowner Rehabilitation
	Needs Addressed	Housing Rehabilitation Assistance for Homeowners
	Funding	CDBG: \$200,000 HOME: \$199,704
	Description	A 5-year deferred-payment loan program for eligible homeowners to hire an eligible contractor to address code violations and stabilize and preserve Fulton County's housing stock.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Homeowner housing rehabilitated: 3 single-family units
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Housing rehabilitation assistance for income-eligible homeowners.
3	Project Name	2020 CDBG Public Service Activities
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment Goal #1 – CDBG Public Services
	Needs Addressed	Public Services
	Funding	CDBG: \$280,129
	Description	Services to support youth, childcare, health services, substance abuse, fair housing counseling, education programs, energy conservation, services for seniors and homeless persons, and certain welfare programs.
	Target Date	12/31/2020

	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Public service activities to benefit about 400 low/moderate income residents
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Eligible public service activities.
4	Project Name	2020 Infrastructure, Public Facility, Park Improvements, and Demolition and Clearance
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment Goal #4 – Facility and Infrastructure Improvements
	Needs Addressed	Community Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$885,032
	Description	Public facility activities such as sidewalks, street lighting, pedestrian improvements, ADA improvements, community and recreation centers, and other clearance and demolition activities.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Public facility, infrastructure, or other activities to benefit about 50,000 low/moderate income residents Code enforcement/property care for about 10 properties
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Eligible public facility, infrastructure, park improvements, sanitary sewer, and demolition and clearance activities.

5	Project Name	2020 Fair Housing Activities
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment Goal #3 – Fair Housing Education and Enforcement
	Needs Addressed	Fair Housing Education and Enforcement
	Funding	CDBG: \$46,668
	Description	Fair housing education services for residents, community organizations, and housing providers. Fair housing complaint investigation services.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Fair housing activities to benefit about 50 low/moderate income residents
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Fair housing education and enforcement activities.
6	Project Name	2020 CDBG Program Administration
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Program Administration
	Needs Addressed	Program Administration
	Funding	CDBG: \$373,220
	Description	Program administration costs related to the overall planning and execution of CDBG-assisted community development activities, in accordance with the CDBG administrative cap. Up to 20 percent of each year's CDBG grant plus program income can be obligated for planning and administrative costs.
	Target Date	12/31/2020

	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Not Applicable
	Location Description	Fulton County Department of Community Development, 137 Peachtree Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303
	Planned Activities	Costs related to overall planning and execution of CDBG-assisted activities.
7	Project Name	2020 Home Ownership Program
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing Goal #2 – Down Payment Assistance
	Needs Addressed	Affordable Homeownership Opportunities
	Funding	HOME: \$404,000
	Description	Loans to eligible first time homebuyers to assist with down payment costs related to eligible home purchases in Fulton County.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Direct financial assistance to homebuyers: 30 households assisted
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Down payment assistance to first time homebuyers.
8	Project Name	2020 Tenant-Based Rental Assistance
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing Goal #4 – Rental Assistance
	Needs Addressed	Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing

	Funding	HOME: \$186,000
	Description	Reimbursement to contracted partner(s) to provide tenant-based rental assistance programs for extremely lowand low-income households.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Tenant based rental assistance / rapid rehousing: 12 households assisted
	Location Description	Specific locations within the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction to be determined during the program year
	Planned Activities	Tenant-based rental assistance for extremely low- and low-income households.
9	Project Name	2020 HOME Program Administration
	Target Area	Countywide
	Goals Supported	Program Administration
	Needs Addressed	Program Administration
	Funding	HOME: \$87,556
	Description	Program administration costs related to the overall planning and execution of HOME-assisted affordable housing activities, in accordance with the HOME administrative cap. Up to 10 percent of each year's HOME grant plus program income can be obligated for planning and administrative costs.
	Target Date	12/31/2020
	Estimate the number and type of persons that will benefit from the proposed activity	Not Applicable
	Location Description	Fulton County Department of Community Development, 137 Peachtree Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303
	Planned Activities	Costs related to overall planning and execution of HOME-assisted activities.

AP-50 GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION - 91.220(F)

Description of the geographic areas of the entitlement (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed.

The Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction covers unincorporated Fulton County, as well as the cities of Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, and Union City, who executed a cooperation agreement with Fulton County during urban county requalification process. The cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs do not participate with Fulton County and receive their own HUD grant allocations.

Geographically, the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction is divided into disparate north and south portions by the cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs, which lie in middle of the county. While HUD-funded activities that qualify on an area basis may be located in any income-eligible areas with the entitlement jurisdiction, all of Fulton County's low- and moderate-income census tracts are located in south Fulton County. Thus, CDBG-funded public facility and infrastructure improvements completed over the next five years will be targeted to south Fulton County, unless they serve a population that is specifically eligible for assistance (e.g., seniors, people with disabilities, victims of domestic violence).

Geographic Distribution

TABLE 61 – GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

Target Area	Percentage of Funds		
Countywide		100%	

Rationale for the Priorities for Allocating Investments Geographically

Fulton County does not designate specific areas for allocation of funds as part of its strategic use of HUD grant funds. Instead, the County's programs are designed to serve low- and moderate-income individuals and households throughout the County's service area.

The County chooses not to designate specific geographic target areas so that it may concentrate on priority need for services and improvements based on eligibility, availability of funds, and readiness to proceed.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING

AP-55 AFFORDABLE HOUSING - 91.220(G)

Introduction

During the 2020 program year, Fulton County will assist 1,460 households with housing needs. Through ESG, the County will fund emergency shelter and homelessness prevention / rapid rehousing for 1,415 people. Using HOME funds, the County anticipates providing tenant-based rental assistance for 12 households and assisting 30 homebuyers purchase homes. Using HOME and CDBG funds, the County will provide a homeowner rehabilitation program that will assist an estimated 3 single-family home owners.

TABLE 62 - ONE YEAR GOALS FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING BY SUPPORT REQUIREMENT

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported		
Homeless	1,415	
Non-Homeless	45	
Special-Needs	0	
Total	1,460	

TABLE 63 - ONE YEAR GOALS FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING BY SUPPORT TYPE

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through	
Rental Assistance	12
Production of New Units	0
Rehab of Existing Units	3
Acquisition of Existing Units	30
Total	45

AP-60 PUBLIC HOUSING - 91.220(H)

Introduction

Public housing in Fulton County is operated by the Housing Authority of Fulton County (HAFC). As of 2019, the HAFC operates 2,272 total units, of which 947 utilize housing choice vouchers, 132 are LIHTC units, 190 are project-based vouchers/RAD and 1,003 are port vouchers.32 The Housing Authority of the City of

³² Housing Authority of Fulton County. "FY 2019 Annual Plan." https://www.hafc.org/FY2019%20Annual%20Plan.pdf. p. 1.

East Point (EPHA) currently has 280 units of traditional public housing, as well as 555 housing choice voucher units.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing.

The HAFC has converted all public housing units in its portfolio to other forms of publicly-supported housing. The EPHA is anticipated to complete 180 units of senior housing by the summer of 2020. The new EPHA development will be called the Hillcrest Active Adult Community.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership.

Housing authority participants in Fulton County have several opportunities to receive assistance with the home buying process. The HAFC is a HUD Certified Housing Counseling Center, which offers Homebuyer Education Workshops to prepare residents to become first-time homebuyers. There are also 24 HAFC housing choice voucher participants in the Neighborhood Assistance Corporation of America (NACA) home buying program. Both the HAFC and EPHA offer the Family Self-Sufficiency Program — a 5-year program which provides tenants with an individual training and services plan to help the family prepare to transition out of publicly-supported housing.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance.

Not applicable – None of the housing authorities in Fulton County are designated as "troubled."

AP-65 HOMELESS AND OTHER SPECIAL NEEDS ACTIVITIES - 91.220(I)

Introduction

Fulton County is covered by the Fulton County Continuum of Care, a network of service providers covering Fulton County (not including the City of Atlanta). The Fulton County Continuum of Care brings together housing and service providers to meet the needs of homeless individuals and families. Fulton County is in the process of developing a Homeless Plan that will seek to align existing planning efforts related to homelessness to foster a more consistent approach to homelessness and affordable / low-cost housing.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including:

1. Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs.

Over the next year, the CoC and other homeless housing and service providers in Fulton County will continue reaching out to homeless persons, including unsheltered persons, through emergency shelter, meals, transportation, counseling, and case management. One of the objectives of Fulton County's draft

Homeless Plan is to prioritize unsheltered and vulnerable households, with strategies that include training and support for service providers and integrated services with behavioral health and healthcare systems.

2. Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.

During the 2020 program year, Fulton County will use ESG funds to fund emergency shelter and transitional housing providers, possibly to include:

- Travelers Aid dba HOPE Atlanta, which provides emergency assistance and supportive housing.
- North Fulton Community Charities, which provides rapid rehousing.
- Hope through Soap, which provides outreach.
- Fulton County Assessment Centers, which provide financial assistance for shelter, homeless prevention, and rapid rehousing.
- 3. Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

During the 2020 program year, Fulton County will fund organizations that provide case management and housing navigation services to assist homeless individuals and families, including those staying in emergency shelter, make the transition to permanent housing and prevent returns to homelessness. Specifically, the County will fund rapid rehousing, case management, legal representation and counseling, emergency financial assistance, and rental assistance. The County will also work to increase the availability of affordable housing in Fulton County by using HOME funds to support the development of new affordable rental housing.

A key objective of the County's draft Homeless Plan is to increase the inventory of diversion, rapid rehousing, and permanent supportive housing, so as to successfully divert or quickly rehouse all eligible households.

4. Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs.

Over the next year, housing and service providers in Fulton County will continue to work together to prevent homelessness in populations who are vulnerable to or at risk of homelessness. Organizations and resources to prevent homelessness that will be in place during the 2020 program year in Fulton County include:

- North Fulton Community Charities provides emergency financial assistance, thrift shop, food bank, government benefits screening, and rapid rehousing.
- The Community Assistance Center provides rental assistance, food, clothing and education resources for homelessness prevention.
- LIFT Community Development Corp. provides housing and shelter referrals, life and financial skills training, food and clothing giveaways, transportation assistance, education and employment referrals, and mental health and wellness assessments.
- HOPE Atlanta (Travelers Aid) provides rental and security deposit assistance, housing search
 assistance, one-on-one support, and rapid rehousing, as well as emergency services, crisis
 intervention, transitional and permanent supportive housing for persons living with HIV/AIDS. HOPE
 Atlanta's Supportive Services for Veterans and their Families Program funds rapid re-housing and
 prevention assistance to homeless veteran households.

AP-75 BARRIERS TO AFFORDABLE HOUSING - 91.220(J)

Actions planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment.

In January 2019, the Fulton County Board of Commissioners passed a resolution urging municipalities in Fulton County to implement affordable housing policies. The resolution allows the Development Authority of Fulton County to apply local affordable housing ordinances to any multi-family projects completed through the Development Authority.^{33,34}

AP-85 OTHER ACTIONS - 91.220(K)

Introduction

This section details Fulton County's actions planned to ensure safe and affordable housing for its residents, along with plans to meet underserved needs, reduce poverty, develop institutional structure, and enhance coordination between public and private sector housing and community development agencies.

Actions Planned to Address Obstacles to Meeting Underserved Needs

To help remove obstacles to meeting underserved needs and improve service delivery, Fulton County supports the continued development of the Fulton County Continuum of Care, a collaborative to

Consolidated Plan FULTON COUNTY 157

³³ Fulton County Board of Commissioners. "Recess Meeting – January 23, 2019"

https://agendaminutes.fultoncountyga.gov/sirepub/mtgviewer.aspx?meetid=14181&doctype=MINUTES.

³⁴ Fulton County Board of Commissioners. "A Resolution Urging the Municipalities Located Within Fulton County, Georgia to Adopt and Implement Policies and Initiatives in Support of Affordable Housing; and for Other Purposes." https://agendaminutes.fultoncountyga.gov/sirepub/cache/2/fbu5e4h2pn4phuitpwgjiyol/49528112122019063037839.PDF

coordinate the work of social service organizations, disseminate news and information, eliminate duplication of effort, and spearhead community-wide solutions to local needs. Fulton County will provide funding for the following to address underserved needs:

Homelessness Prevention and Services

Case management, emergency financial assistance to prevent homelessness, and rapid rehousing

Emergency Shelter and Transitional/Supportive Housing

- Transitional and emergency shelter
- Case management and supportive housing
- Supportive housing for victims of domestic violence

Fair Housing

- Fair housing education and enforcement
- Legal Representation and counseling to low income households

Actions Planned to Foster and Maintain Affordable Housing

Fulton County will continue to offer their core programs – including home purchase assistance, housing rehabilitation assistance, and tenant-based rental assistance – in order to foster housing affordability. HOME funds will also be used to support the development of new affordable housing, including multifamily rental developments. The County will continue to use HOME funds to support development of affordable housing by a local CHDO.

In addition to specific programs designed to foster and maintain affordable housing, the County will encourage participating jurisdictions to review their zoning ordinances for prospective barriers to affordable housing development, and to make amendments as needed. The County is currently in the process of developing an updated Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice in cooperation with the City of Atlanta. As a result of this study, Fulton County and the City of Atlanta may undertake additional approaches to foster fair and affordable housing.

Actions Planned to Reduce Lead-Based Paint Hazards

Over the next year, Fulton County will continue to conduct lead-based paint inspections and, if a hazard is found, remediation. These actions will both reduce lead exposure risk and help to maintain the county's older, lower and moderately priced housing. Any housing rehabilitation activities conducted using HOME and CDBG funds will continue to be monitored closely for any potential lead exposure.

Actions Planned to Reduce the Number of Poverty-Level Families

Over the 2020 program year, Fulton County will continue its workforce development programs through WorkSource Fulton to connect individuals with job skills and employment. Homeless service providers will continue to offer job search and resume assistance. A focus on improving the jobs/housing balance in

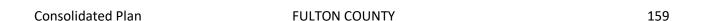
existing and emerging job centers in Fulton County will aim to help poverty-level families access more employment opportunities, while potentially lowering transportation and housing costs.

Actions Planned to Develop Institutional Structure

Fulton County has developed a robust administrative structure to manage its CDBG, HOME, and ESG funds. The County's Department of Community Development offers technical assistance sessions for potential subrecipients, CHDOs, and contractors to learn how to effectively administer funding from the CDBG and HOME programs. In addition to working with organizations, the County's citizen participation process is designed to keep constituents abreast of funding plans and make engaged and informed citizens another vital part of the institutional structure.

Actions Planned to Enhance Coordination between Public and Private Housing and Social Service Agencies

Fulton County will continue to be an active participant in the Fulton County Continuum of Care. The CoC promotes community-wide commitment to goals of ending homelessness; quickly re-housing homeless individuals and families; effective utilization of mainstream resources; optimizing consumer self-sufficiency. Membership includes emergency, transitional, and permanent housing providers; nonprofit social service organizations, and government agencies.



PROGRAM SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

AP-90 PROGRAM SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS – 91.220(L) (1,2,4)

Introduction

Following is a description of the program-specific requirements under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Home Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) programs.

As a result of both federal mandate and local policy, each of the County's entitlement programs requires or encourages some level of "match" or "leveraging" – financing from other sources in addition to the requested entitlement funds. Locally-adopted policies for the HOME program require that 25% of project costs be accounted for by matching funds. In addition, the County's CDBG process awards higher points to project proposals that leverage additional resources. Under the ESG program, federal regulations require that there be a dollar-for-dollar match from other public or private sources.

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) (Reference 24 CFR 91.220(I)(1))

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed	TBD
2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's strategic plan	\$0
3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements	\$0
4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has not been included in a prior statement or plan.	\$0
5. The amount of income from float-funded activities	\$0
Total Program Income	TBD

Other CDBG Requirements

1. The amount of urgent need activities. Note that Fulton County is exploring options to use CDBG funding to assist with response to the COVID-19 pandemic according to HUD guidelines.	\$0
2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall benefit – A consecutive period of one, two, or three years may be used to determine that a minimum of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.	90%

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(I)(2)

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:

Fulton County does not anticipate investing HOME funds in other forms than described in 24 CFR Section 92.205(b) of the HOME Investment Partnerships Final Rule regulations effective October 1, 1996 and as subsequently amended. The County will notify HUD as appropriate if any changes are proposed and follow the applicable substantial amendment process as outlined in the County's Citizen Participation Plan.

2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

Fulton County's Home Owner Program (HOP) provides direct assistance to homebuyers towards the purchase price of a home. Currently, this provision is secured and enforced through a mortgage deed and a note. The mortgage deed is filed for recordation with the Fulton County Clerk of Superior Courts, and these requirements place a lien on the property that should trigger any action related to the sale, transfer, assumption or foreclosure of the HOME-assisted property. The mortgage and note clearly define the dollar amounts and the loan terms; contain default provisions and stipulation that the Borrower is responsible for maintaining the home in good repair.

If conditions of the note are met, the principal balance will be reduced by 20% each year beginning after the first year of occupancy, for the duration of the loan. If there is an occurrence of default, the outstanding principal balance becomes due and payable. These funds will be remitted to Fulton County and will be utilized for HOME-eligible activities only. The applicant(s) must occupy the property as his/her primary residence for the period of affordability as set forth by the loan amount. The HOP loan agreement is signed by the homebuyer at the time of financing to ensure that the homebuyer is committed to this obligation. The borrower is also required to sign the acknowledgement of rights form certifying that they understand certain program restrictions.

The policy of Fulton County for the recapture of HOME investments in cases where the borrower does not occupy the house for the full term of the affordability period is derived from the HOME program

regulations at 92.254(a)(5)(ii)(A) and section 215(b)(3)(B) of the National Affordable Housing Act. Fulton County has selected option number three, shared net proceeds, as set forth in paragraph 92.254(a) (5) (ii) (A)(3) of the program regulations. Net proceeds means the sales price minus the first loan repayment, standard real estate commissions, if any, real estate taxes and closing costs. If the net proceeds are not sufficient to recapture the full amount of the investment plus enable the homeowner to recover the amount of the homeowner's down payment and any capital improvement investment made by the homeowner since purchase, the County must share the net proceeds with the homeowner.

Fulton County's policy of proportional return of investment is to encourage the purchaser to participate in the program and provides a fair return to both the purchaser and Fulton County at the time of the sale. Because it is impossible to dictate the sales market condition at the time of the actual sale, Fulton County has elected to set the following policy: The net proceeds will be divided proportionally as set forth herein by mathematical formula: A = HOME Recapture amount, B= Amount to homeowner; Direct HOME investment + homeowner investment X Net proceeds = A; Homeowner investment, Direct HOME investment + homeowner investment X Net proceeds = B. The Home Investment is the amount of funds that the owners made for improvements to the property over time. If there are no net proceeds, repayment of the note is not required. In the event the net proceeds exceed the amount necessary to repay both the homeowner's investment, the excess proceeds will be paid to the homeowner.

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

Fulton County's HOME program has adopted the use of the recapture provision to achieve the goal of continued affordability and annually certifies that the homeowner maintains the assisted unit as their primary resident. The County annually sends a Homebuyer Certification document to each HOP second mortgage beneficiary (currently in the affordability period) terms of the second mortgage loan to include existing primary residency requirement. Recipients are requested to verify receipt of the certification document by including the respective borrower's signature and date of the document, then return to the signature and date of the document, then return to the County via facsimile or U.S. Post Master. To ensure that the home buyer certification documents are sent and not forwarded to any other address the County uses a stamp stating the following: "Return Service Requested Do Not Forward."

4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:

Refinancing is not an eligible activity under any federally-funded HOME programs. Therefore, Fulton County does not plan to use HOME funds to refinance existing debt and has not established refinancing policy guidelines for the use of HOME funds.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Reference 91.220(I)(4)

1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment)

Fulton County enthusiastically supports and partners with the GA 502 Fulton Country CoC approach to addressing the needs of people who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. Our shared vision and commitment are focused on rooting out the causes of homelessness and aiding individuals and families in their successful reintegration into the community. Fulton County and the GA 502 Fulton County CoC work collaboratively to identify and serve the chronically homeless, youth, families, and veterans through the GA 502 Coordinated Intake and Assessment System (CIAS). The staff of the Fulton County's Homeless Division provides administrative support to the GA 502 Board of Directors. Utilizing ESG and other jurisdictional allocations coupled with the CoC Supportive Housing Program grant funds, the planning committee formulates the plan to implement strategies to address the 7 performance measures targeting the groups identified above and measures, using HMIS performance data, the impact of the strategies on the intended population. Fulton County's ESG written standards are included as an attachment to this plan.

2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system.

The Coordinated Intake and Assessment System (CIAS) is designed to complete outreach and recruit homeless individuals and families throughout the geographic area of Fulton County, to assess their individual needs and facilitate access to services in response to those identified needs. CIAS utilizes a multi-tiered approach which requires for the operation of an Assessment Center centrally located in both the south and north areas of Fulton County. To satisfy eligibility criteria for participation in the Emergency Solutions Grant program, applicants must be below 30% AMI, according to the current HUD income limits (for homelessness prevention assistance), or homeless or at risk of becoming homeless (for rapid re-housing assistance), and lacking sufficient resources and support networks necessary to retain housing without ESG assistance. All ESG participants receive an initial consultation to determine eligibility and assistance.

3. Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).

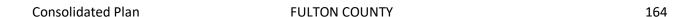
In accordance with HUD 24 CFR 576.3 (Allocation of Funding), regulations mandate that 7.5% of funds should be spent on administrative activities, a maximum of 60% of Fulton County's ESG funds are to be spent on shelter activities, and the remaining 40% are to be spent on homeless prevention and rapid rehousing activities proposed by organizations. The Department of Community Development administers ESG funds through its Homeless Assessment Centers and also awards grant funds to sub-recipients to carry out eligible activities in compliance with all applicable federal regulations. The ESG written standards attached to this plan outline the County's process for allocating ESG funds.

4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.

Not applicable. Fulton County successfully meets the homeless participation requirements.

5. Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.

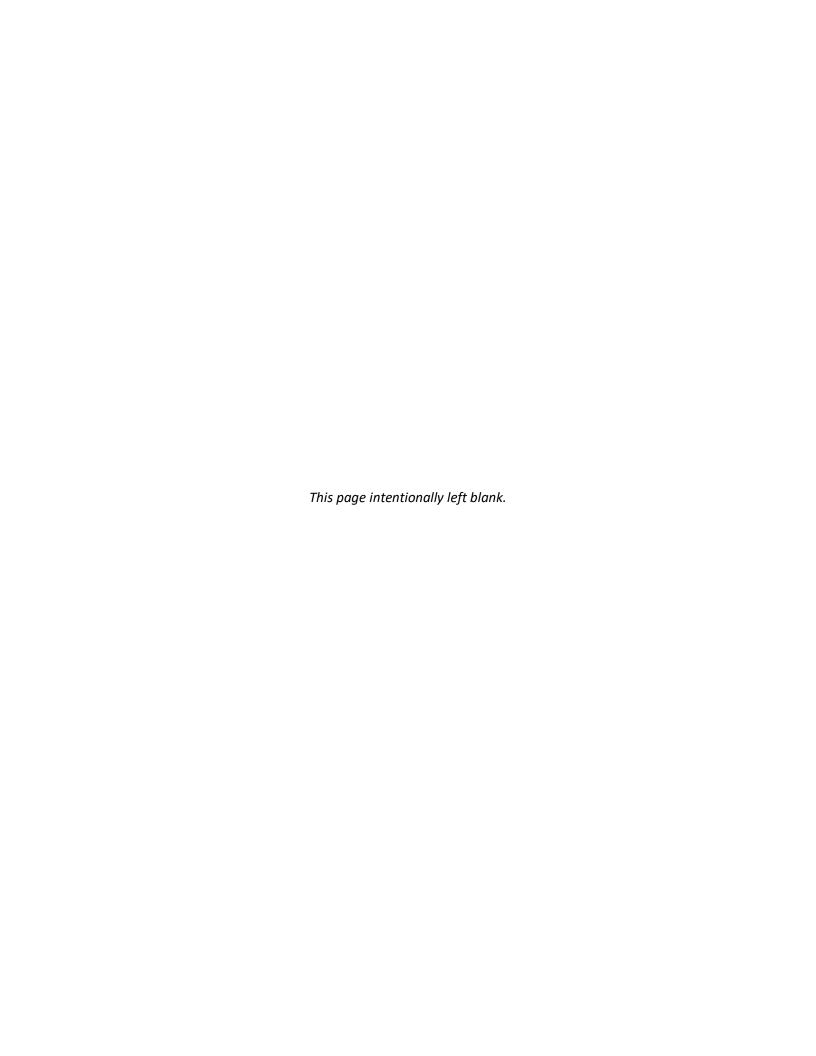
ESG performance standards are upheld through review of monthly or quarterly reports determined by the designated ESG Project Manager depending on the project or service to the County. It is imperative that the reports are submitted as scheduled. The County is responsible for reporting program accomplishments to HUD, who in turn submits the information in congressional reports. Each Project Manager responsible for technical support of the subrecipient will provide reporting formats prior to commencement of the ESG-funded project or service. Project Manager(s) will visit the site of each project or service delivery location no less than annually to assess progress. Additional site visits may be required depending on the subrecipient's need for technical support. Each ESG subrecipient must keep records of fund expenditures; a copy of the ESG contract executed with Fulton County; and all other project or service information important to the administration of the project for a minimum of four (4) years. The County will monitor ESG subrecipient files and record keeping procedures at least annually. Each agency receives notification in writing prior to the anticipated monitoring date. The HMIS database is also reviewed to review performance.





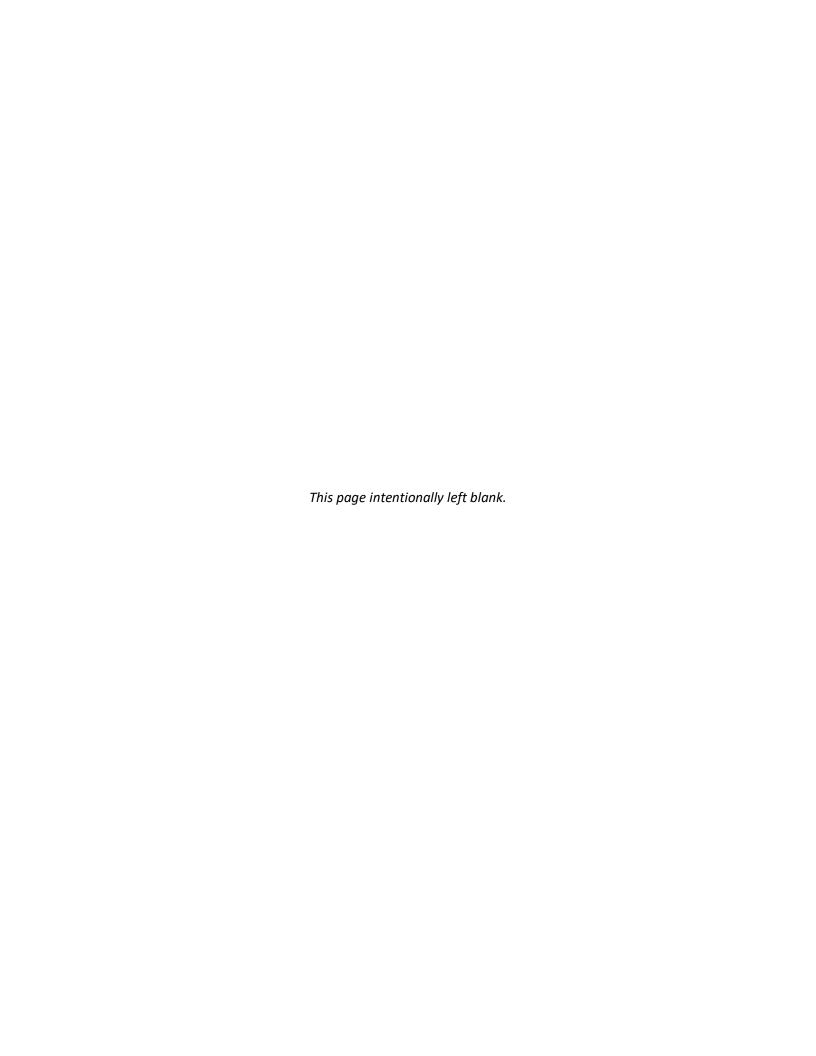
2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan

Appendix



APPENDIX I: FORMS AND CERTIFICATIONS

SF-424S, SF-424DS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING MINUTES



CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the jurisdiction certifies that:

Affirmatively Further Fair Housing -- The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing.

Uniform Relocation Act and Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan -- It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 4601-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24. It has in effect and is following a residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under 24 CFR Part 42 in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the Community Development Block Grant or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying -- To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:

- 1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
- 2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and
- 3. It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of Jurisdiction -- The consolidated plan is authorized under State and local law (as applicable) and the jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations.

Consistency with plan -- The housing activities to be undertaken with Community Development Block Grant, HOME, Emergency Solutions Grant, and Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS funds are consistent with the strategic plan in the jurisdiction's consolidated plan.

Section 3 -- It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 135.

Signature of Authorized Official

10/15/2020

Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners

Title

REGULAR MEETING

Specific Community Development Block Grant Certifications

The Entitlement Community certifies that:

Citizen Participation -- It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR 91.105.

Community Development Plan -- Its consolidated plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that that have been developed in accordance with the primary objective of the CDBG program (i.e., the development of viable urban communities, by providing decent housing and expanding economic opportunities, primarily for persons of low and moderate income) and requirements of 24 CFR Parts 91 and 570.

Following a Plan -- It is following a current consolidated plan that has been approved by HUD.

Use of Funds -- It has complied with the following criteria:

- 1. Maximum Feasible Priority. With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low- and moderate-income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include CDBG-assisted activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available (see Optional CDBG Certification).
- 2. Overall Benefit. The aggregate use of CDBG funds, including Section 108 guaranteed loans, during program year(s) 2020 [a period specified by the grantee of one, two, or three specific consecutive program years], shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such persons during the designated period.
- 3. Special Assessments. It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds, by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

In addition, in the case of properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

Excessive Force -- It has adopted and is enforcing:

- 1. A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and
- 2. A policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location which is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction.

Compliance with Anti-discrimination laws -- The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d) and the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-3619) and implementing regulations.

Lead-Based Paint -- Its activities concerning lead-based paint will comply with the requirements of 24 CFR Part 35, Subparts A, B, J, K and R.

Compliance with Laws -- It will comply with applicable laws.

Signature of Authorized Official

10/15/2020 Date

Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners

Title

OPTIONAL Community Development Block Grant Certification

Submit the following certification only when one or more of the activities in the action plan are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency as specified in 24 CFR 570.208(c):

The grantee hereby certifies that the Annual Plan includes one or more specifically identified CDBG-assisted activities which are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community and other financial resources are not available to meet such needs.

Signature of Authorized Official

10/15/2020 Date

Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners

Title

18 RM 1,8,80

HEGULAR MEETING

Specific HOME Certifications

The HOME participating jurisdiction certifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance -- If it plans to provide tenant-based rental assistance, the tenant-based rental assistance is an essential element of its consolidated plan.

Eligible Activities and Costs -- It is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in 24 CFR §§92.205 through 92.209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in §92.214.

Subsidy layering -- Before committing any funds to a project, it will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing;

Signature of Authorized Official

10/15/2020 Date

Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners

Title

Emergency Solutions Grants Certifications

The Emergency Solutions Grants Program recipient certifies that:

Major rehabilitation/conversion/renovation – If an emergency shelter's rehabilitation costs exceed 75 percent of the value of the building before rehabilitation, the recipient will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed rehabilitation.

If the cost to convert a building into an emergency shelter exceeds 75 percent of the value of the building after conversion, the recipient will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed conversion.

In all other cases where ESG funds are used for renovation, the recipient will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 3 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed renovation.

Essential Services and Operating Costs – In the case of assistance involving shelter operations or essential services related to street outreach or emergency shelter, the recipient will provide services or shelter to homeless individuals and families for the period during which the ESG assistance is provided, without regard to a particular site or structure, so long the recipient serves the same type of persons (e.g., families with children, unaccompanied youth, disabled individuals, or victims of domestic violence) or persons in the same geographic area.

Renovation – Any renovation carried out with ESG assistance shall be sufficient to ensure that the building involved is safe and sanitary.

Supportive Services – The recipient will assist homeless individuals in obtaining permanent housing, appropriate supportive services (including medical and mental health treatment, victim services, counseling, supervision, and other services essential for achieving independent living), and other Federal State, local, and private assistance available for these individuals.

Matching Funds – The recipient will obtain matching amounts required under 24 CFR 576.201.

Confidentiality – The recipient has established and is implementing procedures to ensure the confidentiality of records pertaining to any individual provided family violence prevention or treatment services under any project assisted under the ESG program, including protection against the release of the address or location of any family violence shelter project, except with the written authorization of the person responsible for the operation of that shelter.

Homeless Persons Involvement – To the maximum extent practicable, the recipient will involve, through employment, volunteer services, or otherwise, homeless individuals and families in constructing, renovating, maintaining, and operating facilities assisted under the ESG program, in providing services assisted under the ESG program, and in providing services for occupants of facilities assisted under the program.

Consolidated Plan – All activities the recipient undertakes with assistance under ESG are consistent with its consolidated plan.

Discharge Policy - The recipient will establish and implement, to the maximum extent practicable and where appropriate, policies and protocols for the discharge of persons from publicly funded institutions or systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care or other youth facilities, or correction programs and institutions) in order to prevent this discharge from immediately resulting in homelessness for these persons.

Signature of Authorized Official

Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners

Title

APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING CERTIFICATION:

Lobbying Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 12/31/2022

Application for Federal Assis	tance SF-424			
* 1. Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected Application	New Continuation	* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): * Other (Specify):		
* 3. Date Received: 4. Applicant Identifier:				
5a. Federal Entity Identifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier: B-20-UC-13-0003		
State Use Only:				
6. Date Received by State:	7. State Application I	Identifier:		
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:				
* a. Legal Name: Fulton County	, GA			
* b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification N	lumber (EIN/TIN):	* c. Organizational DUNS:		
58-6001729		1338941670000		
d. Address:				
* Street1: 137 Peachtre Street2: * City: Atlanta	ee Street, SW, Ste 300			
County/Parish:				
* State:		GA: Georgia		
Province:				
* Country:		USA: UNITED STATES		
* Zip / Postal Code: 30303-3444				
e. Organizational Unit:			-	
Department Name:	mace the second place of the second person and the second person a	Division Name:	-	
Community Development		Community Development (CDBG)		
f. Name and contact information of	person to be contacted on ma	atters involving this application:	-	
Prefix: Dr.	* First Name	Pamela	ī	
Middle Name:			لتد	
* Last Name: Roshell				
Suffix:				
Title: Interim Director				
Organizational Affiliation:				
Fulton County Department of Community Development				
* Telephone Number: 404-612-12	43	Fax Number:		
* Email: Pamela.Roshell@fult	oncountyga.gov			

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:
B: County Government
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:
* Other (specify):
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:
14.218
CFDA Title:
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants
* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:
* Title:
13. Competition Identification Number:
Title:
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):
Question 14 - Areas Affected by Project.doc Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
Question 14 - Areas Affected by Project. doc
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:
The Fulton County Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants of the 2020 Annual Action Plan.
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.
Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424		
16. Congressional Districts Of:		
* a. Applicant GA-005 * b. Program/Project GA-005		
Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed.		
Question 16 - Congressional Districts.docx Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment		
17. Proposed Project:		
* a. Start Date: 01/01/2020		
18. Estimated Funding (\$):		
* a. Federal 1,867,525.00		
* b. Applicant		
* c. State		
* d. Local		
* e. Other		
* f. Program Income		
* g. TOTAL 1,867,525.00		
* 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?		
a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on		
b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.		
c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.		
* 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)		
Yes No		
If "Yes", provide explanation and attach		
Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment		
21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001)		
∑ ** I AGREE		
** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency		
specific instructions.		
Authorized Representative:		
Prefix: Mr. * First Name: Robert		
Middle Name: L.		
* Last Name: Pitts		
Suffix:		
* Title: Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners		
* Telephone Number: 404-612-8280 Fax Number:		
* Email: Robb.Pitts@fultoncountyga.gov		
* Signature of Authorized Representative: * Date Signed: 0 5 2020		

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 12/31/2022

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424			
* 1. Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected Application	New	If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): Other (Specify):	
* 3. Date Received: 11/06/2020	Applicant Identifier:		
5a. Federal Entity Identifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier: S-20-UC-13-0003	
State Use Only:			
6. Date Received by State:	7. State Application Id	dentifier:	
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:			
* a. Legal Name: Fulton County,	GA		
* b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Nu	mber (EIN/TIN):	* c. Organizational DUNS:	
58-6001729		1338941670000	
d. Address:			
* Street1: 137 Peachtree Street2: * City: Atlanta	e Street, SW, Ste 300		
County/Parish:			
* State:		GA: Georgia	
Province:			
* Country: * Zip / Postal Code: 30303-3444		USA: UNITED STATES	
e. Organizational Unit:			
Department Name:		Division Name:	
Community Development	1	Community Development (ESG)	
f. Name and contact information of p	person to be contacted on ma		
Prefix: Dr.	* First Name		
Middle Name:		TameId	
* Last Name: Roshell			
Suffix:			
Title: Interim Director			
Organizational Affiliation:			
Fulton County Department of Community Development			
* Telephone Number: 404-612-1243 Fax Number:			
*Email: Pamela.Roshell@fultoncountyga.gov			

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:
B: County Government
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:
* Other (specify):
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:
14.231
CFDA Title:
Emergency Solutions Grant Program
* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:
* Title:
13. Competition Identification Number:
Title:
∞
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):
Question 14 - Areas Affected by Project.doc Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:
The Fulton County Emergency Solutions Grant Program of the 2020 Annual Action Plan.
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.
Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424		
16. Congressional Districts Of:		
* a. Applicant GA-005 * b. Program/Project GA-005		
Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed.		
Question 16 - Congressional Districts.docx Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment		
17. Proposed Project:		
* a. Start Date: 01/01/2020		
18. Estimated Funding (\$):		
*a. Federal 166,641.00		
* b. Applicant		
* c. State		
* d. Local		
* e. Other		
* f. Program Income		
* g. TOTAL 166,641.00		
* 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?		
a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on		
b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.		
c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.		
* 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)		
Yes No		
If "Yes", provide explanation and attach		
Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment		
21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001)		
★*I AGREE		
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Authorized Representative:		
Prefix: Mr. * First Name: Robert		
Middle Name:		
* Last Name: Pitts		
Suffix:		
* Title: Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners		
* Telephone Number: 404-612-8280 Fax Number:		
* Email: Robb.Pitts@fultoncountyga.gov		
* Signature of Authorized Representative: * Date Signed: 10 /15 / 2020		

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 12/31/2022

Application for Federal	Assistance SF-424	
* 1. Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected App	New Continuation * C	f Revision, select appropriate letter(s): Other (Specify):
* 3. Date Received: 11/06/2020	4. Applicant Identifier:	
5a. Federal Entity Identifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier: M-20-UC-13-0211
State Use Only:		
6. Date Received by State:	7. State Application Id	entifier:
8. APPLICANT INFORMATIO	N:	
* a. Legal Name: Fulton C	ounty, GA	
* b. Employer/Taxpayer Identifi	cation Number (EIN/TIN):	* c. Organizational DUNS:
58-6001729		1338941670000
d. Address:		
* Street1: 137 Pe	achtree Street, SW, Ste 300	
Street2:		
* City: Atlanta		
County/Parish:		
* State: GA: Georgia		
Province:		
* Country: USA: UNITED STATES		
* Zip / Postal Code: 30303-	3444	
e. Organizational Unit:		
Department Name:		Division Name:
Community Development		Community Development (HOME)
f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application:		
Prefix: Dr.	* First Name:	Pamela
Middle Name:		
* Last Name: Roshell		
Suffix:		
Title: Interim Director		
Organizational Affiliation:		
Fulton County Department of Community Development		
* Telephone Number: 404-612-1243 Fax Number:		
* Email: Pamela.Roshell	@fultoncountyga.gov	

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:
B: County Government
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:
* Other (specify):
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:
14.239
CFDA Title:
HOME Investment Partnerships Program
* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:
* Title:
13. Competition Identification Number:
Title:
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):
Question 14 - Areas Affected by Project.doc Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
2 Section 1. Action in the court of the cour
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:
The Fulton County HOME Investment Partnerships Program of the 2020 Annual Action Plan.
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.
Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
16. Congressional Districts Of:
* a. Applicant GA-005 * b. Program/Project GA-005
Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed.
Question 16 - Congressional Districts.docx Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
17. Proposed Project:
* a. Start Date: 01/01/2020
18. Estimated Funding (\$):
* a. Federal 877,448.00
* b. Applicant
* c. State
* d. Local
* e. Other
* f. Program Income
* g. TOTAL 877,448.00
* 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?
a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on
b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.
c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.
* 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)
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If "Yes", provide explanation and attach
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21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001)
★* I AGREE
** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency
specific instructions.
Authorized Representative:
Prefix: Mr. *First Name: Robert
Middle Name:
* Last Name: Pitts
Suffix:
* Title: Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners
* Telephone Number: 404-612-8280 Fax Number:
* Email: Robb.Pitts@fultoncountyga.gov
* Signature of Authorized Representative: * Date Signed: 10 15 2020

ASSURANCES - CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

OMB Number: 4040-0009 Expiration Date: 02/28/2022

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the Awarding Agency. Further, certain Federal assistance awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant:, I certify that the applicant:

- Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of project described in this application.
- Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General
 of the United States and, if appropriate, the State,
 the right to examine all records, books, papers, or
 documents related to the assistance; and will establish
 a proper accounting system in accordance with
 generally accepted accounting standards or agency
 directives.
- 3. Will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title or other interest in the site and facilities without permission and instructions from the awarding agency. Will record the Federal awarding agency directives and will include a covenant in the title of real property acquired in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure non-discrimination during the useful life of the project.
- Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
- 5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progressive reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
- Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
- Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.

- Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards of merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
- Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
- 10. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to nondiscrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race. color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681 1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29) U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee 3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statue(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and (i) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statue(s) which may apply to the application.

- 11. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
- 12. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§1501-1508 and 7324-7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- 13. Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. §276c and 18 U.S.C. §874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§327-333) regarding labor standards for federally-assisted construction subagreements.
- 14. Will comply with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.
- 15. Will comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514; (b) notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738; (c) protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990; (d) evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains in accordance with EO 11988; (e) assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§1451 et seq.); (f) conformity of

- Federal actions to State (Clean Air) implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.); (g) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended (P.L. 93-523); and, (h) protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (P.L. 93-205).
- Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.
- Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq).
- 18. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."
- Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.
- 20. Will comply with the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) which prohibits grant award recipients or a sub-recipient from (1) Engaging in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect (2) Procuring a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect or (3) Using forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED CERTIFYING OFFICIAL	TITLE
-to-Land	Chairman, Fulton County Board of Commissioners
APPLICANT ORGANIZATION	DATE SUBMITTED
Fulton County, GA	10/15/2020

SF-424D (Rev. 7-97) Back

OMB Number: 4040-0009 Expiration Date: 02/28/2022

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the Awarding Agency. Further, certain Federal assistance awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant:, I certify that the applicant:

- Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of project described in this application.
- Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General
 of the United States and, if appropriate, the State,
 the right to examine all records, books, papers, or
 documents related to the assistance; and will establish
 a proper accounting system in accordance with
 generally accepted accounting standards or agency
 directives.
- 3. Will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title or other interest in the site and facilities without permission and instructions from the awarding agency. Will record the Federal awarding agency directives and will include a covenant in the title of real property acquired in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure non-discrimination during the useful life of the project.
- Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
- 5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progressive reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
- Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
- Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.

- Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards of merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
- Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
- 10. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to nondiscrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race. color or national origin: (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681 1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29) U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee 3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seg.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statue(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statue(s) which may apply to the application.

- 11. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
- 12. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§1501-1508 and 7324-7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- 13. Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. §276c and 18 U.S.C. §874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§327-333) regarding labor standards for federally-assisted construction subagreements.
- 14. Will comply with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.
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- Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.
- Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq).
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- Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.
- 20. Will comply with the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) which prohibits grant award recipients or a sub-recipient from (1) Engaging in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect (2) Procuring a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect or (3) Using forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

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ASSURANCES - CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

OMB Number: 4040-0009 Expiration Date: 02/28/2022

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

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As the duly authorized representative of the applicant:, I certify that the applicant:

- Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of project described in this application.
- Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General
 of the United States and, if appropriate, the State,
 the right to examine all records, books, papers, or
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- Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
- 5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progressive reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
- Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
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14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):

Fulton County and all participating municipalities (Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, South Fulton, and Union City)

16. Congressional Districts Of:

b. Program/Project:

GA-005

GA-006

GA-013

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS REGULAR MEETING



October 7, 2020 10:00 AM



Fulton County Government Center
TELECONFERENCE
141 Pryor Street SW
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

POST AGENDA MINUTES

This document is tentative, has not been ratified or approved by the Board of Commissioners, and is not binding on the County or any officer.

Scheduled date for ratification: October 21, 2020

CALL TO ORDER: Chairman Robert L. Pitts

10:00 a.m.

ROLL CALL: Tonya R. Grier, Interim Clerk to the Commission

Robert L. Pitts, Chairman (At-Large)	PRESENT
Liz Hausmann, Commissioner (District 1)	PRESENT
Bob Ellis, Commissioner (District 2)	PRESENT
Lee Morris, Commissioner (District 3)	PRESENT
Natalie Hall, Commissioner (District 4)	PRESENT
Marvin S. Arrington, Jr., Vice-Chairman (District 5)	PRESENT
Joe Carn, Commissioner (District 6)	PRESENT

INVOCATION: Reverend Clifton Dawkins, Jr., County Chaplain

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Recited in unison.

20-0668 Juvenile Court

Request approval to renew an existing contract - Juvenile Court, RFP#19RFP100119A-CJC Specific Evidence-Based Delinquency Prevention Programming in the amount of \$194,400 with Chris 180, Inc. to provide Trauma Focused – Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (TF-CBT) evidence-based delinquency prevention treatment. Effective October 1, 2020 thru September 30, 2021. No renewal options remain. This spending request is 100% grant funded. (APPROVED UPON ADOPTION OF THE CONSENT AGENDA)

Health and Human Services

20-0669 Department for HIV Elimination

The Department for HIV Elimination requests approval of FY2020 Ending the HIV Epidemic grant-funded contracts totaling \$359,536.00: AIDS Healthcare Foundation \$120,692.00. DeKalb County Board of Health \$87,511.00, Grady Memorial Hospital (D/B/A Grady Health System) \$44,774.00, and Positive Impact Health Centers \$106,559.00. Request authorization for the Chairman to execute contracts with selected subrecipients. To protect the interests of the County, the County Attorney is authorized to approve the contracts as to form and substance and make any necessary modifications thereto prior to execution by the Chairman. (APPROVED UPON ADOPTION OF THE CONSENT AGENDA)

(The state of the

20-0670 Community Development

Request approval to enter into a Memorandum of Understanding between Fulton County--as the GA 502 Fulton County Continuum of Care (CoC) Collaborative Applicant through its Department of Community Development--and the Gateway Center to serve as the lead agency to work with the Fulton County Homeless Division to create a new county-wide assessment center. Funding in the amount of \$249,079.00 will support the coordination and the delivery of homeless services for individuals and families who are at-risk of homelessness or are currently or formerly homeless that resides in Fulton County. The Assessment Center's homeless coordinated entry work, except for Atlanta, is 100% grant funded. (APPROVED)

A motion was made by Chairman Pitts and seconded by Commissioner Carn to approve.

The motion passed by the following voice vote:

Yeas: 6 - Pitts, Hausmann, Ellis, Morris, Hall, Carn

Did not vote: 1 - Arrington

20-0671 Community Development

Request approval of a Resolution to amend the 2020-2024 proposed Consolidated Plan and the 2020 Annual Action Plan to seek certain waivers from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and to secure federal funds supporting projects and services needed by its lowand moderate-income citizens for activities. The 2020 allocations are as follows: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) is \$1,867,525.00, Emergency Solution Grants (ESG) is \$166,641.00, and HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) is \$877,448.00. The ESG and HOME grants require an annual match of 100% and 25%, respectively. (APPROVED)

A motion was made by Commissioner Hall and seconded by Chairman Pitts to approve.

The motion passed by the following voice vote:

Yeas:

7 - Pitts, Hausmann, Ellis, Morris, Hall, Arrington, Carn

Open and Responsible Government

20-0672 Real Estate and Asset Management

Request approval of a Sewer Easement Dedication of 2,216 square feet to Fulton County, a political subdivision of the State of Georgia from Lawrence Hassel, for the purpose of completing the 6260 Wilsons Road Sewer Easement Project at 6250 Wilsons Road, Johns Creek, Georgia 30097. (APPROVED UPON ADOPTION OF THE CONSENT AGENDA)

20-0673 Real Estate and Asset Management

Request approval of a Sewer Easement Dedication of 4,375 square feet to Fulton County, a political subdivision of the State of Georgia from Theodore Kyriakou, Jr., for the purpose of completing the 6350 Wilsons Road Sewer Easement Project at 6250 Wilsons Road, Johns Creek, Georgia 30097. (APPROVED UPON ADOPTION OF THE CONSENT AGENDA)

20-0674 Real Estate and Asset Management

Request approval of a Water Vault Easement Dedication of 323.5 square feet to Fulton County, a political subdivision of the State of Georgia from Crabapple Ventures, LLC, for the purpose of constructing the Town Center East Project at 850 Mayfield Road, Milton, Georgia 30009. (APPROVED UPON ADOPTION OF THE CONSENT AGENDA)

FULTON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS RECESS MEETING



June 17, 2020 10:00 AM



Fulton County Government Center Assembly Hall 141 Pryor Street SW Atlanta, Georgia 30303

POST AGENDA MINUTES

This document is tentative, has not been ratified or approved by the Board of Commissioners, and is not binding on the County or any officer.

Scheduled date for ratification: July 8, 2020

CALL TO ORDER: Chairman Robert L. Pitts

10:00 a.m.

ROLL CALL: Tonya R. Grier, Interim Clerk to the Commission

Robert L. Pitts, Chairman (At-Large)	PRESENT
Liz Hausmann, Commissioner (District 1)	PRESENT
Bob Ellis, Commissioner (District 2)	PRESENT
Lee Morris, Commissioner (District 3)	PRESENT
Natalie Hall, Commissioner (District 4)	PRESENT
Marvin S. Arrington, Jr., Vice-Chairman (District 5)	PRESENT
Joe Carn, Commissioner (District 6)	PRESENT

INVOCATION: Reverend Clifton Dawkins, Jr., County Chaplain

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Recited in unison

20-0436 Community Development

Request for approval to amend and extend the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Fulton County-- as the GA 502 Fulton County Continuum of Care Collaborative Applicant through its Department of Community Development—and North Fulton Community Charities (NFCC) from May 31, 2020 end date to August 31, 2020, per the Department of Housing and Urban Development's April 17, 2020, Continuum of Care Program Expedited COVID-19 Grant Agreement Amendments notice. There is no increase in the grant amount that was previously awarded. The approval of this agenda item will also authorize the Chairman to execute any future documents related to this specific funding and this agenda item. (APPROVED)

A motion was made by Commissioner Ellis and seconded by Commissioner Hausmann to approve.

The motion passed by the following vote:

Yeas:

6 - Pitts, Hausmann, Ellis, Morris, Hall, Carn

Did not vote:

1 - Arrington

20-0437 Community Development

Request approval to amend and extend the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Fulton County-- as the GA 502 Fulton County Continuum of Care Collaborative Applicant through its Department of Community Development—and Travelers Aid of Metropolitan Atlanta dba Hope Atlanta from May 31, 2020 end date to August 31, 2020, per the Department of Housing and Urban Development's April 17, 2020, Continuum of Care Program Expedited COVID-19 Grant Agreement Amendments notice. There is no increase in the grant amount that was previously awarded. The approval of this agenda item will also authorize the Chairman to execute any future documents related to this specific funding and agenda item. (APPROVED)

A motion was made by Commissioner Morris and seconded by Commissioner Hall to approve.

The motion passed by the following vote:

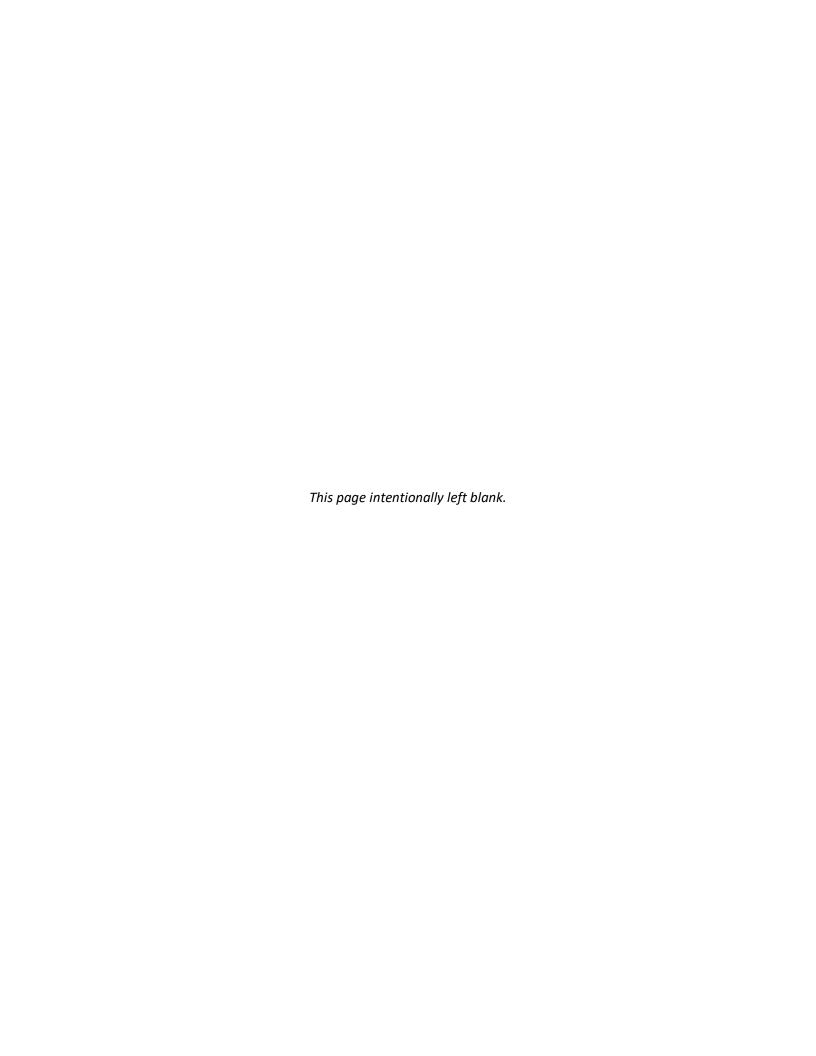
Yeas:

6 - Pitts, Hausmann, Ellis, Morris, Hall, Carn

Did not vote:

1 - Arrington

APPENDIX II: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY HANDOUT



CONSOLIDATED PLAN OVERVIEW

Fulton County has prepared a housing and community development study known as a Consolidated Plan. This study discusses housing and community development needs and priorities in Fulton County and outlines strategies the County plans to take to address these needs and priorities. The study is required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for jurisdictions that receive certain community development and affordable housing grant funds.



The Process

Fulton County conducted a variety of public outreach to garner input from County staff, government agencies, nonprofit agencies, affordable housing developers, local service providers, and county residents in preparing this plan. The County held two community meetings open to the general public; conducted three focus groups with nonprofit staff and Continuum of Care members, Health and Human Services Department staff, and Community Development Department staff; and interviewed key stakeholders. Additionally, local residents and other stakeholders completed surveys regarding community development and housing priorities. A total of about 57 people attended a community meeting or focus group, 513 people completed the survey (including 220 living in Fulton County outside of Atlanta), and 19 people participated in an interview.

57Meeting/Focus Group
Attendees

19
Interview Participants

513Survey Takers

Needs Assessment

Housing Needs

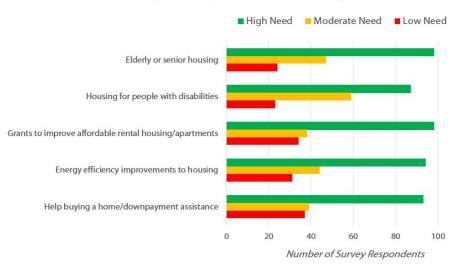
Overwhelmingly, the most common housing problem for low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County is affordability. An estimated 16,355 low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County spend more than one-half of their income on housing. Another 13,371 low- and moderate-income households spend between 30% and 50% of their income on housing. Together, 70% of low- and moderate-income households in Fulton County have a cost burden.

Most focus group and interview participants also identified affordable housing as a priority need in Fulton County. Stakeholders noted that housing and services for people who are homeless is also a priority.

Affordability issues are most severe for lowest income households. About two-thirds (68%) of households with incomes under 30% of the area median income spend more than 50% of their income on housing. Substandard housing and overcrowding are also more likely to impact renters.

Survey respondents rated housing needs in Fulton County, with the following top three responses: 1) elderly or senior housing, 2) housing for people with disabilities, and 3) grants to improve affordable rental housing/apartments.

Top Housing Needs, Fulton County



NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Homeless Needs

The Fulton County Continuum of Care conducts a point-in-time count of people who are homeless in January of each year. In 2019, there were 632 people experiencing homelessness in the county, 88% of whom were sheltered.

Sheltered and Unsheltered Homeless in Fulton County CoC, 2019

	Sheltered	Unsheltered	Total
Number of Households	379	72	451
Number of Persons	556	76	632
Number of Children	156	3	159

This number represents just people who are homeless on the night of the count, and doesn't reflect the total number of people experiencing homelessness throughout the year. Data from both the point-in-time count and stakeholder input indicate a high level of need for homelessness services in north and south Fulton County. All homeless needs were ranked by more than 60% of survey respondents as high needs, including homelessness prevention, transitional/supportive housing programs, access to homeless shelters, permanent housing, and outreach to homeless persons. Stakeholders emphasized that homeless individuals often have many needs, including mental health, counseling, and housing, among others, and getting assistance for these needs is generally a cumbersome process.

Non-Housing Community Development Needs

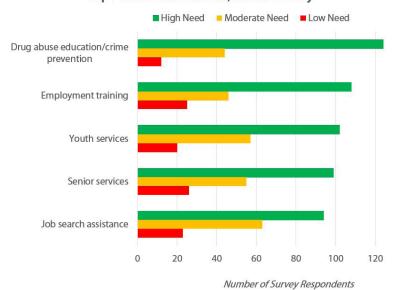
Public Services

Survey takers were asked to rate public service needs in Fulton County. The top needs identified by survey participants include:

- 1. Drug abuse education/ crime prevention
- 2. Employment training
- 3. Youth services

Other needs noted by participants include senior services; job search assistance; medical and dental services; transportation assistance; childcare, including outside of traditional hours; mental health services; food access services; supportive services in housing; programs for persons with developmental disabilities; and homelessness prevention.

Top Public Service Needs, Fulton County



69%

of Survey Respondents Rated Drug Abuse/ Crime Prevention as a High Need

68%

of Survey Respondents Rated Street, Road, and Sidewalk Improvements as a High Need

Public Facilties and Infrastructure

Buildings open to the general public or for use by target special needs populations, whether owned by the government or by nonprofit organizations, may be considered public facilities under the CDBG program.

Respondents to the Housing and Community Needs Survey rated public facility needs in Fulton County. Top responses included: (1) community parks, gyms, and recreational fields; (2) community centers (i.e., youth centers, senior centers, cultural centers); and 3) health care facilities.

Stakeholders also noted a need for homelessness facilities, including emergency shelters, warming centers, mental health centers, service centers that provide access to a variety of resources, transitional housing for homeless youth, and permanent supportive housing.

Finally, survey respondents were asked to rank public improvement needs in the county. The top three responses were street, road, or sidewalk improvements; bike or walking trails; and broadband internet access.

MARKET ANALYSIS

While housing choices can be fundamentally limited by household income and purchasing power, the lack of affordable housing can be a significant hardship for low- and moderate-income households, preventing them from meeting other basic needs. Stakeholders and residents reported that affordable housing for families and individuals is a significant issue in Fulton County, and according to the 2011-2015 ACS, housing costs have increased substantially for renters over the last six years.

Housing Supply and Costs

According to the 2011-2015 American Community Survey (ACS), most of the 119,751 housing units in Fulton County are detached single-family homes (63%). Multifamily housing makes up about 31% of housing units, and most of these units are in small multifamily properties (2 to 19 units).

Median home value in Fulton County is estimated at \$241,300 according to 2011-2015 ACS data. This value represents a small decline (4%) from the 2005-2009 median of \$250,800 but is a likely result of the Great Recession and subsequent recovery occurring during this time period. It is well above the state median home value of \$151,300.

Median contract rent is about \$821 according to the 2011-2015 ACS, up 9% from \$756 in 2005-2009. Nearly two-thirds of Fulton County's rental units (62%) rent for between \$500 and \$999. One-fifth of units have rental rates from \$1,000 to \$1,499.

Public and Other Assisted Housing

The Housing Authority of Fulton County (HAFC) no longer owns or operates any public housing, having converted its public housing through the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program to project-based vouchers. As of 2019, the HAFC operates 2,272 total units, of which 947 utilize housing choice vouchers, 132 are LIHTC units, 190 are project-based vouchers/RAD, and 1,003 are port vouchers.

The Housing Authority of the City of East Point (EPHA) currently has 280 units of traditional public housing, as well as 555 housing choice voucher units. The EPHA has two public housing sites. The Martel Apartments are a 150-unit site built in 1963. The Martel Apartments underwent modernization in 2012. The OJ Hurd Apartments contain 35 units which were built in 1971. The Hurd Apartments completed modernization in 2010.

In its 2019 Annual Plan, the EPHA identified that its public housing stock is in "fairly good condition," but is aging. The authority plans to address the physical condition of its most distressed public housing units mainly through RAD conversion and other mixed financing tools.

\$241,300 Median Home Value, 2011-2015

\$821Median Contract Rent, 2011-2015

Homeless Facilities and Services

Based on a review of emergency, transitional, and permanent supportive housing that serves people experiencing homelessness in Fulton County, there are an estimated 471 emergency shelter beds, 65% of which are adult-only beds and 34% of which are beds for people living in families. The county's homeless facilities also include 93 transitional housing beds and 497 permanent housing beds, including 215 permanent supportive housing beds and 282 rapid rehousing beds.

Barriers to Affordable Housing

Through the Fulton County Homeownership Program, the county provides funding for down payment assistance of up to 6% of the purchase price, or \$10,000 maximum. Stakeholders noted, however, that the program provides more assistance in the southern part of Fulton County – where home prices are generally lower – than it provides to homebuyers in north Fulton County where home prices are higher, or where higher incomes may not meet the program's criteria.

The Homeownership Program allows down payment assistance to go toward existing homes priced no higher than \$201,000. New homes cannot be priced above \$244,000. North Fulton County is also projected to have home prices exceeding \$579,999 for large, single-family units. Those seeking to utilize the County's Homeownership Program are most likely to be able to use funds in the southern part of the County where home prices are projected to be lower than in north Fulton County.



This strategic plan will guide the allocation of CDBG, HOME, and ESG funding during the 2020-2024 planning period to address the County's most critical needs. Goals for the 2020-2024 period focus on high priority needs identified through data analysis, community input, consultation with County staff and other public agencies, and review of relevant recently completed plans and studies.

Goals Summary

Affordable Housing Construction and Preservation

- Support the development of rental housing affordable to low- and moderate-income households, including projects located near employment, transportation, and other community resources.
- Consider opportunities to extend the useful life of existing affordable rental housing.
- Support the development of affordable rental housing for special needs households

Downpayment Assistance

• Increase the number of first-time homebuyers through down payment and closing cost assistance.

Homeowner Rehabilitation

 Preserve the existing affordable housing stock by assisting income-eligible homeowners with housing rehabilitation and repairs, with an emphasis on housing problems affecting health and safety.

Rental Assistance

 Collaborate with the Housing Authority of Fulton County to assist income-eligible renter households with tenantbased rental assistance

Homelessness Housing and Prevention

• Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to assist households at-risk of homelessness with short-term rental payments, utility assistance, rapid rehousing, or other assistance and to provide emergency, transitional, and permanent housing to enable them to move to appropriate housing and achieve greater stability.

CDBG Public Services

• Fund eligible public services to serve special needs populations.

ESG Homeless Supportive Services

• Collaborate with agencies in the CoC and others to provide coordinated supportive services and case management to support moves to appropriate housing and greater stability.

Fair Housing Education and Enforcement

• Provide fair housing education services to help residents, community organizations, and housing providers understand fair housing rights and responsibilities; fair housing complaint investigation services; and consumer education and awareness around predatory lending fraudulent mortgages, and other housing scams.

Facility and Infrastructure Improvements

- Fund infrastructure improvements and public facilities such as sidewalks, street lighting, pedestrian facilities, ADA improvements, and community centers in income-eligible areas.
- Assist community service organizations in improving or expanding physical structures to serve homeless residents, low- and moderate-income households, and other special needs populations.
- Demolish dilapidated structures to stop the spread of blight in low- and moderate-income areas as needed.

Program Administration

• Program administration costs related to the planning and execution of community development, housing, and homelessness activities assisted with funds provided under the CDBG, HOME, and ESG programs.

ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

Expected Resources

The table to the right shows the County's grant allocations for the 2020 program year as announced by HUD. All grant funds will be used to support the Fulton County Department of Community Development's goals to provide decent affordable housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic development.

Expected Resources, 2020 Program Year

Program	Year 1 Grant Amount	
CDBG	\$1,867,240	
HOME	\$877,260	
ESG	\$166,641	

Fulton County will use federal funds to leverage additional private, state, and local funds where applicable. Fulton County HUD funding may serve as gap financing for housing development projects, which typically also include a combination of private and other public funds. The County will comply with all HOME matching fund contribution requirements as outlined in 92.218 of the HOME regulations. Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) match requirements will also be met using County General Funds and in-kind contributions. These funds are matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

Goals Summary Information

Goal	5-Year Funding	5-Year Goal Indicators	
Affordable Housing Construction and Preservation	HOME: \$526,468	Rental Units Constructed: 15 housing units Homeowner Housing Units Added: 15 housing units	
Downpayment Assistance	HOME: \$1,604,000	Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers: 150 households assisted	
Homeowner Rehabilitation	CDBG: \$1,000,000 HOME: \$952,048	Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated: 15 housing units	
Rental Assistance	HOME: \$866,000	Tenant-Based Rental Assistance / Rapid Rehousing: 60 households assisted	
Homelessness Housing and Prevention	ESG: \$620,740	Homeless Person Overnight Shelter: 1,995 persons assisted	
CDBG Public Services	CDBG: \$1,400,640	Public Service Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 2,000 persons assisted	
ESG Homeless Supportive Services	ESG: \$149,975	Homelessness Prevention: 5,080 persons assisted	
Fair Housing Education and Enforcement	CDBG: \$233,340	Public Service Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 250 persons assisted	
Facility and Infrastructure Improvements	CDBG: \$4,425,160	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 250,000 persons assisted	
Program Administration	CDBG: \$1,867,525 HOME: \$438,724 ESG: \$62,490	Not Applicable	

ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

Projects

The projects listed below represent the activities Fulton County plans to undertake during the 2020 program year to address the goals of providing decent affordable housing, promoting a suitable living environment, and encouraging economic opportunity.

In allocating funding, Fulton County prioritized affordable housing, homelessness, public services, and community revitalization (including facility, park, and infrastructure improvements), which emerged as critical needs during the Consolidated Planning process. Fulton County does not designate specific areas for allocation of funds as part of its strategic use of HUD grant funds. Instead, the County's programs are designed to serve eligible individuals and households throughout the County's service area.

Obstacles to meeting underserved needs include limited funding availability, limited affordable housing development opportunities and shovel-ready projects, and increased development costs.

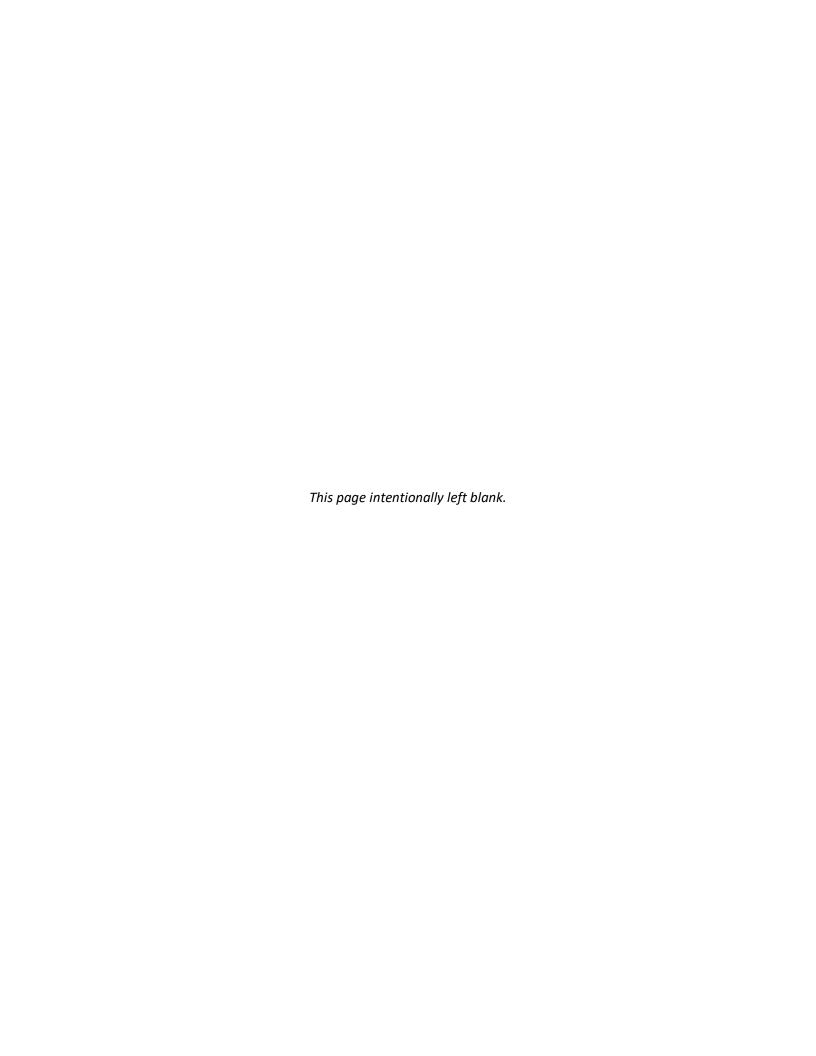
#	Project Name
1	2020 ESG Activities
2	2020 Owner Occupied Housing Rehabilitation
3	2020 CDBG Public Service Activities
4	2020 Infrastructure, Public Facility, Park Improvements and Demolition and Clearance
5	2020 Fair Housing Activities
6	2020 CDBG Program Administration
7	2020 Home Ownership Program
8	2020 Tenant-Based Rental Assistance
9	2020 HOME Program Administration

Geographic Distribution

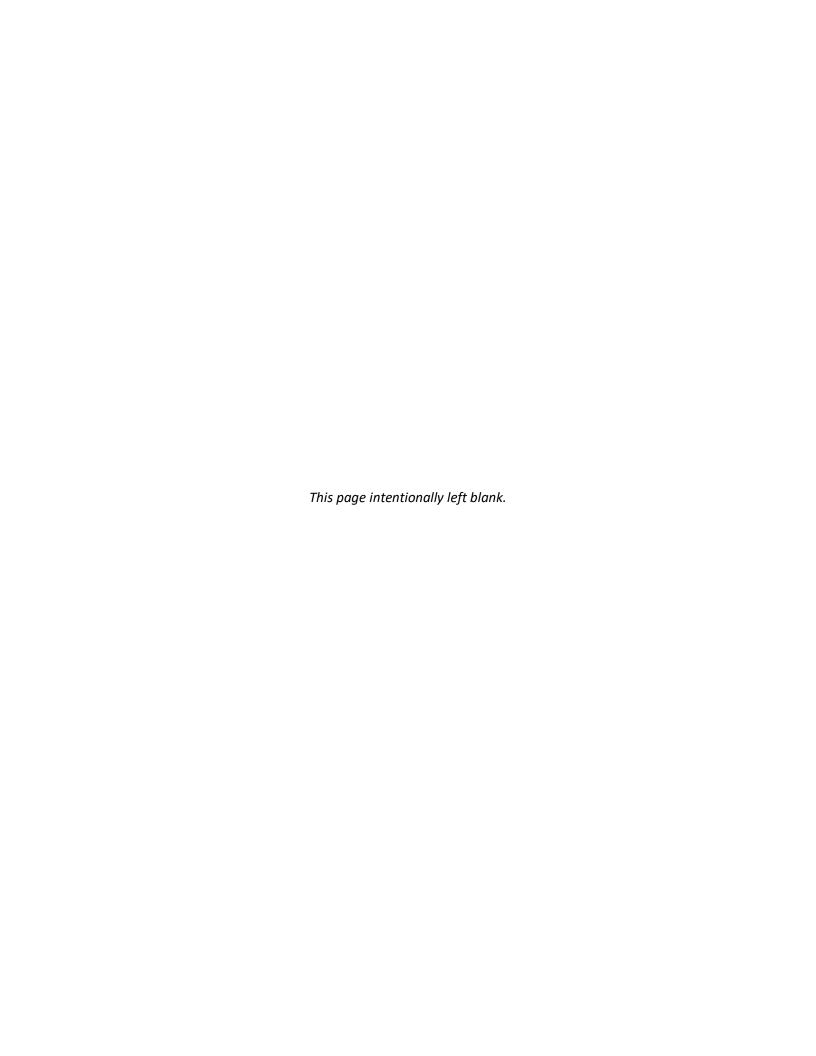
The Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction covers unincorporated Fulton County, as well as the cities of Alpharetta, Chattahoochee Hills, College Park, East Point, Fairburn, Hapeville, Milton, Mountain Park, Palmetto, and Union City, who executed a cooperation agreement with Fulton County during urban county requalification process. The cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs do not participate with Fulton County and receive their own HUD grant allocations.

Geographically, the Fulton County entitlement jurisdiction is divided into disparate north and south portions by the cities of Atlanta, Roswell, and Sandy Springs, which lie in middle of the county. While HUD-funded activities that qualify on an area basis may be located in any income-eligible areas within the entitlement jurisdiction, all of Fulton County's low- and moderate-income census tracts are located in south Fulton County. Thus, CDBG-funded public facility and infrastructure improvements completed over the next five years will be targeted to south Fulton County, unless they serve a population that is specifically eligible for assistance (e.g., seniors, people with disabilities, victims of domestic violence).

APPENDIX III: PARTICIPATION RECORD

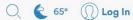






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Fulton wants your opinion on affordable housing (and federal money)



NORTH FULTON COUNTY | Sept 17, 2019

Fulton wants your opinion on affordable housing (and federal money)

NORTH FULTON COUNTY | Sept 17, 2019 By Ben Brasch, The Atlanta Journal-Constitution

Aside from traffic and a Falcons Superbowl win, few things matter to some Fulton County residents more than housing.

In order to get federal funding, Fulton County officials are holding for sessions this week to hear the public's opinions on housing along with homelessness.

Input from residents will also be used for a fair housing analysis identifying barriers to equal access to housing and proposing fixes.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires sessions for the public to voice their opinion in order for Fulton to get money from HUD programs, including: the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnership and Emergency Solutions Grant.

The <u>county said on its website that</u> it is developing a five-year plan that involves identifying housing problems and setting priorities for how Fulton officials would use federal funding to cure those issues.

Areas of the metro are seeing intense amounts of gentrification, seen by wealthier white residents displacing poorer black residents. That includes the <u>historic and hot housing</u> market of the Old Fourth Ward in Atlanta.

But the sessions will be held throughout Fulton, because growth isn't just happening in the city of Atlanta.

According to an <u>Atlanta Regional Commission study released this month</u>, the non-Atlanta parts of Fulton grew by 6,540 people in 2018.

In 2018, those non-Atlanta portions of Fulton had 3,210 single-family home building permits. That was the second-highest in the metro area, barely behind <u>Gwinnett County's permit numbers</u>.

An increasing hunger of homes can also be seen in southern Fulton. The 2.5-square-mile city of Hapeville in February began the process to insulate its 2,100 homeowners from rising property values by <u>upping its homestead exemption</u>.

Eugene James, a senior director with real estate data firm MetroStudy, <u>previously</u> said that home prices in the southern part of Fulton County had a 19 percent increase from the fourth quarter of 2017 to the fourth quarter of 2018.

The county is also reckoning with how Northside mixed-use giants change the housing landscape — including Avalon in Alpharetta, The Battery Atlanta in Cobb County attached to the Braves stadium just outside the Perimeter and Halycon in southern Forsyth County.

These developments add denser housing to the suburbs but sell luxury living for eyepopping prices for an OTP apartment.

The county said a draft of the plans will be available for public review on Fulton County's Community Development Department website, www.fultoncountyga.gov/fchcd-home, in late 2019.

Those who can't attend any of the sessions below can take a survey online, atlantaconplan.com/survey.

North Fulton community meeting

Sept. 17, 6 to 8 p.m. North Fulton Service Center 7741 Roswell Road NE in Sandy Springs

Non-profit community meeting

Sept. 19, 1 to 3 p.m. South Fulton Service Center 5600 Stonewall Tell Road in South Fulton

Southern Fulton community meeting

Sept. 25, 6 to 8 p.m.
South Fulton Service Center
5600 Stonewall Tell Road in South Fulton

SAPORTAREPORT

Valued voices share insights about Atlanta and beyond

SEAN KEENAN

Atlanta, Fulton County leaders want YOU to help imagine 'fair housing' plans

September 14, 2019, 1:11 pm / 2 Comments



What could the future of housing in Atlanta look like? (Credit: georgiatech.edu)

By Sean Keenan

The City of Atlanta and Fulton County are calling on residents to help them update their strategy for fostering "fair housing" practices.

The two governments are surveying residents, and the results will help officials craft their "individual Consolidation Plans" and "joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice"—an effort mandated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The so-called Consolidated Plan would analyze the state of the housing market, county demographics, and any room for improvements to such to outline a five-year plan to use federal monies to solve the shortcomings identified.

The Analysis of Impediments, of course, spotlights the obstacles standing in front of housing equity, as well as possible ways to overcome those hurdles.

Once compiled, that research is expected to provide a road map for local leaders to address the needs related to housing, economic and community development, and homelessness, according to the initiative's website [https://atlantaconplan.com/].

It will also outline how governments hope to use money from the federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Home Investment Partnerships Act (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), and, in Atlanta, the Housing Opportunities for Persons with HIV/AIDS (HOPWA) programs.

Those interested in contributing to these efforts can <u>click here to take the survey</u>. [https://atlantaconplan.com/survey] and/or attend the following public meetings scheduled to discuss the issues:

North Fulton Community Meeting

Tuesday, September 17, 2019 6:00 – 8:00 p.m. North Fulton Annex 7741 Roswell Road NE Roswell, GA 30350

South Fulton Community Meeting

Wednesday, September 25, 2019 6:00 – 8:00 p.m. South Fulton Annex 5600 Stonewall Tell Road Atlanta, GA 30349 SEARCH SAPORTAREPORT

Search

Q

LAW & PUBLIC POLICY

US POLICY 2019 FALL FORECAST

By Dentons President Trump's summer schedule was packed. He signed bills and issued executive orde...

PEOPLE, PLACES, PARKS

NOW THAT LWCF IS PERMANENT, IT'S TIME WE FLIND IT



By John D'Andrea, Senior Vice
President, External Affairs, Georgia
Power Our lands and waters are...

POVERTY & EQUITY

SOLVING FOR "X"

By S. Kelley Henderson, Chief Executive Officer, Action Ministries In April, I wrote about the chall...



LEADERSHIP IN ACTION

JLA'S DECADE-LONG FIGHT AGAINST CHILD SEX TRAFFICKING



By: Audra Dial, Past President, The Junior League of Atlanta, Inc. The Junior League of Atlanta. Inc...

GLOBAL HEALTH

PROVIDING COMMUNITY AND CONNECTEDNESS TO COMBAT VETERAN SUICIDE



By Amy Tolchinsky, senior communications officer for the CDC Foundation Each year, hundreds of

FINANCIAL INCLUSION

REFLECTIONS ON "WOMEN'S EQUALITY



By John Hope Bryant This week began with "Women's Equality Day". It's a day that the nation...



2019/09/11/fulton-county-community-development-fair-housing-meeting-to-be-held-in-sandy-springs/



HOME BROOKHAVEN BUCKHEAD DUNWOODY SANDY SI

Fulton County community development, fair housing meeting to be held in Sandy Springs

Posted by Hannah Greco | Sep 11, 2019

Fulton County is requesting citizen input on a community development plan and a fair housing study at a community meeting in Sandy Springs on Sept. 17.

The county is developing a five-year plan that will identify community development, affordable housing and homeless needs, and set priorities, a press release said.

Community development includes improvements to infrastructure, economic development projects and housing rehabilitation, among other programs, according to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

A second study – a fair housing analysis – will identify barriers for affordable housing and will propose strategies to overcome them.

The plans are required by HUD for the county to receive federal grant money for such programs, according to the release.

The public is invited to provide input at the meeting at the North Fulton Service Center, 7741 Roswell Road from 6 to 8 p.m. Refreshments will be served and children are welcome.

The public can also provide input through an online survey <u>here</u>.

For more information, visit fultoncountyga.gov.





LIVING IN METRO ATLANTA

Fulton County Wants Citizen Input on Community Development Plan and Fair Housing Study

Fulton County is beginning development of a five-year plan that identifies community development, affordable housing, and homeless needs, and sets priorities for investment of federal grant funds to address them. A second study – a fair housing analysis – will identify barriers to equal access to housing and will propose fair and affordable housing strategies to overcome those obstacles. These plans are required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the County to receive federal money through the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnership, and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) programs.

TOPICS

PODCAST

Hearing the opinions and perceptions of local residents is an important part of developing these plans, and the public is invited to provide input at three community meetings and through a survey. Meetings will be held at the following dates, times, and locations, and are open to anyone. Refreshments will be served and children are welcome at all workshops.

Community Meetings Flyer

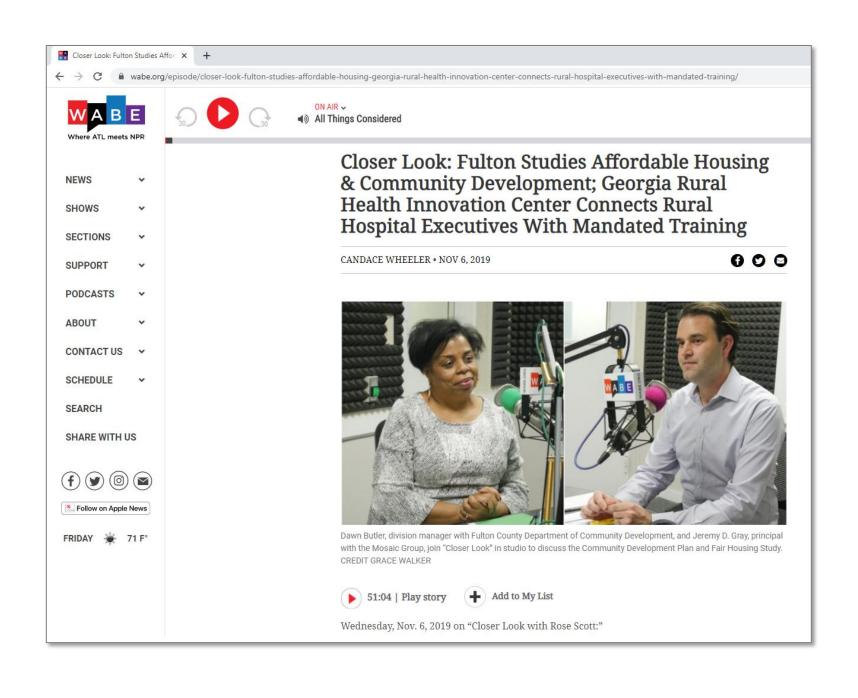
N. Fulton Community Meeting

September 17, 2019 – 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. North Fulton Service Center 7741 Roswell Road, NE Sandy Springs, GA 30350

Nonprofit Community Meeting

September, 19, 2019 – 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.

South Fulton Service Center





Fulton County Government

Fulton County Government serves more than 1 million residents in 15 cities.

More info...

Activity



Fulton County Wants Citizen Input on Community Development Plan and Fair Housing Study

Public Affairs Manager Felecia Church from Fulton County Government - 25 Sep 19

Fulton County Wants Citizen Input on Community Development Plan and Fair Housing Study

The Department of Community Development is hosting a 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan public meeting on September 25, from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. at the South Fulton Annex.



Fulton County is beginning development of a five-year plan that identifies community development, affordable housing, and homeless needs, and sets priorities for investment of federal grant funds to address them. A second study - a fair housing analysis - will identify barriers to equal access to housing and will propose fair and affordable housing strategies to overcome those obstacles. These plans are required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the County to receive federal money through the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnership, and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) programs.

Hearing the opinions and perceptions of local residents is an important part of developing these plans, and the public is invited to provide input at three community meetings and through a survey. Meetings are open to anyone. Refreshments will be served and children are welcome at all workshops.

For those citizens who cannot attend the meeting, the survey is accessible by clicking the link below



Atlanta + Fulton County Consolidated ... ATLANTACONPLAN.COM

25 Sep 19 - Subscribers of Fulton County Government in 6 areas in General

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Fulton County Government

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Fulton County Government

September 17 · 3

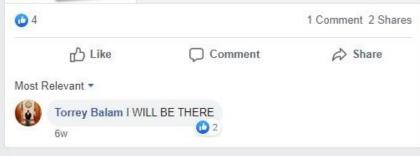
Fulton County Wants Citizen Input on Community Development Plan and Fair Housing Study



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Fulton County Wants Citizen Input on Community Development Plan and Fair Housing Study

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Fulton County Government

September 16 · 3

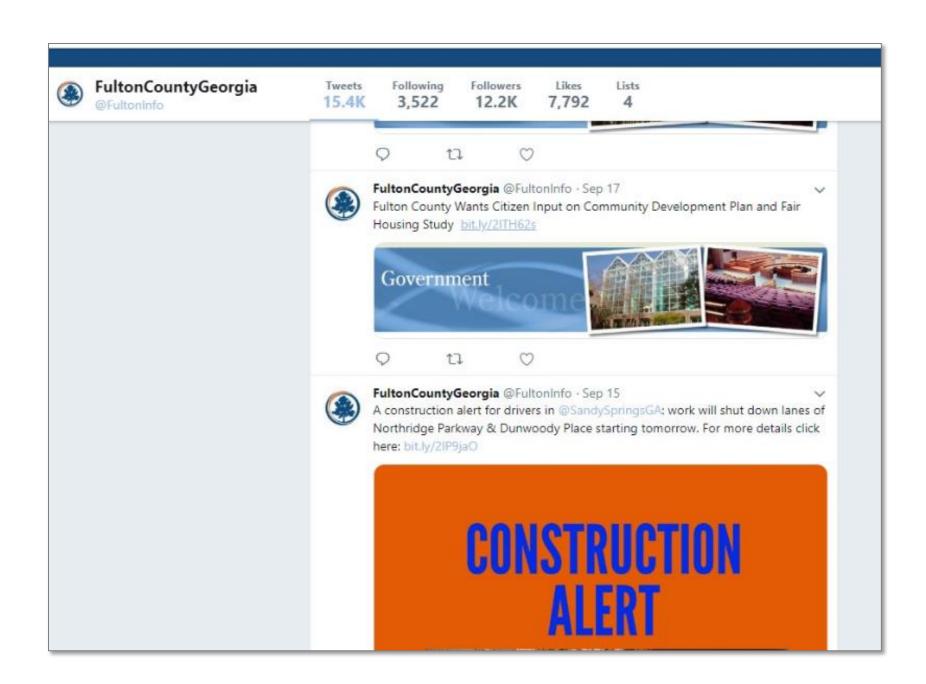
Fulton County Commission Chairman Robb Pitts invites Fulton County residents and employees to donate items to assist families in the Bahamas who lost everything in the wake of Hurricane Dorian.

Donation barrels are available in Fulton County's major government facilities including:

Fulton County Government Center, Atrium, 141 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta... See More

FULTON COUNTY

DELIEE EOD THE DAHAMAC



COMMUNITY MEETINGS

What type of housing is available in your community? Is it affordable?

Does your neighborhood have access to transportation, parks, and grocery stores?

What improvements would you like to see in the next five years?

Share your thoughts about these topics at a community meeting or by taking the survey below!





MEETING SCHEDULE

Tuesday, September 17 6 pm

North Fulton Annex 7741 Roswell Road NE Atlanta, GA 30350

Wednesday, September 25 6 pm

South Fulton Annex 5600 Stonewall Tell Road Atlanta, GA 30349

Refreshments served at all workshops.
Children and students are welcome!

Please take our survey at: https://atlantaconplan.com/survey

Fulton County and the City of Atlanta are working to identify community priorities, affordable housing needs, and fair housing issues for their 5-Year Consolidated Plans and a Fair Housing Study. For more information about the project, please contact Melissa Mailloux, Mosaic Community Planning, at 770-366-7893 or melissa@mosaiccommunityplanning.com or Dawn Butler, Fulton County Health and Human Services Division Manager at 404-612-0746 or Dawn.Butler@fultoncountyga.gov.

COMMUNITY PLANNING SURVEY







https://atlantaconplan.com/survey

TAKE THE SURVEY TODAY!



Share your thoughts about:

What type of housing is available in your community? Is it affordable? Does your neighborhood have access to transportation, parks, and grocery stores? What improvements would you like to see in the next five years?

NEWS RELEASE Department of External Affairs

MEDIA CONTACT: Felecia Church 404-612-5570 (office) 404-713-5995 (cell) felecia.church@fultoncountyga.gov 141 Pryor St. SW, Suite 3090 Atlanta, GA 30303 www.fultoncountyga.gov https://twitter.com/FultonInfo https://www.facebook.com/FultonInfo Tuesday, May 12, 2020

FULTON COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Fulton County, GA Announces Availability of 2020 – 2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan Drafts

ATLANTA – Fulton County's 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan drafts will be available for a 30-day public review and comment period from May 13, 2020, through June 15, 2020.

The Consolidated Plan and First Year Annual Plan serve as the application to the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for funds under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME), and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG).

Due to the COVID-19, community public meetings will not be held and the public can review the plans at https://www.fultoncountyga.gov/ and FultonCountyConPlan.com. Public comments will be received at FultonCountyConPlan.com, Info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com or mail to:

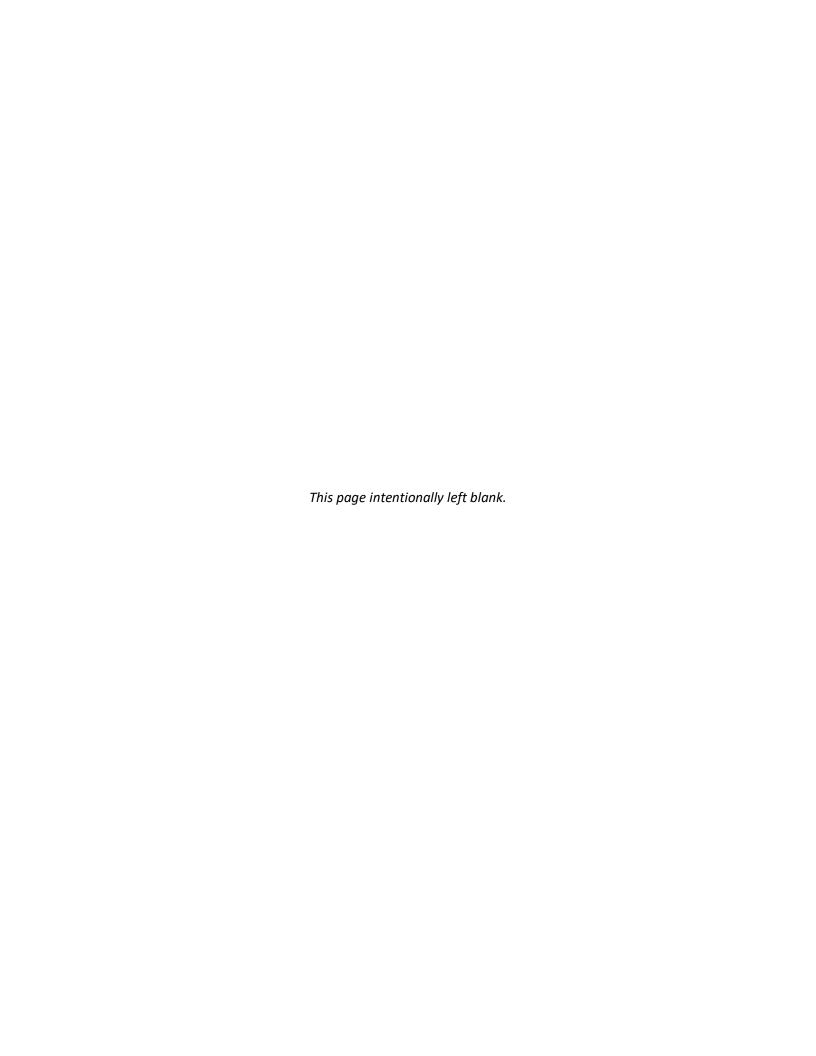
> Fulton County Department of Community Development ATTN: Consolidated Plan Dawn Butler, Division Manager 137 Peachtree Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303.

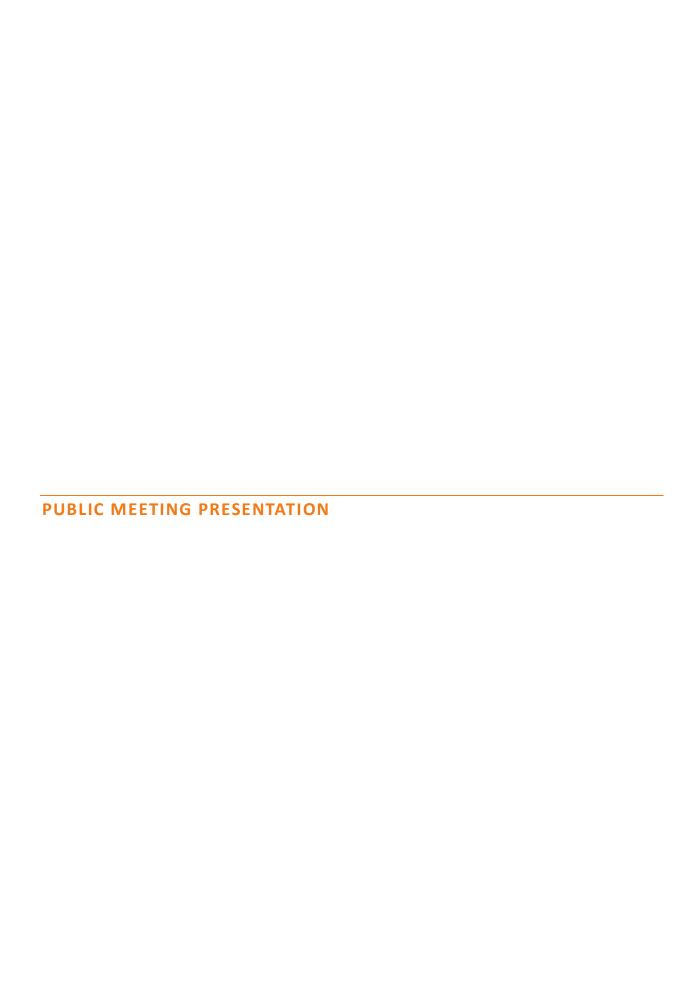
The County encourages citizens and other interested parties to review the draft documents and to submit written comments no later than 4:00 p.m., Monday, June 15, 2020. The final version, with the comments, will be presented at the Fulton County, GA July 8, 2020, Board of Commissioners meeting.

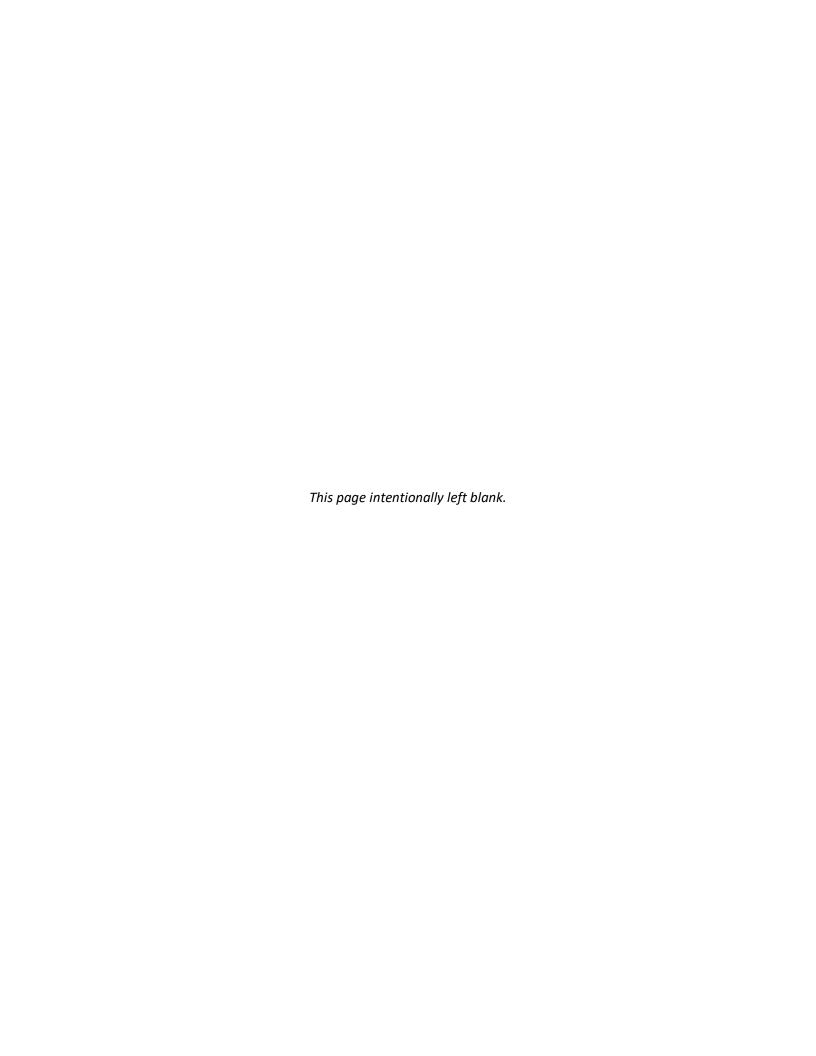
Citizens in need of reasonable accommodations due to a disability, including communications in an alternative format should contact the Disability Services Liaison in the Community Development Department at (404) 613-3647. To obtain Georgia Relay Access, citizens should dial 711.

For more Fulton County news, sign up for the weekly e-newsletter #OneFulton at https://goo.gl/Nb1L84. You can also visit Fulton County's website at www.fultoncountyga.gov or connect with Fulton County government on Twitter at @FultonInfo or Facebook at @fultoninfo.

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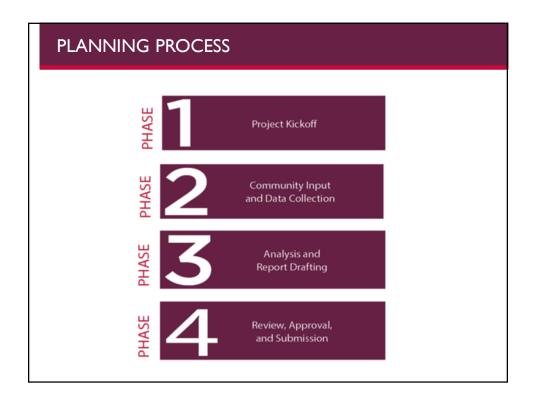






CONSOLIDATED PLAN & ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

- Identifies and prioritizes community development and housing needs
- Serves as funding application for Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships, and Emergency Solutions Grant programs
- Develops a strategy to target federal grant money to areas with greatest needs



Develop communities through: Decent housing Suitable living environment Expanded economic opportunity Result in: Benefit to people with low or moderate incomes Prevent or eliminate slum or blight Meet an urgent need

CDBG ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

- Wide variety, including:
 - Housing & other property activities
 - o Public facilities & public services
 - Economic development activities
 - o Funding to nonprofit organizations
 - o Planning and administration
 - Other activities



Services

- Employment training
- Public safety
- o Childcare
- Health or dental needs
- Senior services
- Recreation services

• Facilities & infrastructure

- Streets & sidewalks
- o Water & sewer
- o Parks & playgrounds
- Recreation facilities
- Homeless shelters
- o Group homes

SAMPLE CDBG ACTIVITIES

HOME FUNDING OBJECTIVES

- Ensure long term affordability of housing
- Target assistance to households with less than 80% of area median income

Eligible Activities:

- Homeowner rehabilitation, repair, and reconstruction
- Homebuyer activities such as acquisition, rehabilitation, new construction, and downpayment assistance
- Rental housing acquisition, rehabilitation, and new construction
- · Rental assistance



ESG FUNDING OBJECTIVES & ACTIVITIES

- Engage homeless individuals and families living on the street
- Improve the number and quality of emergency shelters for homeless individuals and families
- Help operate shelters
- Provide essential services to shelter residents
- Rapidly re-house homeless individuals and families
- Prevent families and individuals from becoming homeless



ANALYSIS OF IMPEDIMENTS TO FAIR HOUSING CHO

- Required by HUD for all CDBG grantees
- Assesses equal access to housing as set forth by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Fair Housing Act of 1968, which:

"protect a person's right to own, sell, purchase, or rent housing of his or her choice without fear of unlawful discrimination"





Any action, omission, or decision that restricts, or has the effect of restricting, the availability of housing choices, based on race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, disability, or familial status

A HOUSING IMPEDIMENT IS...

AN IMPEDIMENT MAY BE...

- Refusal to negotiate housing
- Refusal to make housing available
- Setting different terms for the sale or rental of housing, such as different interest rates, points, or fees
- Failure to provide information regarding loans

WHAT WILL THE AI INCLUDE?

• Analysis of the local fair housing landscape

• Four specific fair housing issues:

- o Integration and segregation
- Areas of poverty
- Access to opportunity
- o Housing need
- Fair housing priorities and goals



Take the online survey:

https://fultoncountyconplan.com/survey

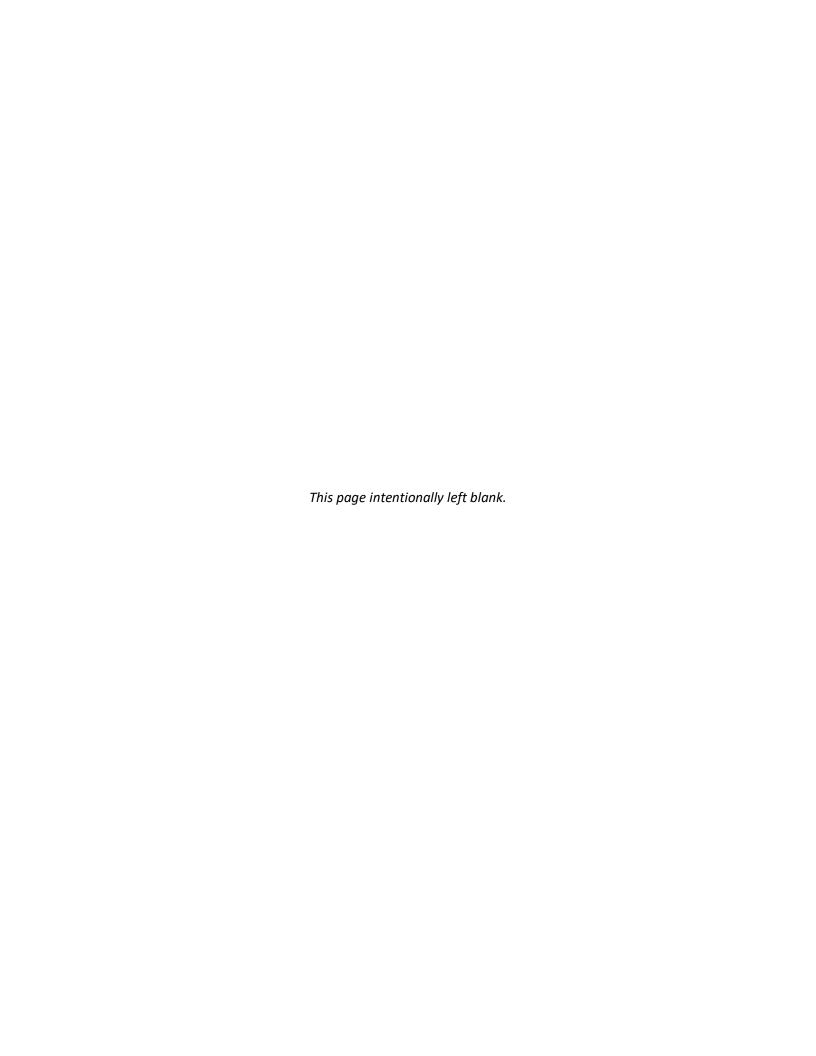
Share more comments:

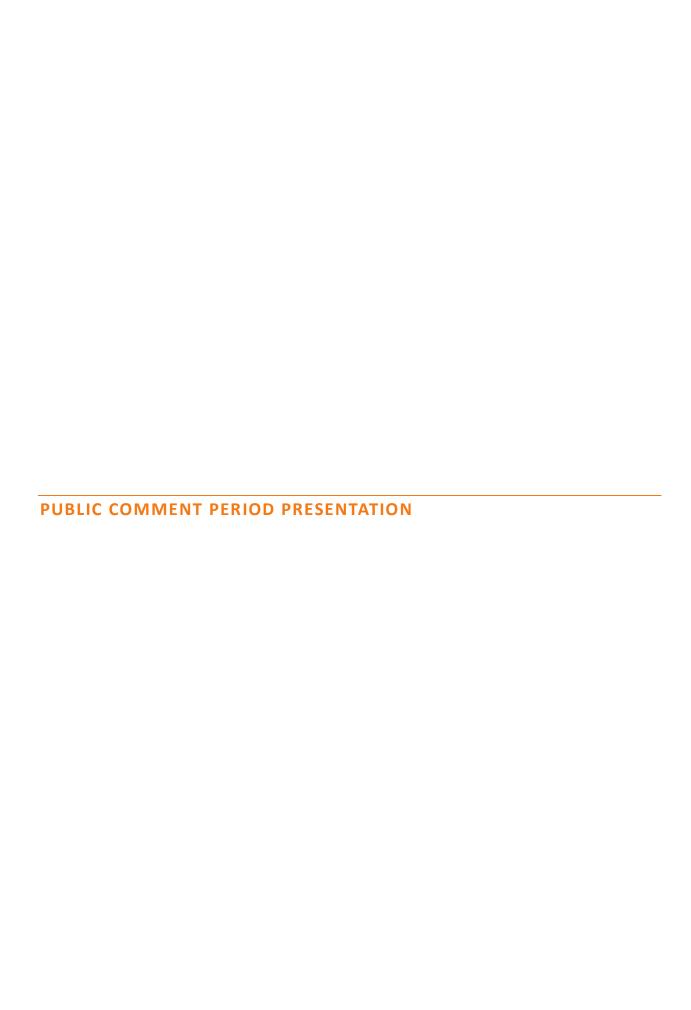
info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com

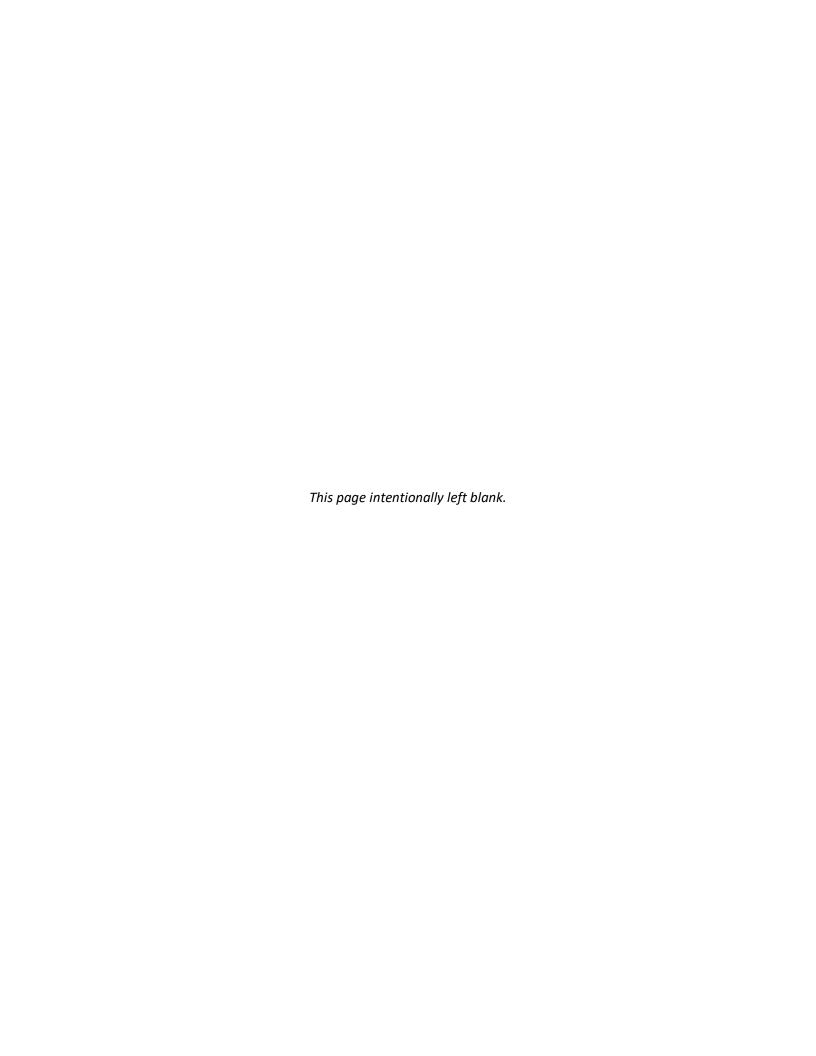
195 Arizona Ave NE, Suite 123, Atlanta, GA 30307

770-366-7893

GET INVOLVED!







Fulton County Draft 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan

June 10, 2020





Consolidated Plan

- Identifies community development, housing, and homeless needs
- Serves as funding application for federal entitlement programs:
 - Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) (\$1.8 million in 2020)
 - HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) (\$870,000 in 2020)
 - Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) (\$166,000 in 2020)
- Develops a strategy to target federal resources to greatest needs over 2020-2024

Draft Documents

- Available via
 - □www.fultoncountyconplan.com
 - ☐"Read the Drafts"
- Comment by June 15, 4:00 pm
 - ☐Website comment box
 - □Email to info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com
 - ☐ Mail or drop off comments to: Fulton County Department of Community

 Development, ATTN: Consolidated Plan, Dawn Butler, Division Manager, 137

 Peachtree Street SW, Atlanta, GA 30303

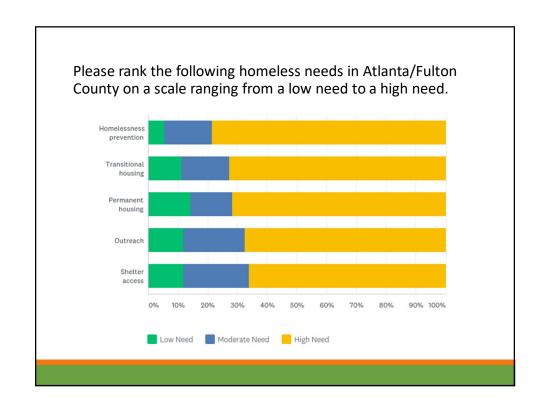
Planning Process PHASE ONE PHASE TWO PHASE THREE Research **Analysis Final Draft** Recommendations Public Comment Community Input Presentation/Approval Data Collection **Document Drafting** An inclusive, participatory Analysis of stakeholder **Revisions based on County** input and data, as well as process with opportunities review and public for public participation. development of comments. Submission of recommendations and final documents for document drafting. approval.

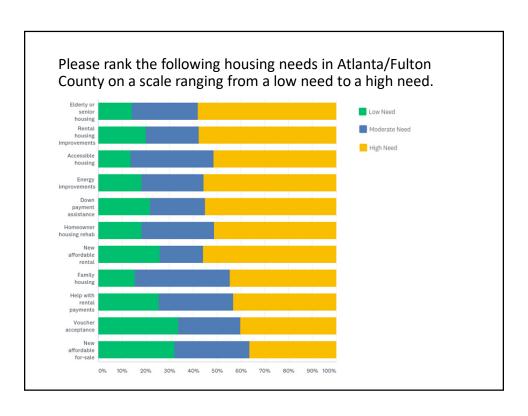
Data Sources

- U.S. Census and American Community Survey
- HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS)
- Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) Data
- Housing complaints & lawsuits
- Stakeholder input
- Applicable prior research & plans

2020-2024 Priorities

- Develop and preserve affordable rental housing
- Affordable homeownership opportunities
- Housing rehabilitation assistance for homeowners
- Rental assistance, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing
- Public services
- Supportive services for homeless individuals and families
- Fair housing education and enforcement
- Facility and infrastructure improvements





Stakeholder Comments

- Homelessness in Fulton County is often less visible than in the City of Atlanta – people live with relatives, in cars, or in abandoned buildings
- Key needs:
 - Housing with access to supportive services and workforce development
 - Expanded mental health services
 - One-stop-shop for access to resources and services
 - Emergency shelter facilities, particularly in the south part of the county
 - Permanent supportive housing
 - Database of available beds
 - Housing for use in rapid rehousing, including low barrier housing
 - Street outreach
 - Financial literacy training

Point-in-Time Count

	Shelt	ered	Unsheltered	Total	
	Emergency	Transitional	Unsneitered		
Total number of households	292	87	72	451	
Number of persons	440	116	76	632	

Data Source: Fulton County Continuum of Care 2019 Point-In-Time Count

Cost Burden Estimates

	Renter				Owner			
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS								
Small Related	3,327	2,470	2,450	8,247	952	1,081	1,876	3,909
Large Related	1,125	563	205	1,893	215	232	284	731
Elderly	1,633	856	423	2,912	1,152	1,303	1,016	3,471
Other	2,090	2,454	1,605	6,149	784	617	1,013	2,414
Total need by income	8,175	6,343	4,683	19,201	3,103	3,233	4,189	10,525

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Cost burden: A household has a cost burden if its monthly housing costs (including mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance, and utilities for owners and rent and utilities for renters) exceed 30% of monthly income.

Severe Cost Burden Estimates

	Renter				Owner			
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS								
Small Related	3,189	980	105	4,274	859	654	479	1,992
Large Related	1,085	64	0	1,149	120	140	0	260
Elderly	1,214	404	114	1,732	953	825	349	2,127
Other	1,910	1,044	315	3,269	659	404	489	1,552
Total need by income	7,398	2,492	534	10,424	2,591	2,023	1,317	5,931

Data Source: 2011-2015 CHAS

Severe cost burden: A household has a cost burden if its monthly housing costs (including mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance, and utilities for owners and rent and utilities for renters) exceed 50% of monthly income.

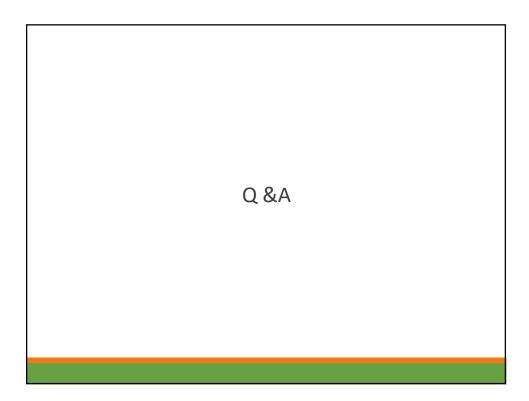
Loss of Affordable Housing

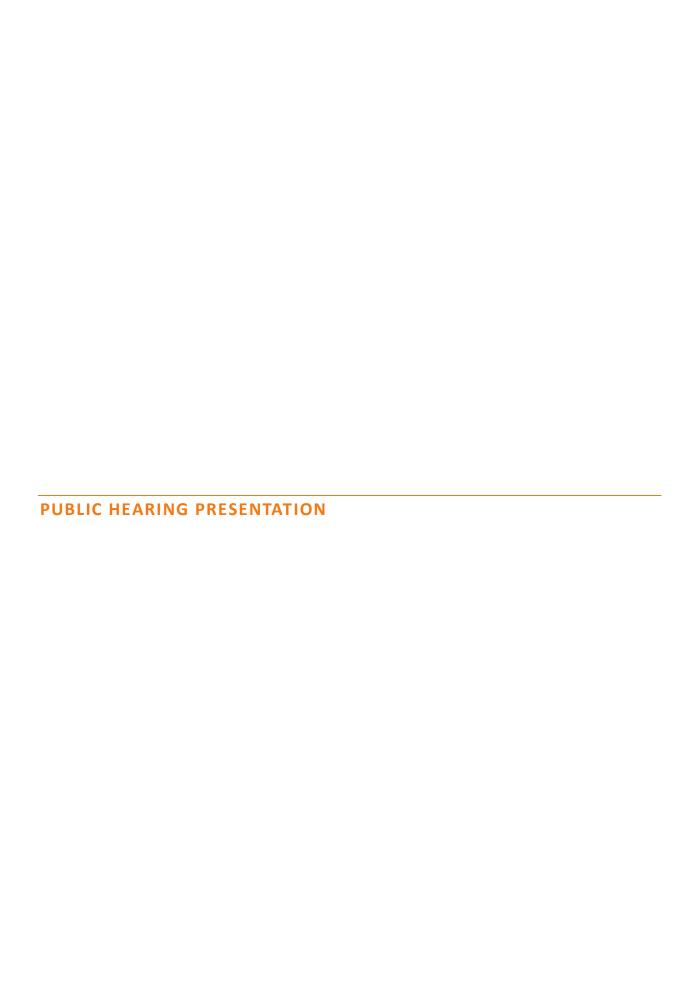
- Low Income Housing Tax Credit properties are required to maintain affordability for 30 years
- 5 LIHTC properties in Fulton County will approach the end of the 30year affordability period during this Consolidated Plan cycle:
 - Maplewood Park, Union City, 110 affordable units, opened 1993
 - Saddle Creek Apartments, Alpharetta, 99 affordable units, opened 1995
 - Nu Dimensions Apartments, College Park, 293 affordable units, opened 1995
 - Delowe Place, East Point, 84 affordable units, opened 1996
 - Regency Park Apartments, East Point, 202 affordable units, opened 1997

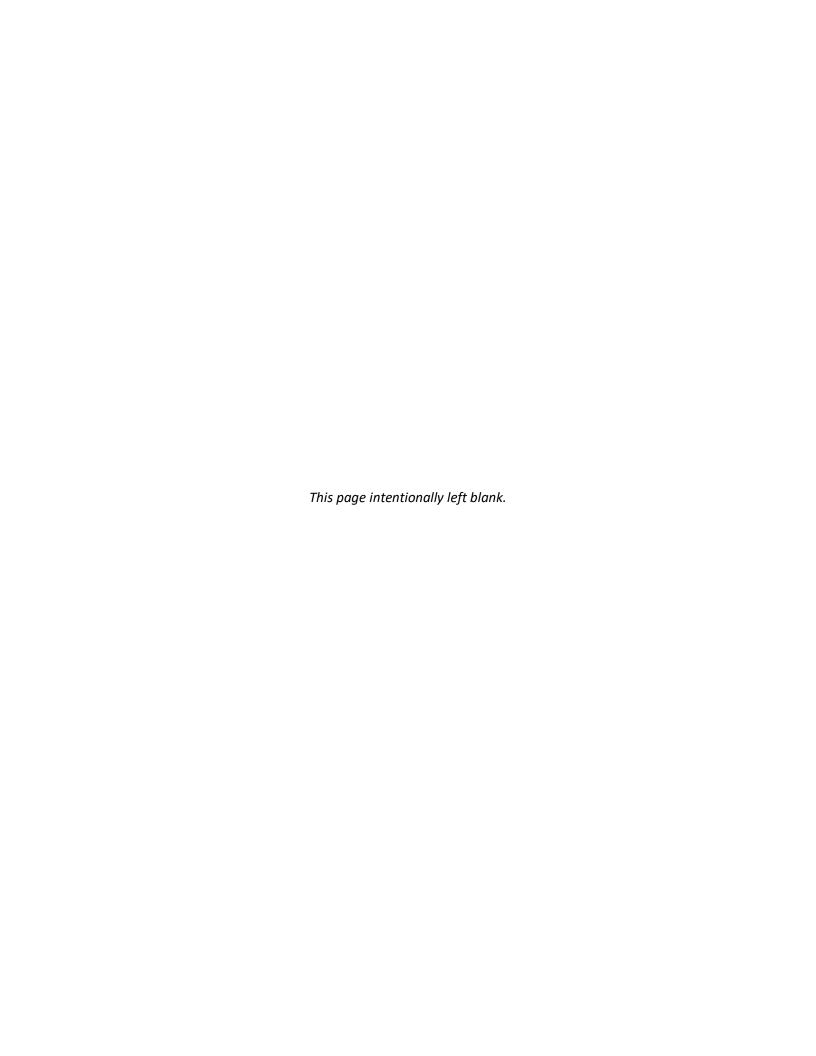
Source: HUD's Low Income Housing Tax Credit database, https://lihtc.huduser.gov/

2020 Housing & Homelessness Projects

- Owner Occupied Housing Rehabilitation CDBG and HOME
- Home Ownership Program HOME
- Tenant Based Rental Assistance HOME
- Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) Activities HOMF
- Emergency Shelter Operations and Services ESG
- HMIS Support ESG
- Homelessness Prevention / Rapid Rehousing ESG
- Street Outreach ESG







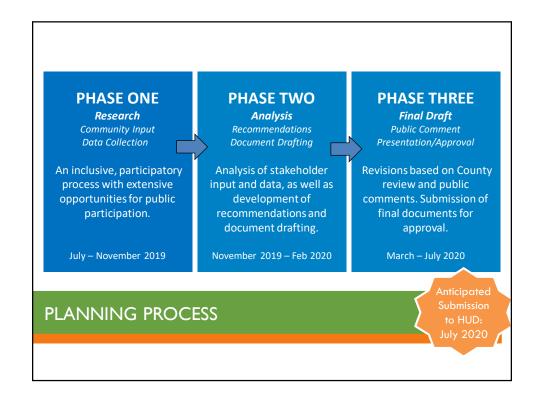


Fulton County 2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan

July 8, 2020

CONSOLIDATED PLAN & ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

- Identifies community development, housing, and homeless needs
- Serves as funding application for federal entitlement programs:
 - Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) (\$1.8 million in 2020)
 - HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) (\$870,000 in 2020)
 - Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) (\$166,000 in 2020)
- Develops a strategy to target federal resources to greatest needs over 2020-2024



DATA SOURCES

- U.S. Census and American Community Survey
- HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS)
- Continuum of Care Homeless Counts
- HUD Public Housing and LIHTC Housing Data
- Stakeholder and Community Input
- Previous Fulton County Plans
 - Fulton County Strategic Plan, 2016-2019
 - Fulton County Comprehensive Plan, 2016-2035
 - Cradle to Golden Years Five-Year Strategic Plan, 2016-2020
 - Fulton County Homeless Plan Strategy, 2019 Draft

57

Meeting Attendees during Plan Development

43

Participating Agencies

220Survey Takers

61

Meeting Attendees during Comment Period

1,300
Website Visitors





PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

LOSS OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING

- Low Income Housing Tax Credit properties are required to maintain affordability for 30 years
- 5 LIHTC properties in Fulton County will approach the end of the 30year affordability period during this Consolidated Plan cycle:
 - Maplewood Park, Union City, 110 affordable units, opened 1993
 - Saddle Creek Apartments, Alpharetta, 99 affordable units, opened 1995
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 - Delowe Place, East Point, 84 affordable units, opened 1996
 - Regency Park Apartments, East Point, 202 affordable units, opened 1997

Source: HUD's Low Income Housing Tax Credit database, https://lihtc.huduser.gov/

FIVE-YEAR HOUSING PRIORITIES

- Develop and Preserve Affordable Rental Housing
 - Support development and preservation of affordable rental housing, including senior and special needs housing
- Affordable Homeownership Opportunities
 - o Support development of affordable for-sale housing
 - Increase the number of first-time homebuyers through down payment and closing cost assistance
 - Encourage agencies to develop affordable for-sale housing that is accessible to people with disabilities

FIVE-YEAR HOUSING PRIORITIES

- Housing Rehabilitation Assistance for Homeowners
 - Assist homeowners with housing rehab and repairs, with an emphasis on health and safety issues
- Rental Assistance & Homelessness Prevention
 - Collaborate with local housing authorities to assist renters with tenant-based rental assistance (TBRA)
 - Collaborate with Continuum of Care agencies to provide emergency, transitional, and permanent housing for people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness

FIVE-YEAR COMMUNTIY DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES

- Public Services
 - Fund public services for low and moderate income residents, seniors, youth, people with disabilities, and others
- Homeless Supportive Services
 - Collaborate with Continuum of Care agencies to provide supportive services and case management for people who are homeless
 - Examples: street outreach, childcare, transportation, job search assistance, health and mental health services

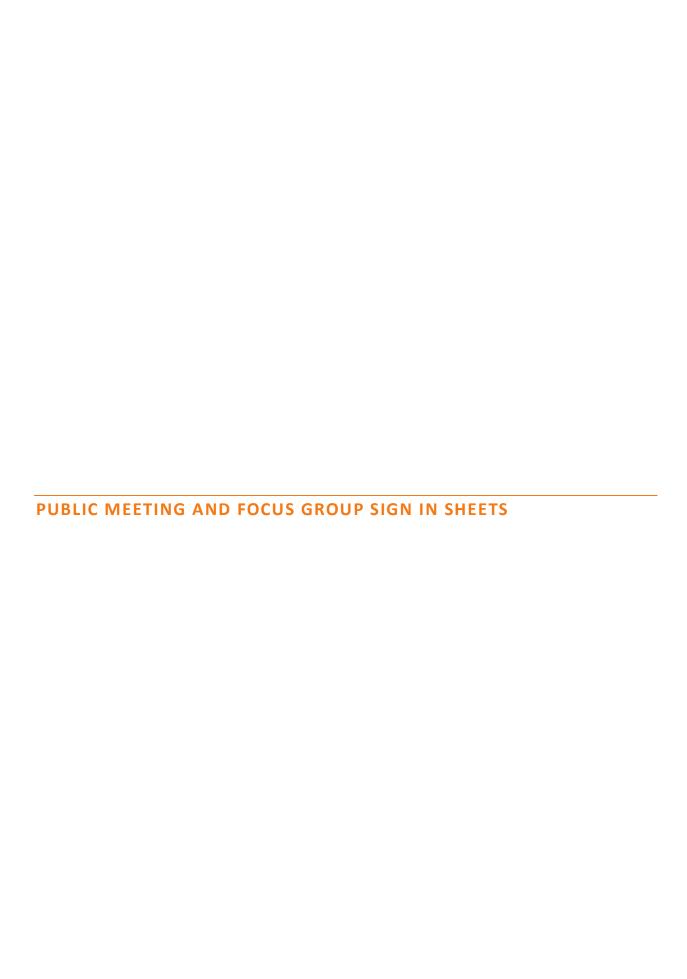
FIVE-YEAR COMMUNTIY DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES

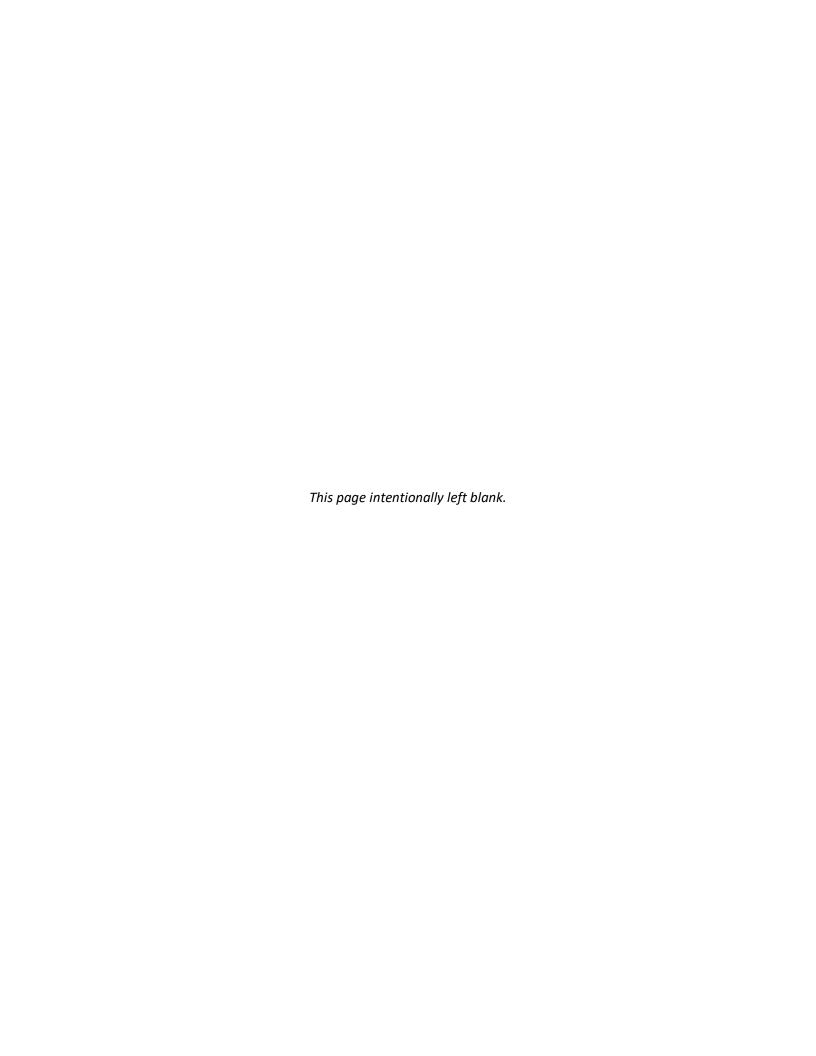
- Community Improvements
 - Working with cooperating cities and nonprofits, fund infrastructure and public facility improvements
 - Examples: sidewalks, street lighting, pedestrian facilities, parks, community centers, ADA accessibility
- Fair Housing
 - Provide fair housing education, complaint investigation, and housing-related consumer education

2020 PROJECTS

	Owner Occupied Housing Rehab		\$200,000
48	Public Services	\$280,129	
CDBG	Infrastructure, Public Facilities, and Demolition	n/Clearance	\$885,032
8	Fair Housing		\$46,668
	Program Administration		\$373,505
HOME	Total	\$1,785,334	
	Owner Occupied Housing Rehab		\$188,086
	Home Ownership Program	\$300,000	
	CHDO Set Aside	\$131,618	
	Tenant-Based Rental Assistance		\$170,000
	Program Administration*	Plus Fulton County	\$87,744
	Total	HOME match of at least \$219,362 (25%)*	\$877,448
	Homeless Housing and Prevention	\$217,302 (2370)	
ESG	Homeless Supportive Services		\$29,995
ES	Program Administration	Plus Fulton County	\$12,498
	Total	ESG match of at least \$166,631 (100%)	\$166,631

*Fulton County applied for available waivers from HUD that would eliminate the County's 2020 HOME match requirement and increase the share of 2020 HOME funding eligible for use toward program administration to 25% (\$219,362). Approval of these waivers by HUD is pending.







FULTON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

September 17, 2019 CONSOLIDATED PLAN MEETING 2020-2024

1:00PM (PLEASE PRINT)

NAME	Email Address	Contact Number
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5. Melissa Mailhox	melissa, 8 moseuccommunity oranning (our 186) 110-366-7893	(Med) 710-366-7893
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Public Meeting Sign-In Sheet

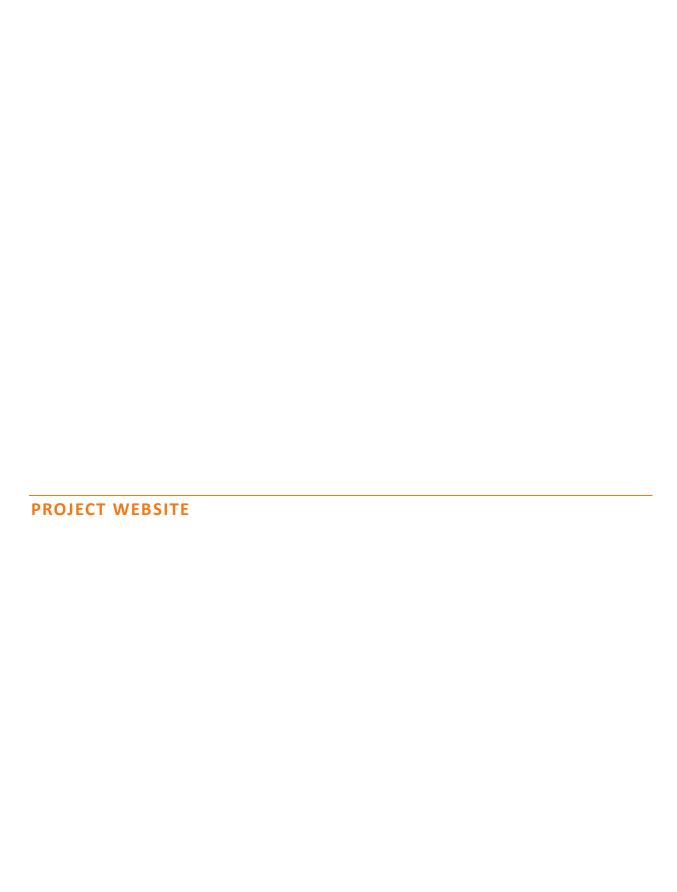
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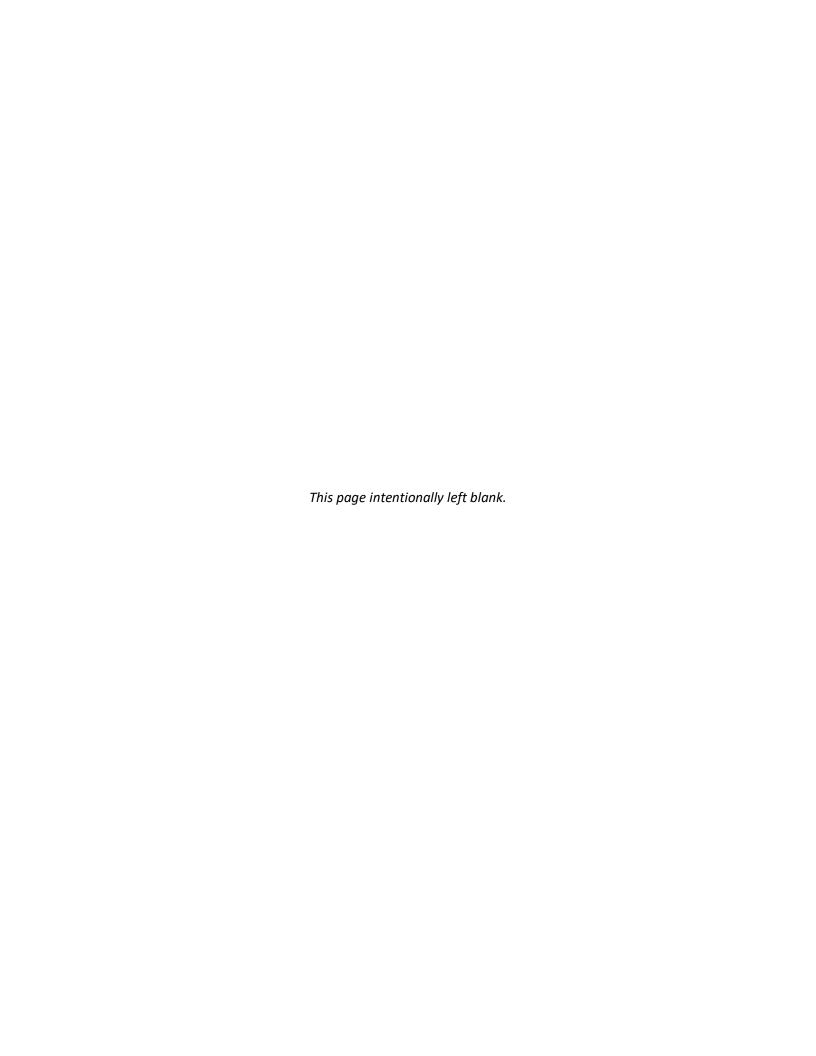
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Drua Gunning	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	454,0167	guninab@bellsovthinet	Rosmell, CA	
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Fulton County Staff Focus Group

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HOME LEARN MORE READ THE DRAFTS PARTICIPATE IN A MEETING CONTACT US



Does your neighborhood have access to good schools, jobs, healthcare, housing, and other essential resources?

The City of Atlanta and Fulton County are working together to update their individual Consolidated Plans and to prepare a joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice. These plans are required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and address local and regional needs related to housing, economic and community development, and homelessness.

HOME LEARN MORE READ THE DRAFTS PARTICIPATE IN A MEETING CONTACT US



Does your neighborhood have access to good schools, jobs, healthcare, housing, and other essential resources?

The City of Atlanta and Fulton County are working together to update their individual Consolidated Plans and to prepare a joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice. These plans are required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and address local and regional needs related to housing, economic and community development, and homelessness.

A Consolidated Plan assesses the current housing market, discusses characteristics of the county's population, identifies community improvement priorities, and outlines a five-year plan to fund and implement them using funds received from HUD under the federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Home Investment Partnerships Act (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), and - in the City's case - the Housing Opportunities for Persons with HIV/AIDS (HOPWA) programs.

The Regional Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI) identifies barriers to equal access to housing and neighborhood opportunities and proposes strategies to overcome those barriers.

The community's opinions and perceptions are an important part of these planning processes, and everyone is invited to participate. Your input will provide essential information to local policymakers, city and county staff, housing providers, social service providers, lenders, and affordable housing advocates.

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HOME LEARN MORE READ THE DRAFTS PARTICIPATE IN A MEETING CONTACT US

Local Resources

For more information about affordable housing and community development in the city of Atlanta, visit the City's Office of Housing and Community Development webpage.

The Fulton County <u>Department of Community Development</u> has information on these topics for residents outside Atlanta.

Interactive maps and data can be accessed here.

Select "Local Government" as the Program Participant Type and then Atlanta or Fulton County as the Jurisdiction and click Select a Map to get started.

National Resources

Check out HUD's website to learn more about the Consolidated Plan and Fair Housing planning process using the links below.

HUD's Consolidated Planning Information Page

CDBG Program Fact Sheet

HOME Program Fact Sheet

ESG Program Fact Sheet

HOPWA Program Fact Sheet

HUD Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing

HUD Fair Housing Planning Guide



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HOME LEARN MORE

GET INVOLVED

SURVEY

CONTACT US

MEETING TIMES AND LOCATIONS

An important part of the plan involves hearing from residents and stakeholders on issues of community development, housing and access to opportunity.

North Fulton Community Meeting

Tuesday, September 17, 2019 6:00 - 8:00 p.m. North Fulton Annex 7741 Roswell Road NE Roswell, GA 30350

South Fulton Community Meeting

Wednesday, September 25, 2019 6:00 - 8:00 p.m. South Fulton Annex 5600 Stonewall Tell Road Atlanta, GA 30349

Atlanta Community Meeting

Wednesday, October 9, 2019 6:00 - 7:00 p.m. Old Council Chambers 68 Mitchell Street SW, 2nd Floor Atlanta, GA 30303

Can't make a Meeting?

If you can't attend any of the meetings, you can still contribute by filling out the online survey.

TAKE THE SURVEY

HOME LEARN MORE GET INVOLVED SURVEY CONTACT US An important part of these plans is hearing from members of the public on issues of community and housing TAKE THE SURVEY needs. Your answers are confidential. Information will be reported in combination with other survey responses and in summary format to protect your privacy. Una parte importante de estos estudios consiste en escuchar la perspectiva del público en cuanto a temas de **ENCUESTA EN ESPAÑOL** las necesidades de la comunidad, necesidades de vivienda y de equidad de vivienda. La información que usted comparta con nosotros será anónima y para proteger su privacidad. Los resultados se reportarán solamente en combinación con respuestas a otras encuestas, y en forma resumida.

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DRAFT REPORTS

Click below to access the draft 2020-2024 Consolidated Plans, 2020 Annual Action Plans, and Joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI) for the City of Atlanta and Fulton County.

You can provide comments to the Atlanta and Fulton County on the draft Al through Wednesday, August 5, 2020. Please use the email form below to share your thoughts with the team! There will be a public hearing for the Al on August 5, 2020 during the <u>Fulton County Board of Commissioners meeting</u>.

Fulton County held a public comment period on its draft Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan that closed on June 15 and a public hearing before the Fulton County Board of Commissioners on July 8, 2020.

The City of Atlanta held a public comment period on its draft Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan that closed on April 28 and a public hearing before the Community Development/Human Services Committee of the Atlanta City Council on April 28, 2020.

Atlanta Fulton County Draft Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (pdf)

DOWNLOAD

Fulton County Draft Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan (pdf)

DOWNLOAD

City of Atlanta Draft Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan (pdf)

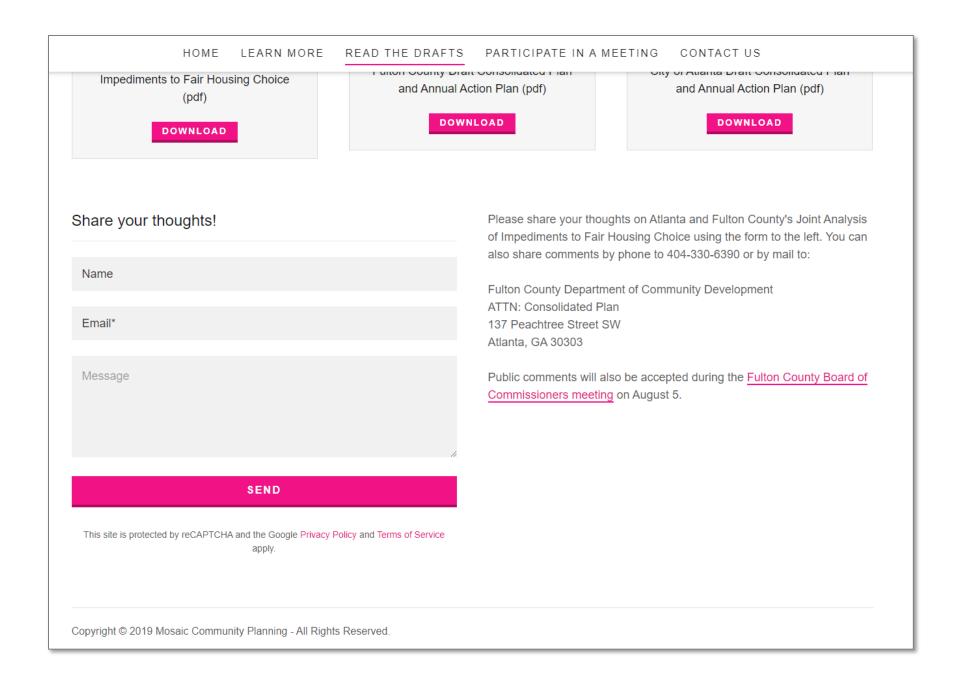
DOWNLOAD

Share your thoughts!

Name

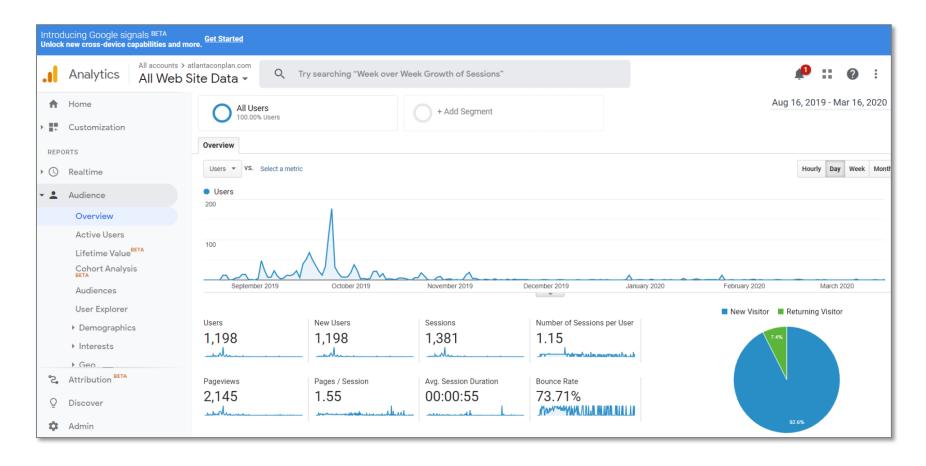
Please share your thoughts on Atlanta and Fulton County's Joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice using the form to the left. You can also share comments by phone to 404-330-6390 or by mail to:

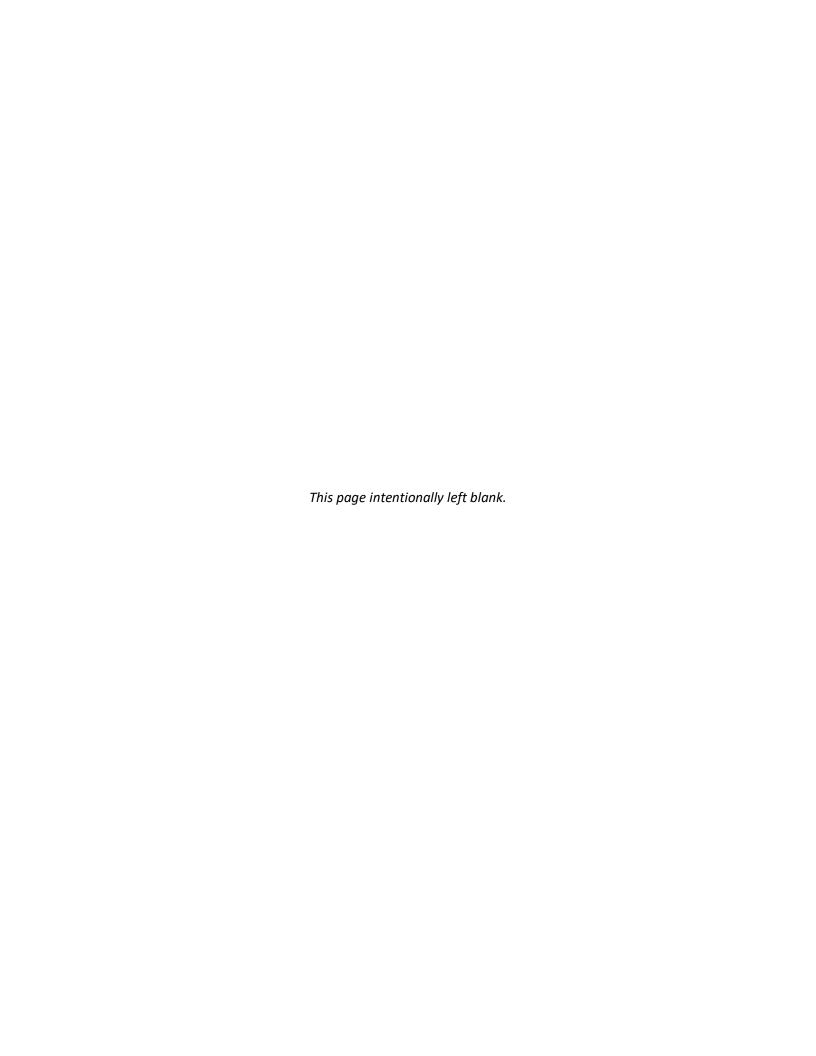
Fulton County Department of Community Development



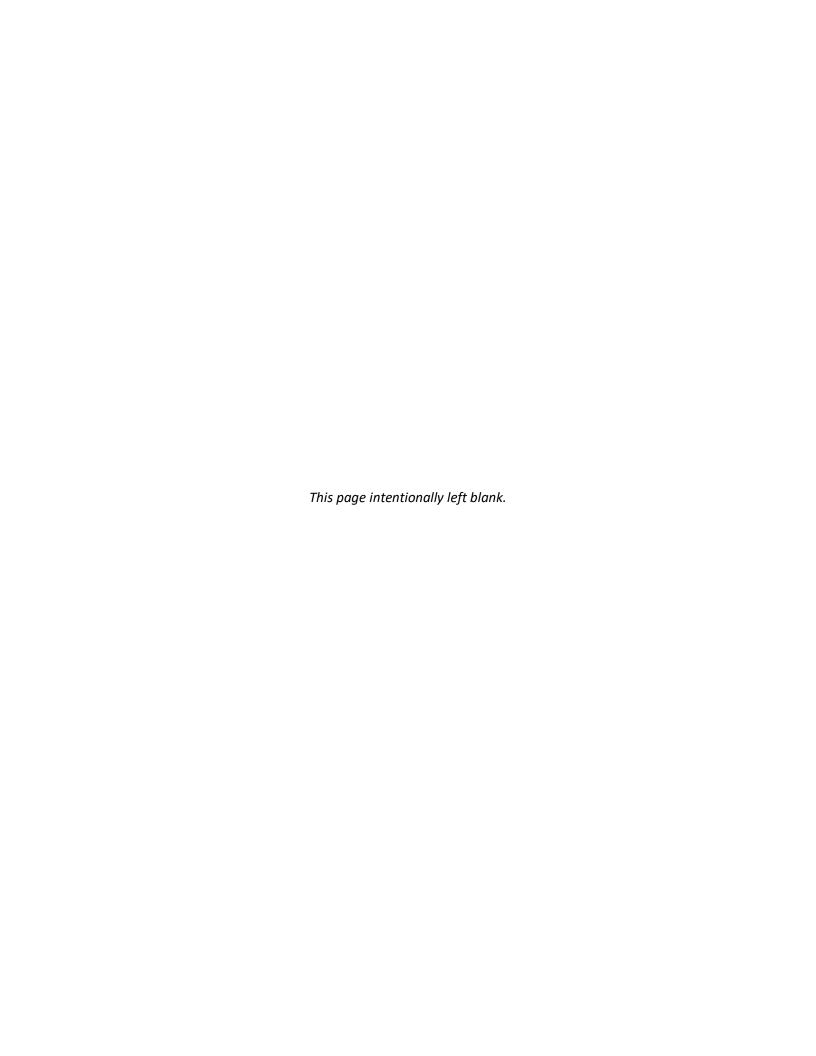
HOME LEARN	MORE GET INVOLVED	SURVEY	CONTACT US
Get Involved!	Let	ıs hear from	you!
Name Email* Message	Please	Are there partic programs, home to see offered w What types of a of? In your experier	public facilities are needed in your community? cular public services (e.g. senior services, youth eless prevention, job search assistance) you would like where you live? affordable housing does the Atlanta region need more nce, is housing discrimination a problem here? be share your thoughts on these questions or any additional cousing and community development needs.
SEND This site is protected by reCAPTCHA and the Google Privacy Policy and Terms of Service.		egarding local no	ousing and community development needs.
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WEBSITE ANALYTICS FOR WWW.ATLANTACONPLAN.COM





APPENDIX IV:
PUBLIC COMMENTS RECEIVED



From: Melissa Mailloux <melissa@mosaiccommunityplanning.com> on behalf of Melissa Mailloux Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2020 3:47 PM Melissa Mailloux To: FW: 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan Drafts Subject: ----- Forwarded message ------From: Whitehead, Robin < robin.whitehead@dph.ga.gov> Date: Mon, May 18, 2020 at 10:26 AM Subject: 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan Drafts To: Info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com <Info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com> Cc: msrobinfuller@gmail.com <msrobinfuller@gmail.com> Good morning, I received the May 15th Fulton County Government newsletter and I am very interested in the 2020 – 2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan Drafts article. Unfortunately, I was unable to open, access or review the plans from the provided link (https://www.fultoncountyga.gov/ and FultonCountyConPlan.com). The server error indicates 403 – Forbidden: Access is denied. Can you please provide me with the correct link or suggestions for retrieve as soon as possible. It is my understanding that the review and comment period is only available from 5/13/20-6/15/20. Any assistance is appreciated. Interested Citizen, Robin Robin M. Whitehead **Program Administration Coordinator** State Office of Vital Records / DPH 1680 Phoenix Blvd., Suite 100

Office Direct: 770.909.2922

Atlanta, GA 30349

Email: robin.whitehead@dph.ga.gov

From: Melissa Mailloux <melissa@mosaiccommunityplanning.com> on behalf of Melissa

Mailloux

Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2020 3:43 PM

To: Melissa Mailloux **Subject:** FW: Consolidated Plan

From: Bruce Gunning [mailto:gunningb@bellsouth.net]

Sent: Friday, May 22, 2020 6:47 PM

To: Butler, Dawn

Subject: Consolidated Plan

Dawn,

Wow...I just spent the last 4+ hours reading the 155 page Comp. Plan document. This is a significant piece of work and I found the information very informative. The goals are very aggressive as they are to be completed by the end of 2020. I have several comments and questions. I also need to go back and study the project goals in detail. I also, look forward to the community comments.

Below are my notes:

- 1) P 46 Check for potential error verbiage states the 48% of white households (10,317) have a severe need. But the chart shows that 10,317 is the total jurisdiction and that white households in only 1,467.
- 2) Why was the CoC Strategic Plan note used in the development of the Comp. Plan?
- 3) P 95 there is a misspelled work "3rdgraders"
- 4) P137 Table 60 stated that we are planning to spend \$388K to renovate 3 single family homes. Wow that seem excessive for 3 homes.
- 5) P151 was the chart intentional left with "\$0" amounts.
- 6) Who are the ESG, Home and CDBG Project Managers for FC?

Overall GREAT job with putting this all together.

Have a great weekend, Bruce

From: Melissa Mailloux <melissa@mosaiccommunityplanning.com> on behalf of Melissa

Mailloux

Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2020 3:33 PM

To: Melissa Mailloux

Subject: FW: Input to the ConPlan.

Attachments: For consideration under the Fulton County Consolidated Plan.docx

From: Michael Daniels [mailto:mike@gacye.org]
Sent: Wednesday, June 10, 2020 11:39 AM

To: Butler, Dawn **Cc:** Bruce Gunning

Subject: Input to the ConPlan.

Hi Dawn,

This is some of my input to the ConPlan based on a youth perspective. I have reviewed the plan and would like to see some youth focused statistical data because this is and will be a problem in the not too distant future.

Thanks

Mike Daniels

For consideration under the Fulton County Consolidated Plan.

Page 62: Please add the following:

Youth Homelessness: The following statistical information was obtained from the 2015, Data USA, 2017 Trading Economics, 2016 Atlanta Youth Count and the SY 2014-2015 National Center for Education Statistics. The number of homeless and runaway youth in metro Atlanta in any summer month is between 1,516 and 3,833 youth which is derived from research that included portions of Fulton, Cobb, Clayton, DeKalb, and Gwinnett counties and multiple municipalities. The average age of the homeless youth was 21.5; almost 5 percent of the homeless youth were minors (14-17 years old), an additional 24% are under the age of 20, and about 71% are between the ages of 20 and 25. Consistent with racial diversity of Atlanta as a whole, the homeless youth population is also diverse. 71 percent are African American, 16% are multi or bi-racial, 5.3% are white, 3.9% are Hispanic, and less than 1% are Native American, Asian, or Pacific Islander, 60.5% were cisgender male and approximately 6.5% were transgender or gender nonconforming individuals.

Pg 64:

Under Transitional Housing for Unaccompanied Youth: Please add my facility with 4 beds and under Permanent Support Housing for Unaccompanied Youth, please add my 4 units and Manfred's organization. These might be listed "under development."

Pg 85: Please add:

Georgia Center for Youth Excellence operates a transitional housing facility for homeless male youth age 16-22 and permanent supportive housing for youth age 18-24. The services provided include case management, counseling, health services during their tenure in transitional housing and while they are in permanent supportive housing.

From:	Melissa Mailloux	<melissa@mosaiccomr< th=""><th>munityplanning com></th><th>on behalf of Melissa</th></melissa@mosaiccomr<>	munityplanning com>	on behalf of Melissa
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Mailloux

Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2020 3:31 PM

To: Melissa Mailloux

Subject: FW: 2020-2024 Draft Consolidation Plan Call Follow-up Attachments: 2020-2024 CoA Plans_MOWA Comments_06-15-2020.pdf

Importance: High

From: Vona Cox < vcox@mowatl.org>
Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 3:43 PM
To: info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com

Cc: Stamper, Layla <Layla.Stamper@fultoncountyga.gov>; Vona Cox <vcox@mowatl.org>

Subject: 2020-2024 Draft Consolidation Plan Call Follow-up

Importance: High

Good afternoon,

Please find attached MOWA's comments to the Draft Consolidated Plan. The Plan captures a lot of thoughtful information. Our comments are presented for your consideration based on some of the facts presented as well as MOWA's experience *specifically* in the senior household space in Atlanta.

Let's continue to work together to create One Atlanta.

Stay safe.

the **best**.

Vona R. Cox
Meals On Wheels Atlanta
1705 Commerce Drive NW
Atlanta, GA 30318
P- 404-351-3889 ext. 233
E- vcox@mowatl.org



City of Atlanta
Department of Grants and Community Development
2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan

Plan Comments

Please find below MOWA's comment to the above referenced plans. It is our hope that our experience and longevity in the meals and home repair spaces that our comments will be seriously considered. Also, additional funding is being proposed to address gaps observed in the Plans.

Meals for Seniors

Description:

MOWA has been providing meals to Atlanta's older adult population for over 55 years. We have more than tripled our meal production in the last five years, and last year we provided over 514,000 meals to more than 1,800 seniors. MOWA currently provides meal delivery services to 705 city of Atlanta households. This service provision includes delivery of meals to 455 households and delivery of 30-day supplies of shelf-stable foods to 250 households. Our current "Can't Wait" maintains 600+ clients. 97% of MOWA's home delivered meals to city limits of Atlanta seniors are paid via private and foundation donations. As donations waiver, please assist us with feeding more Atlanta seniors.

Proposal Name: Meals Services Program
Submitted By: Meals On Wheels Atlanta

Requested Funding:\$547,500Previous Yr. Funding:\$0Recommended Funding:\$292,000

Project Service Area: City-Limits of Atlanta

Project Location: 1705 Commerce Drive NW, Atlanta, GA 30318

Funding is recommended for freshly prepared, home-delivered meals to 100 food-insecure seniors for one-year, many of whom are ill or disabled and have been placed on waiting lists for other meal programs. Program offers seven meal plans tailored to seniors' nutritional needs and preferences. Meals are delivered

weekly.

Home Repair Services for Seniors

Meals On Wheels Atlanta (MOWA) has provided home repair services since 2002 providing minor home to major rehabilitation services for low-income senior and veteran homeowners. MOWA manages projects between \$2,800 (MOWA-facilitated technicians) to \$70,000 (licensed general and specialty contractors – of our 18 licensed construction partners - fourteen are minority-owned and two are women-owned). MOWA manages a \$3M+ home repair program annually. MOWA current has 270+ clients on its "Can't List" across all managed programs.

As you know, ninety percent of older adults prefer to continue living in their homes as they age, a recent study by AARP found. But many low-income senior homeowners struggle to keep up with home maintenance and repair costs. According to data from the U.S. Census Bureau's most recent American Housing Survey, low-income older adults who were long-term occupants of their units have the costliest average repair needs of all homeowners.

Often these seniors need major home repairs, such as HVAC replacement, electrical upgrade, or siding and roof replacement. But these services may be beyond their budgets, as well as beyond the scope of minor home repair programs like Fulton County offers. So, seniors in need of critical home repairs often have no other choice but to live in deteriorating conditions that may threaten their health, safety, and overall well-being.



City of Atlanta
Department of Grants and Community Development
2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action Plan

Plan Comments

For some, that means no longer having heat in the winter, or living with the risk of fire or electrical shock from an old electrical system. For others, it may mean living with a leaky roof that leads to an infestation of toxic mold, or with dilapidated siding that results in a pest infestation.

By providing these critical repairs, MOWA will not only help ensure that seniors are safe, warm, and dry in their homes, but will also enable those we serve to maintain their independence and not be forced to move into assisted living facilities, which are ultimately much costlier solutions.

Several home repair and rehabilitation programs exist throughout the city but often a senior participant is not eligible due to program requirements (e.g., no clear title – other names on the title). Last year, MOWA completed 350 home repair/rehab projects and over 70% of the homes were built before 1970. We recently reported on projects we facilitated in Atlanta's Westside district, one of the city's poorest and most vulnerable areas, and of the 10 projects we reported on, 6 were built in 1920, the other 4 – 1930-1950.

There is a lot of construction being facilitated all over Atlanta but MOWA manages not only the work being facilitated but also works with and engages our client. Everybody wants to do new construction, but few can deal (or want to deal) with Atlanta's senior population in our distressed neighborhoods like MOWA does.

The following programs and funding are being proposed based on population, need, and current funding gaps:

Proposal Name: Major System Replacement
Submitted By: Meals On Wheels Atlanta

Requested Funding: \$180,000
Previous Yr. Funding: \$0
Recommended Funding: \$180,000

Project Service Area: City-Limits of Atlanta

Project Location: 1705 Commerce Drive NW, Atlanta, GA 30318

Description:

Funding is recommended to provide major system replacement to 10 low income senior households in Atlanta. Services include replacement of non-functioning kitchens, bathrooms, plumbing, electrical

installation, HVAC, siding and roof replacement, and foundations, so that seniors can live safely and comfortably in their own homes as they age.

Proposal Name: Enhanced Home Repair Services
Submitted By: Meals On Wheels Atlanta

Requested Funding: \$210,000
Previous Yr. Funding: \$0
Recommended Funding: \$210,000

Project Service Area: City-Limits of Atlanta

Project Location: 1705 Commerce Drive NW, Atlanta, GA 30318

Description:

Funding is recommended to provide enhanced home repair to 30 low income senior households in Atlanta.

Average service cost will be between \$2,800 - \$7,000. Services include gutters, decks/ramps, exterior stairs, driveways, walkways, fence repair, drywall repair/replacement, yard clearing, installation of smoke alarms,

carbon monoxide detectors, and fire extinguishers and other exterior safety equipment (e.g., lighting), so

that seniors can live safely and comfortably in their own homes as they age.

From: Melissa Mailloux <melissa@mosaiccommunityplanning.com> on behalf of Melissa

Mailloux

Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2020 3:31 PM

To: Melissa Mailloux

Subject: FW: Outreach Services for North Fulton County

From: Jennifer Alexander < jalexander@nfcchelp.org>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 4:11 PM

To: to < <u>info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com</u>> **Subject:** Outreach Services for North Fulton County

Dear Mosaic Community Planning Committee,

As a social worker in the North Fulton County area.

The actual need for outreach services are great, such as: showering services and laundry services.

These basic / essential needs are important and much needed for homeless constituents in North Fulton County.

Thank you for your time.

Jennifer Alexander CIAS Homeless Initiative Social Worker, MSW Work - 770-640-0399, Cell – 770-710-5173 jalexander@nfcchelp.org



From: Melissa Mailloux <melissa@mosaiccommunityplanning.com> on behalf of Melissa

Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2020 3:36 PM

To: Melissa Mailloux

Subject: FW: Con Plan comment/question

From: Tanya Morris [mailto:TMorris@ssnorthfulton.org]

Sent: Monday, June 01, 2020 4:01 PM

To: Butler, Dawn < Dawn.Butler@fultoncountyga.gov> Cc: Isaac, Ann < Ann. Isaac@fultoncountyga.gov>

Subject: Con Plan comment/question

I am following up on the Friday meeting. Can you please forward the following:

Tax Credit apartments are part of the stock of housing that is referred to as affordable housing. Tax credits are required to stay with the apartment for a certain period of time and then the apartment can go to market rate or can be revamped and the rent move to high end market rate. People can wait long periods of time to get tax credit housing and can wait years for subsidized housing. My understanding is that tenants find out about the increase in rent/the loss of the tax credit when the lease is up, or maybe a little sooner if there is going to be a large rehab/upgrade which makes it impossible to transition to another affordable apartment.

Given the length of time that it takes to find affordable housing, has there been any thought given to being proactive in looking ahead at when the tax credit is eligible to end so that discussions can be had with owners and tenets if indeed the tax credit will be going away so that people have the opportunity to try to obtain new affordable housing? Or to look at some sort of voucher program to help maintain the tenant in the current housing, at the same rent, for a period of time so that permanent affordable housing can be obtained and that the tenant will not have to move twice.

With thanks.

Tanya Morris, LMSW

Client Services Director



770.993.1906 x 229 11381 Southbridge Parkway Alpharetta, GA 30022

www.ssnorthfulton.org





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MEETINGS TO RECEIVE INPUT

Fulton County held two virtual meetings to present key findings and receive stakeholder input on the draft 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and 2020 Annual Action.

Fulton County Housing Authorities Teleconference

- Thursday, May 28, 2020 at 10 AM
- 11 participants
- Presentation of affordable housing needs identified in the Consolidated Plan and potential projected loss of affordable housing units over next five years
- Discussion of housing availability at housing authority properties
- Discussion of potential opportunities for coordination and collaboration between housing authorities and Fulton County to better serve people experiencing homelessness

Continuum of Care Zoom Meeting

- Wednesday, June 10, 2020 at 11 AM
- 50 participants
- Presentation of project overview, ways to access and comment on draft reports, affordable housing needs identified in the Consolidated Plan and potential projected loss of affordable housing units over next five years
- A participant requested information about timing for RFPs related to HUD grant funds and Dawn Butler, Division Manager with Fulton County Department of Community Development shared the information about the RFP process and timing.
- A participant asked about key sections of the Consolidated Plan to review. Melissa Mailloux, consultant with Mosaic Community Planning, shared that sections PR-10 and PR-15 have information about the community engagement process and sections SP-25, SP-45, AP-20, and AP-35 have information about the Consolidated Plan priorities and goals, as well as projects to be funded during the 2020 program year.
- A participant asked if CDBG, HOME, and ESG funding levels given were for one year or for the fiveyear planning period. Melissa Mailloux confirmed amounts listed were for 2020 only and the County would receive additional grant funds for future program years.
- A participant asked if the PowerPoint presentation would be available after the meeting. The presentation was emailed to participants.
- A participant asked about a list of Low Income Housing Tax Credit properties that are reaching the
 end of their affordability period. A list was added to the presentation and provided to participants
 following the meeting.

List of Participants

Jeff Smythe

Housing Authorities Teleconference Attendees

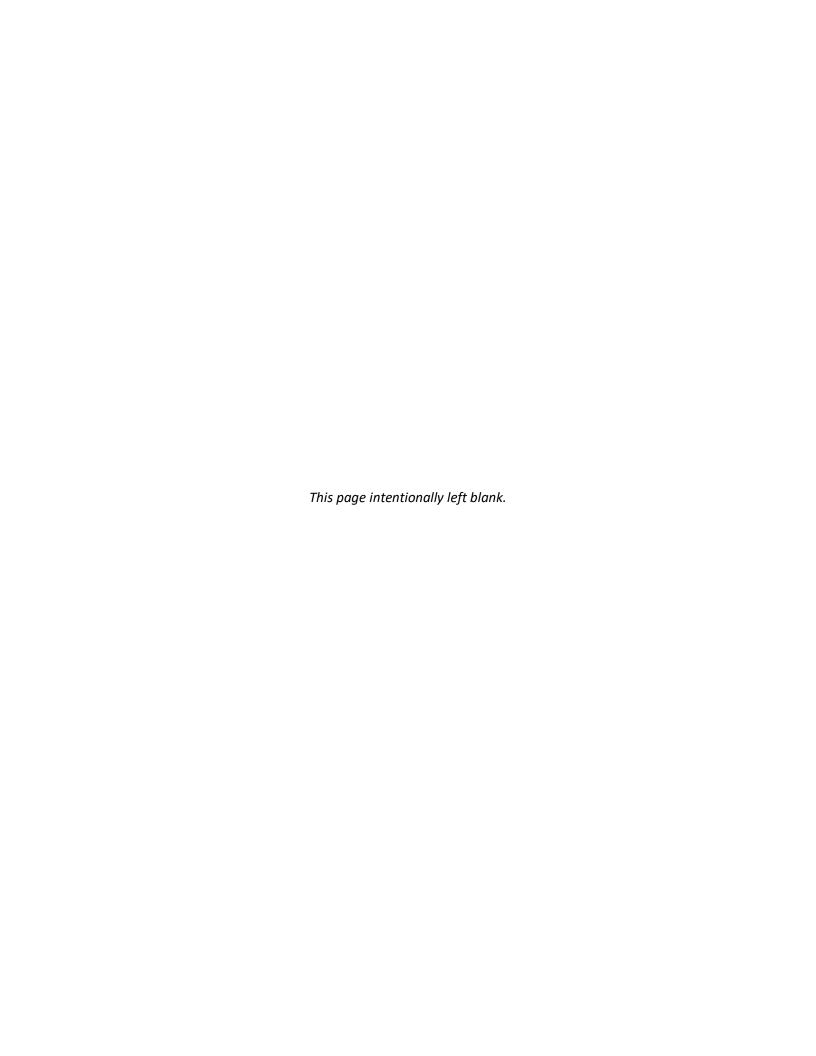
Dawn ButlerMichael SpannLayla StamperWilliam MatsonAnn IsaacCarol SwanMelissa MaillouxPatricia TyusAshley WilliamsSandra Strozier

Continuum of Care Zoom Meeting Attendees

Amy Pauls Layla Stamper **Angela Bywaters** Manfred Michel Ann Isaac Mary Gay Megan Roberts Ashley Lewman **Ashley Williams** Melissa Mailloux **Bruce Gunning** Michael Daniels Carol Collard Michael Spann Carol Swan Patricia Tyus Cindy Simpson Rainie Jueschke Dawn Butler Raphael Holloway **Demarcous Zeigler** Rhea Mascoll Sabrina Callaway **Doris Pereira Dorothy Styles** Selima Morrow Elizabeth Thompson Shari Blake **Iris Conners** Sophia Henry Jeanette Pollock Tamara Carrera

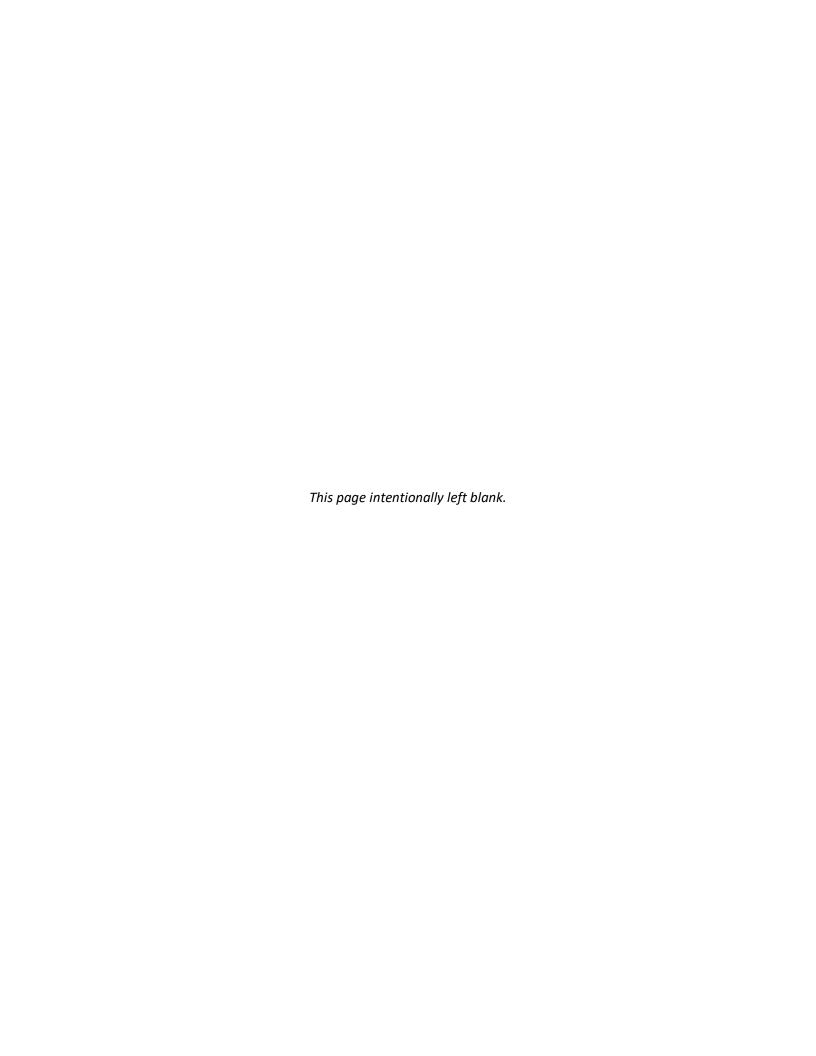
Jeff SmytheVona R. CoxJenell JacksonWhitney McGinnissJennifer AlexanderWilliam MatsonJenny JobsonParticipant joined by phone

Jerome Greathouse Participant joined by phone
Johnathan Davis Participant joined by phone
Julissa Headspeth Participant joined by phone
Katha Blackwell Participant joined by phone
Kelli Ellis Participant joined by phone



APPENDIX V: COMMUNITY SURVEY

ENGLISH AND SPANISH SURVEY INSTRUMENTS AND COMBINED SURVEY RESULTS



Your Opinion Counts!

The City of Atlanta and Fulton County are developing plans to improve housing options and encourage community development.

These plans are required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the City and County to receive Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and other federal funds. They will address needs related to housing, economic and community development, and homelessness. They will also look at whether everyone has similar choices for housing regardless of their race, ethnicity, national origin, sex, religion, whether they have children, or whether they have a disability.

An important part of these studies is hearing from members of the public on issues of community needs, housing needs, and fair housing.

Your answers are confidential. Information will be reported in combination with other survey responses and in summary format to protect your privacy. Please do not write your name or other personal information anywhere on the survey. You may stop the survey at any time without losing any benefits that you otherwise receive. If you have any questions about the survey or the studies, please contact Mosaic Community Planning at info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com or 770-366-7893.

Estimated time to complete: 8-10 minutes

Para participar en la encuesta en español, por favor haga clicaquí.

General Information

1. Please select the area where you li	ve.
City of Atlanta	
North Fulton County	
South Fulton County	
Elsewhere in Fulton County	
Neither in Atlanta or Fulton County (pleas	e list below)
If you selected "Neither in Atlanta or Fulton Co	unty" please list the city or community below:
2. Please select the ZIP Code of your Other (please specify)	
3. Which is your age group?	55-61
25-34	62-74
35-44	75+
45-54	
4. What is your total household incom	e?
Less than \$25,000	\$50,000 to \$74,999
\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999
\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$100,000 and above

	/hat is your race/ethnicity?
	White
	African American/Black
	Latino/Hispanic
	Asian or Pacific Islander
	Native American or Alaska Native
	Multiple races
	Other
6. D	oes anyone in your home regularly speak a language other than English?
	Yes
	No
If yes	s, what language?
7 D	ance anyone in your home have a disability?
7. D	oes anyone in your home have a disability?
	Yes
	No
8. W	
	/hat is your current housing status?
\bigcirc	/hat is your current housing status?
	/hat is your current housing status?
	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment
	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel
	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel I live with a relative I am homeless
	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel I live with a relative
	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel I live with a relative I am homeless
	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel I live with a relative I am homeless
9. D	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel I live with a relative I am homeless Other (please specify)
9. D	/hat is your current housing status? I own a home I rent a home/apartment I live in a hotel/motel I live with a relative I am homeless Other (please specify) o you currently live in public housing or receive Section 8 rental assistance?

ADA accessibility	Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need
improvements	0		
Bike or walking trails	0	0	0
Child care centers			
Community centers (i.e. youth centers, senior centers, cultural centers)	\bigcirc		
Community parks, gyms, and recreational fields	0		0
Health care facilities			
Public safety offices (fire, police, emergency management)	0		
Street, road, or sidewalk improvements	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\circ
Broadband Internet access	0		0
Measures to reduce the impact of natural disasters	\circ	\bigcirc	\circ
Please use the space below to sh	nare any other thoughts abou	nt public facility or infrastructure needs	s in Fulton County.

	Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need
Improvements for storefronts			
Financial assistance for community organizations	\bigcirc		\circ
Financial assistance to entrepreneurs and small businesses			
Historic preservation efforts	\circ		\circ
Incentives for creating jobs	0		0
More code enforcement efforts	\circ		\circ
Redevelopment or demolition of abandoned			\circ
	nare any other thoughts abo	ut economic development needs in Atl	anta/Fulton County.
properties	nare any other thoughts abo	ut economic development needs in Atl	anta/Fulton County.
	nare any other thoughts abo	ut economic development needs in Atl	anta/Fulton County.
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	nare any other thoughts abo	ut economic development needs in Atl	anta/Fulton County.

	Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need
Child abuse prevention			
Childcare			
Domestic abuse services			
Drug abuse education/crime prevention	\circ		\bigcirc
Employment training			
Food banks/community meals	\circ		
Housing counseling			
Job search assistance			
Legal services			
Medical and dental services	\bigcirc		
Neighborhood cleanups			
Senior services			
Transportation assistance			
Youth services			

anta and Fulton County	anta and Fulton County Housing & Community Needs Survey				
using Needs					
13. Please rank the followir	ng <u>homeless</u> needs in <i>A</i>	Atlanta/Fulton County on a scale	e ranging from a low nee		
to a high need.					
Access to homeless shelters	Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need		
Homelessness prevention			\circ		
Outreach to homeless persons			0		
Permanent housing					
Transitional/supportive housing programs		0			

	Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need
Help buying a home/downpayment assistance			
Help for homeowners to make housing improvements	\circ		\circ
Help with rental payments	0		0
Elderly or senior housing	\circ		\circ
Family housing			
Housing for people with disabilities	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Housing that accepts Section 8 vouchers			
Energy efficiency improvements to housing	\circ		\circ
Construction of new affordable rental units			0
Construction of new housing for homeownership	\circ		\circ
Grants to improve affordable rental housing/apartments	0		0
lease use the space below to s	hare any other thoughts abo	ut housing needs in Atlanta/Fulton Co	unty.

	Equally provided	Not equally provided	I don't know
Schools			
Bus service			
Roads and sidewalks			
Grocery stores and other shopping	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Banking and lending			
Parks and trails			
Property maintenance			
Garbage collection		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Fire and police protection	0		

Atlanta and Fulton County Housing & Community Needs Survey
Fair Housing
16. Do you understand your fair housing rights?
Yes
Somewhat
○ No
17. Do you know where to file a housing discrimination complaint?
Yes
Somewhat
No
18. Since living in Atlanta or Fulton County have you experienced housing discrimination?
(For example, the following actions would represent housing discrimination if based on your race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, or disability: refusal to rent or sell or negotiate the rental/sale of housing; falsely denying that housing is available for inspection, sale, or rental; setting different terms, conditions, or privileges for sale or rental of a dwelling; or providing different housing services or facilities.)
Yes
○ No

Atlanta and Fulton County Housing & Community Needs Survey Fair Housing 19. Who discriminated against you? (Check all that apply.) a landlord/property manager a real estate agent a mortgage lender a city/county staff person Other (please specify) 20. On what basis do you believe you were discriminated against? (Check all that apply.) Race Ethnicity National origin Religion Gender Disability Familial status (single parent with children, family with children, expecting a child) 21. Did you file a report of that discrimination? Yes No

I didn't know what good it would do
I didn't know where to file
I didn't realize it was against the law
I was afraid of retaliation
The process wasn't in my language
The process was not accessible to me because of a disability
Other (please specify)

Barriers to Fair Housing

24. Do you think any of the following are barriers to fair housing in Atlanta/Fulton County? (Checapply.) Community opposition to affordable housing Discrimination by landlords or rental agents Discrimination by mortgage lenders Discrimination or steering by real estate agents Displacement of residents due to rising housing costs Lack of housing options for people with disabilities Landlords refusing to accept Section 8 vouchers Limited access to banking and financial services Limited access to good schools Limited access to community resources for people with disabilities Neighborhoods that need revitalization and new investment Not enough affordable housing for individuals Not enough affordable housing for families	
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Limited access to community resources for people with disabilities Neighborhoods that need revitalization and new investment Not enough affordable housing for individuals Not enough affordable housing for families	
Neighborhoods that need revitalization and new investment Not enough affordable housing for individuals Not enough affordable housing for families	
Not enough affordable housing for individuals Not enough affordable housing for families	
Not enough affordable housing for families	
Not enough affordable housing for seniors	
Other (please specify)	

Atlanta and Fulton County Housing & Community Needs Survey
25. Please use the box below to provide any additional information regarding housing and community development needs in Atlanta/Fulton County.
THANK YOU for your time in completing this survey and assisting with this housing and community development study.

La Ciudad de Atlanta y El Condado de Fulton han empezado el proceso de planificación de los siguientes documentos:

- 1) Plan Consolidado 2020-2024;
- 2) Plan de Acción Anual 2020-2021; y
- 3) Análisis de los Obstáculos que dificultan la Elección de Vivienda Justa.

Estos documentos son requeridos por el Departamento de Vivienda y Desarrollo Urbano de EE.UU. (HUD, por sus siglas en inglés) y están relacionados con la recepción local de fondos federales a través de los programas de Subvención en Bloque para el Desarrollo Comunitario (CDBG, por sus siglas en inglés), Subvenciones para Soluciones de Emergencia (ESG, por sus siglas en inglés), y el Programa de Asociación para la Inversión en Viviendas (HOME, por sus siglas en inglés). Estos planes identificarán las necesidades relacionadas con la vivienda, el desarrollo económico/ comunitario, la falta de vivienda, servicios públicos, instalaciones públicas e infraestructura. También identificarán cualquier obstáculo para viviendas justas dentro del condado.

Un componente clave de este proceso implica escuchar a los miembros del público sobre los temas de necesidades de la comunidad, vivienda justa y elección de vivienda. Las preguntas de las siguientes páginas tienen como finalidad cumplir este objetivo.

Tiempo estimado para completar esta encuesta: 7-10 minutos. Para proteger su privacidad, por favor, no ponga su nombre, ni ninguna información que le identifique en ninguna parte de la encuesta. Sus respuestas a esta encuesta se recopilarán, resumirán y los resultados de la encuesta se informarán en el Plan Consolidado 2020-2024 del Condado.

Gracias por participar en nuestra encuesta. En caso de tener alguna pregunta con respecto a esta encuesta o sobre el uso de la información recopilada en la encuesta, por favor, póngase en contacto con Mosaic Community Planning (Consultora de la Ciudad de Atlanta y Condado de Fulton) escribiendo al correo: info@mosaiccommunityplanning.com.

CP:			
2. ¿Cuál es el ingresc	total de su hogar?		
Menos de \$25,000			
\$25,000 a \$34,999			
\$35,000 a \$49,999			
\$50,000 a \$74,999			
\$75,000 a \$99,999			
\$100,000 o más			
3. ¿Cuál es su grupo	de edad?		
18-24 anos			
25-34 anos			
35-44 anos			
45-54 anos			
55-61 anos			
62-74 anos			
75 anos o más			

	Blanca
	Afroamericana/Negra
	Latina/Hispana
	Asiática o Isleña del Pacífico
	Nativa Americana o Nativa de Alaska
	Múltiples Razas
	Otra
	En su hogar se habla regularmente un idioma distinto del inglés?
	Si
	No
En c	aso afirmativo, ¿qué idioma?
6. 2.	Alguien en su hogar tiene una discapacidad?
	Si
	No No

	Tengo vivienda propia
	Alquilo una casa//apartamento
	Vivo en un hotel/motel
	Vivo con un familiar
	Estoy sin hogar
	Otro (por favor, especifique)
Vivi	Vive actualmente en una vivienda pública o recibe ayuda del Programa de Asistencia para Alquiler o endas de la Sección 8?
	Sí
	No

	Necesidad Baja	Necesidad Moderada	Necesidad Alta
Mejora de accesibilidad para discapacitados ADA			
Sendas para caminar o ciclovías			
Centros para cuidado infantil			
Centros e instalaciones comunitarias (es decir, centros juveniles y de adultos mayores)			
Parques comunitarios, instalaciones recreativas, y centros culturales			
Centros de Salud	\circ	\bigcirc	
Oficinas de Seguridad Pública (bomberos, policía, gestión de emergencias)			
Mejoras en calles, carreteras o veredas	\circ		\circ
Acceso a Internet de Banda Ancha			
Medidas para reducir el impacto de desastres naturales			
tras Necesidades de Instalaci	iones Públicas (por favor, espe	ecifique)	

nunitario (por favor, es		
nunitario (por favor, es		
nunitario (por favor, es	Chacifigua)	0
nunitario (por favor, es	chocifiguo)	
nunitario (por favor, es	enocifiquo)	

	Necesidad Baja	Necesidad Moderada	Necesidad Alta
Prevención de Abuso Infantil/Clases para padres			
Cuidado de niños	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Servicio de Ayuda para Víctimas de Violencia Doméstica			
Educación sobre las drogas/prevención del delito			
Formación Ocupacional			
Bancos de alimentos /comidas comunitarias	\bigcirc		
Asesoramiento sobre viviendas	0		0
Ayuda en la búsqueda de empleo	\bigcirc	\circ	\bigcirc
Asistencia jurídica			
Servicios médicos y dentales	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Limpieza del vecindario			
Servicios para el adulto mayor			
Asistencia con el transporte			
Servicios para la juventud	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
tras Necesidades de Servicio	s Públicos (por favor, especific	que)	

Prevención de la pérdida del hogar Alcance a personas sin nogar /ivienda permanente Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	Acceso a albergues para personas sin hogar Prevención de la pérdida del hogar Alcance a personas sin logar Avienda permanente Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo ras Necesidades de Personas Sin Hogar (por favor, especifique)	vención de la pérdida hogar ance a personas sin gar denda permanente gramas de viviendas transición/apoyo		Necesidad Baja	Necesidad Moderada	Necesidad Alta
Alcance a personas sin nogar /ivienda permanente Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	Alcance a personas sin nogar /ivienda permanente Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	hogar ance a personas sin par lenda permanente gramas de viviendas transición/apoyo				
rogar /ivienda permanente Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	rogar /ivienda permanente Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	gramas de viviendas transición/apoyo				
Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	Programas de viviendas de transición/apoyo	gramas de viviendas transición/apoyo				
de transición/apoyo	de transición/apoyo	transición/apoyo	nda permanente			
ras Necesidades de Personas Sin Hogar (por favor, especifique)	ras Necesidades de Personas Sin Hogar (por favor, especifique)	s Necesidades de Personas Sin Hogar (por favor, especifique)				
			Necesidades de Personas	Sin Hogar (por favor, especit	fique)	

13. Por favor, clasifique las siguientes Necesidades de Vivienda en la Ciudad de Atlanta y el Condado de
Fulton en una escala que va de una necesidad baja a una necesidad alta.

	Necesidad Baja	Necesidad Moderada	Necesidad Alta
Ayuda para comprar una casa/asistencia para el pago inicial	0		
Ayuda para que propietarios puedan hacer mejoras en la vivienda			
Ayuda con los pagos del alquiler			
Viviendas para ancianos	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Vivienda familiar			
Vivienda para personas con discapacidad	\bigcirc		
Vivienda que acepta vales de la Sección 8	0		
Mejoras de eficiencia energética para la vivienda actual	\bigcirc		
Nueva construcción de viviendas para alquiler asequibles			
Nueva construcción de casas para vivienda propia	\bigcirc		
Subvenciones para mejoras de casas/apartamentos con alquiler asequible			
Otras Necesidades de Vivienda	(por favor, especifique)		

	Disponibilidad Es Igual	Disponibilidad No Es Igual	No Lo Sé		
Escuelas	. Igual		110 20 30		
Servicios de autobús					
Pistas y veredas					
Tiendas de abarrotes y otras tiendas	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	
Bancos y entidades de préstamos			0	0	0
Parques y senderos					
Mantenimiento de propiedades			0		
Recolección de basura					
Bomberos y protección policial					

de vivienda?	dente de la Ciudad de Atlanta o el Cor	ndado de Fulton, ¿ha sufrido discriminació	m en matei
en su raza, co vender o nego inspección, ve	lor, origen nacional, religión, sexo, est ociar el alquiler/venta de la vivienda; ne	n discriminación en materia de vivienda si ado familiar, o discapacidad: negativa a a egar falsamente que la vivienda esté dispo condiciones o privilegios para la venta o a es de viviendas diferentes).	lquilar, onible para
Si			
No			

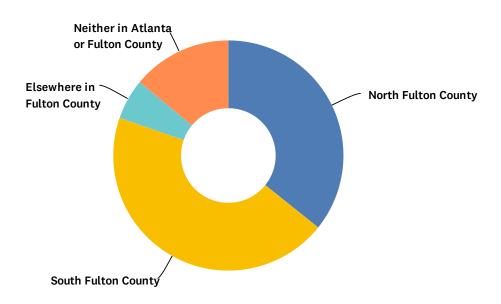
	un arrendador/administrador de la propiedad
	un agente inmobiliario
	un prestamista hipotecario
	un miembro del personal del municipio/condado
	Otro (por favor, especifique)
17.	¿Presentó una denuncia por dicha discriminación?
	Si
	No No
18.	Si no presentó la denuncia, ¿por qué no la presentó? (SELECCIONE SOLO UNA OPCIÓN)
	No sabía si serviría de algo
	No sabía dónde presentarla
	No comprendía que iba contra la ley
	Tenía miedo a las represalias
	El proceso no estaba en mi idioma
	El proceso no era accesible para mí por una discapacidad
	Otra (por favor, especifique)
	¿Comprende sus derechos a una vivienda justa?
	Sí
	Un poco
	No
20.	¿Sabe dónde presentar la denuncia por discriminación en materia de vivienda?
	Sí
	Un poco

21. ¿Cree que la discriminación en materia de vivienda es un problema en la Ciudad de Atlanta o el Condado de Fulton? Sí No Un poco No sé 22. ¿Cree usted que algunos de los siguientes puntos son obstáculos para la Vivienda Justa en la C de Atlanta o el Condado de Fulton? (Marque todos los que apliquen) Oposición de la comunidad a viviendas asequibles Discriminación por parte de los arrendadores o agentes de alquiler Discriminación por prestamistas hipotecarios Discriminación o influencia por parte de agentes de bienes raíces Desplazamiento de residentes por el alza de costos de la vivienda Falta de opción de viviendas para personas con discapacidad Arrendadores se niegan a aceptar vales de la Sección 8 Acceso limitado a servicios bancarios y financieros Acceso limitado a buenas escuelas Acceso limitado a recursos comunitarios para personas con discapacidad	
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Acceso limitado al empleo Acceso limitado a buenas escuelas	
Acceso limitado a buenas escuelas	
Acceso limitado a recursos comunitarios para personas con discapacidad	
Vecindarios que necesitan revitalización y nueva inversión	
No hay suficientes viviendas asequibles para las personas	
No hay suficientes viviendas asequibles para las familias	
No hay suficientes viviendas asequibles para adultos mayores	
Otro (por favor, especifique)	

	locales de vivie					
sugerencias son im	nortantos nara nosc	otros Gracias por t	omarca al tiampo	nara llonar octa on	cuesta	
Sugerencias son im	portantes para nosc	nios. Gracias por i	omarse er dempo	para lieriai esta en	cuesia.	

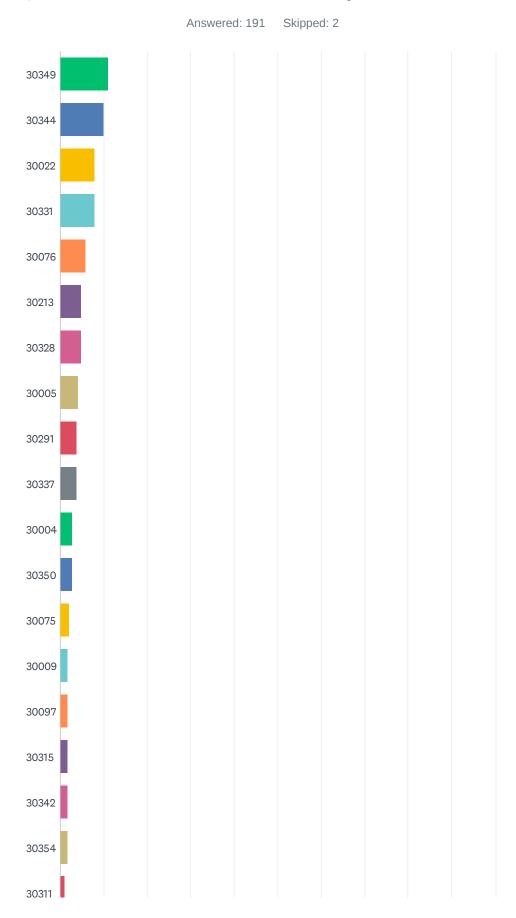
Q1 Please select the area where you live.

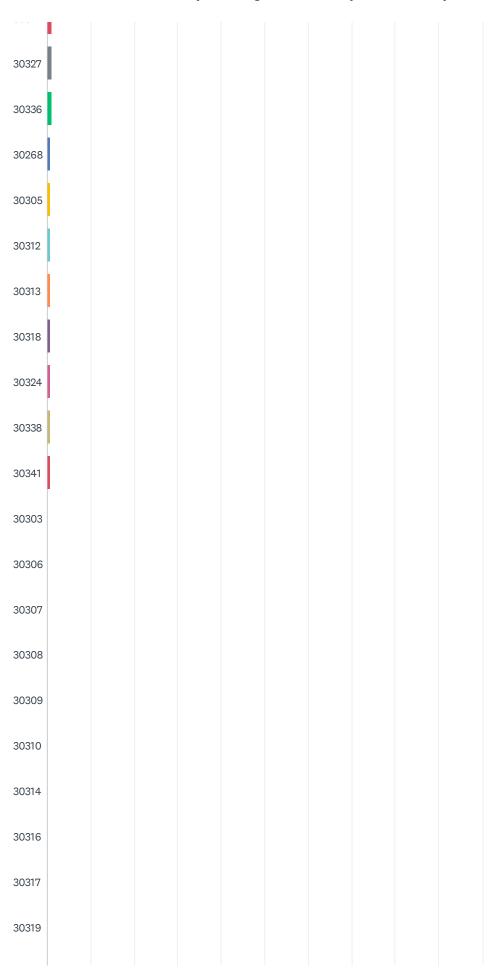
Answered: 193 Skipped: 0

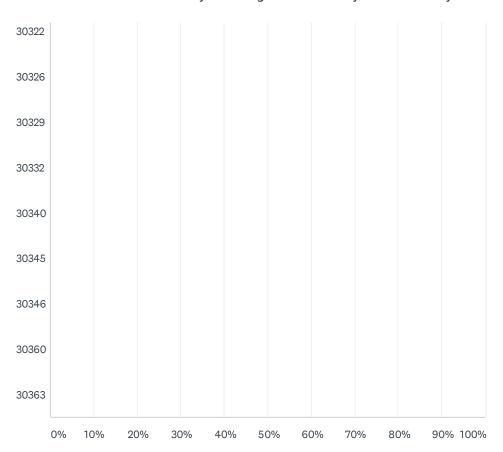


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
City of Atlanta	0.00%	0
North Fulton County	35.75%	69
South Fulton County	44.56%	86
Elsewhere in Fulton County	5.70%	11
Neither in Atlanta or Fulton County	13.99%	27
TOTAL		193

Q2 Please select the ZIP Code of your residence.



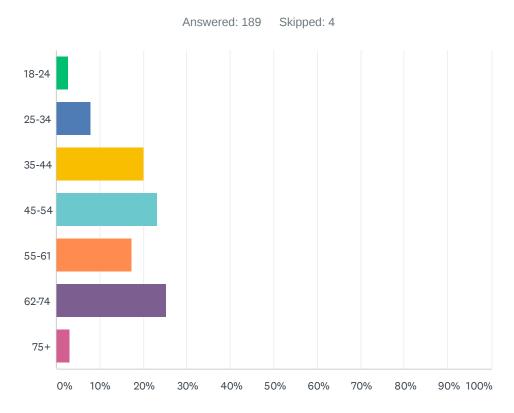




30349 10.99% 12 30324 9.95% 16 3022 7.85% 15 30331 7.85% 15 30276 5.76% 11 30213 4.71% 9 30328 4.71% 8 30291 3.66% 7 3034 3.66% 7 3004 2.62% 5 30350 2.62% 5 30075 2.99% 4 30096 1.57% 3 30012 1.57% 3 30342 1.57% 3 30343 1.57% 3 30344 1.57% 3 30345 1.57% 3 30340 1.57% 2 30341 1.50% 2 30342 1.57% 2 30343 0.52% 1 30344 0.52% 1 30345 0.52% 1 3034	ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
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30342 1.57% 3 30354 1.57% 3 30311 1.05% 2 30327 1.05% 2 30336 1.05% 2 30268 0.52% 1 30305 0.52% 1 30312 0.52% 1 30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30301 0.52% 1 30302 0.00% 0 30303 0.00% 0 30304 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30097	1.57%	3
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30311 1.05% 2 30327 1.05% 2 30336 1.05% 2 30268 0.52% 1 30305 0.52% 1 30312 0.52% 1 30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30342	1.57%	3
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30336 1.05% 2 30268 0.52% 1 30305 0.52% 1 30312 0.52% 1 30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30311	1.05%	2
30268 0.52% 1 30305 0.52% 1 30312 0.52% 1 30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30327	1.05%	2
30305 0.52% 1 30312 0.52% 1 30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30336	1.05%	2
30312 0.52% 1 30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30268	0.52%	1
30313 0.52% 1 30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30305	0.52%	1
30318 0.52% 1 30324 0.52% 1 30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30312	0.52%	1
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30338 0.52% 1 30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30318	0.52%	1
30341 0.52% 1 30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30324	0.52%	1
30303 0.00% 0 30306 0.00% 0	30338	0.52%	1
30306 0.00% 0	30341	0.52%	1
	30303	0.00%	0
30307 0.00% 0	30306	0.00%	0
	30307	0.00%	0

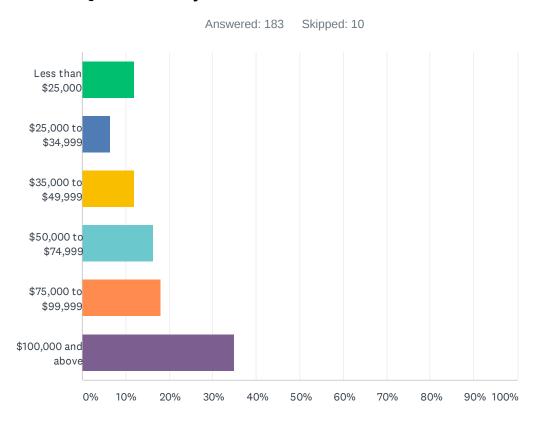
30308 	0.00%	0
30310	0.00%	0
30314	0.00%	0
30316	0.00%	0
30317	0.00%	0
30319	0.00%	0
30322	0.00%	0
30326	0.00%	0
30329	0.00%	0
30332	0.00%	0
30340	0.00%	0
30345	0.00%	0
30346	0.00%	0
30360	0.00%	0
30363	0.00%	0
TOTAL		191

Q3 Which is your age group?



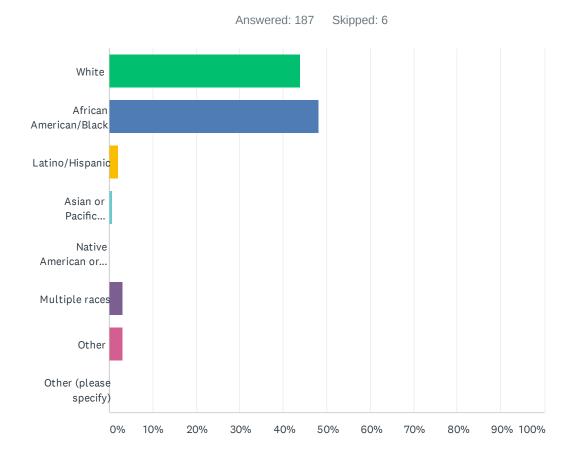
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
18-24	2.65%	5
25-34	7.94%	15
35-44	20.11%	38
45-54	23.28%	44
55-61	17.46%	33
62-74	25.40%	48
75+	3.17%	6
TOTAL		189

Q4 What is your total household income?



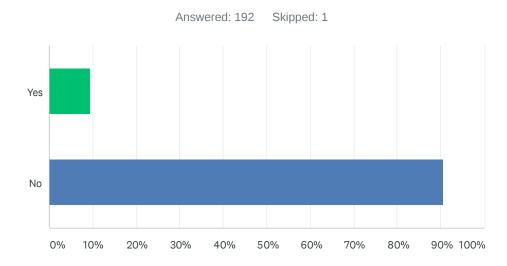
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Less than \$25,000	12.02%	22
\$25,000 to \$34,999	6.56%	12
\$35,000 to \$49,999	12.02%	22
\$50,000 to \$74,999	16.39%	30
\$75,000 to \$99,999	18.03%	33
\$100,000 and above	34.97%	64
TOTAL	18	83

Q5 What is your race/ethnicity?



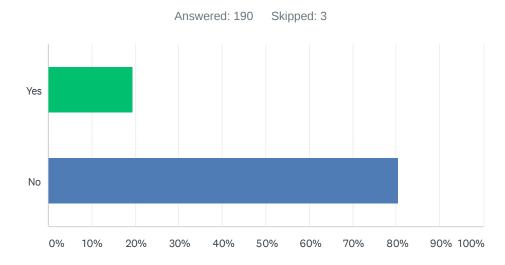
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
White	43.85%	82
African American/Black	48.13%	90
Latino/Hispanic	2.14%	4
Asian or Pacific Islander	0.53%	1
Native American or Alaska Native	0.00%	0
Multiple races	3.21%	6
Other	3.21%	6
Other (please specify)	0.00%	0
Total Respondents: 187		

Q6 Does anyone in your home regularly speak a language other than English?



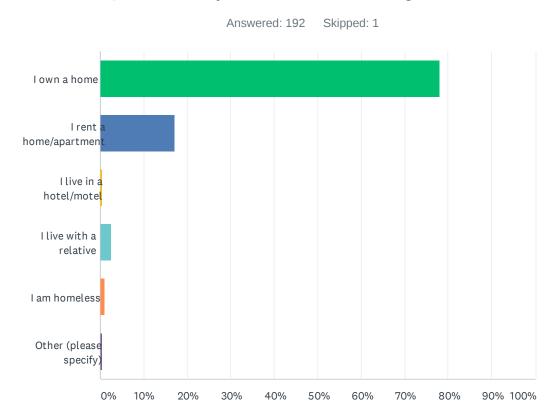
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	9.38%	18
No	90.63%	174
TOTAL		192

Q7 Does anyone in your home have a disability?



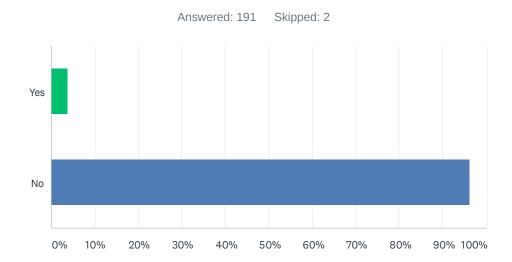
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	19.47%	37
No	80.53%	153
Total Respondents: 190		

Q8 What is your current housing status?



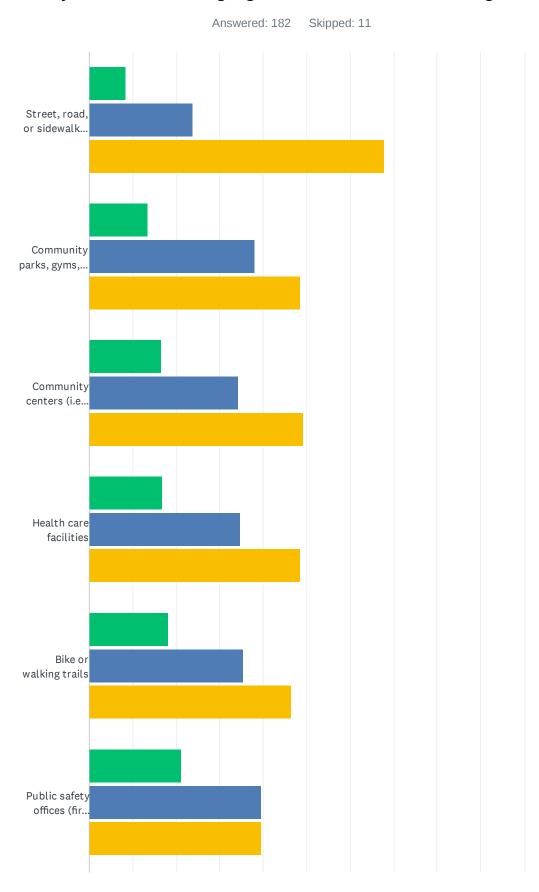
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
I own a home	78.13% 150
I rent a home/apartment	17.19% 33
I live in a hotel/motel	0.52% 1
I live with a relative	2.60% 5
I am homeless	1.04% 2
Other (please specify)	0.52% 1
TOTAL	192

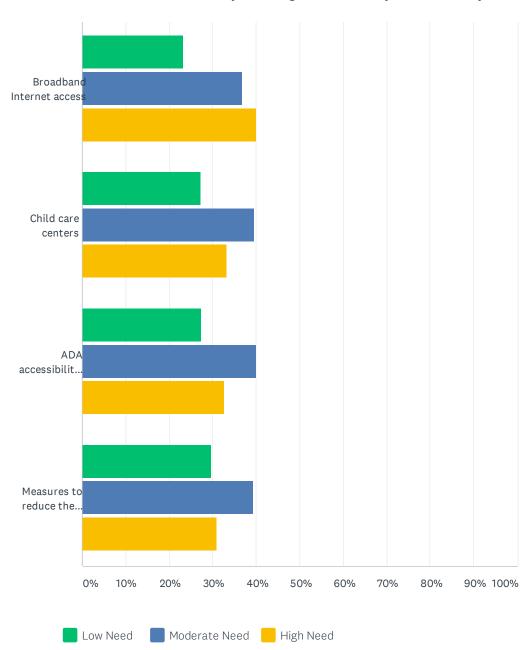
Q9 Do you currently live in public housing or receive Section 8 rental assistance?



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	3.66%	7
No	96.34%	184
TOTAL		191

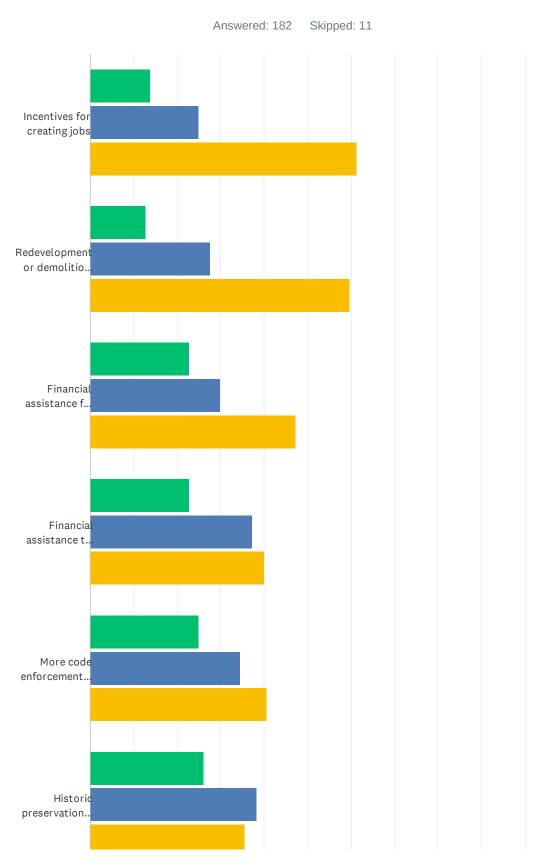
Q10 Please rank the following public facility/infrastructure needs in Fulton County on a scale ranging from a low need to a high need.

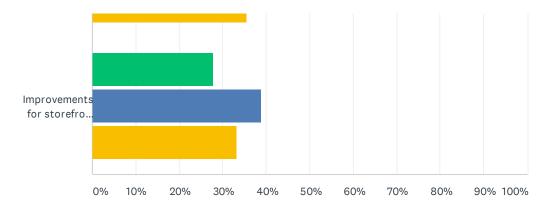




	LOW NEED	MODERATE NEED	HIGH NEED	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Street, road, or sidewalk improvements	8.33% 15	23.89% 43	67.78% 122	180	2.59
Community parks, gyms, and recreational fields	13.41% 24	37.99% 68	48.60% 87	179	2.35
Community centers (i.e. youth centers, senior centers, cultural centers)	16.57% 30	34.25% 62	49.17% 89	181	2.33
Health care facilities	16.76% 30	34.64% 62	48.60% 87	179	2.32
Bike or walking trails	18.23% 33	35.36% 64	46.41% 84	181	2.28
Public safety offices (fire, police, emergency management)	21.11% 38	39.44% 71	39.44% 71	180	2.18
Broadband Internet access	23.21% 39	36.90% 62	39.88% 67	168	2.17
Child care centers	27.12% 48	39.55% 70	33.33% 59	177	2.06
ADA accessibility improvements	27.43% 48	40.00% 70	32.57% 57	175	2.05
Measures to reduce the impact of natural disasters	29.76% 50	39.29% 66	30.95% 52	168	2.01

Q11 Please rank the following economic/community development needs in Atlanta/Fulton County on a scale ranging from a low need to a high need.

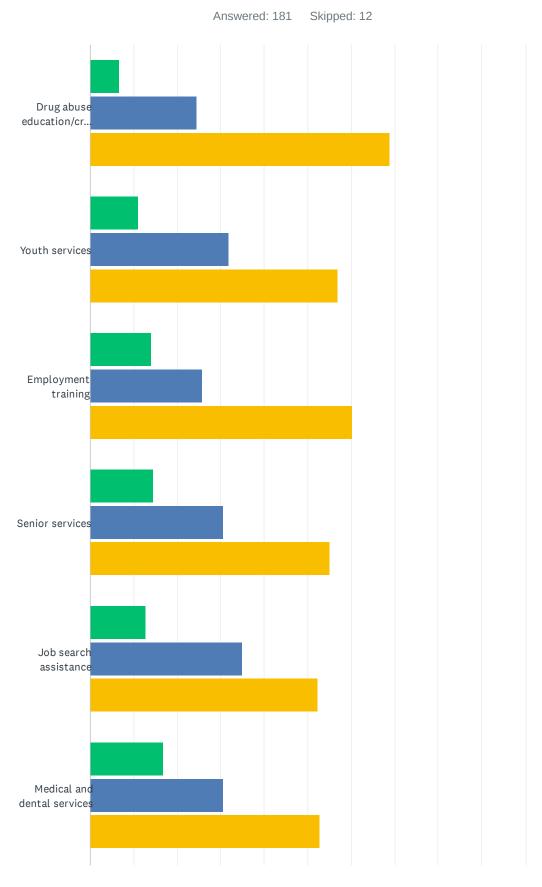


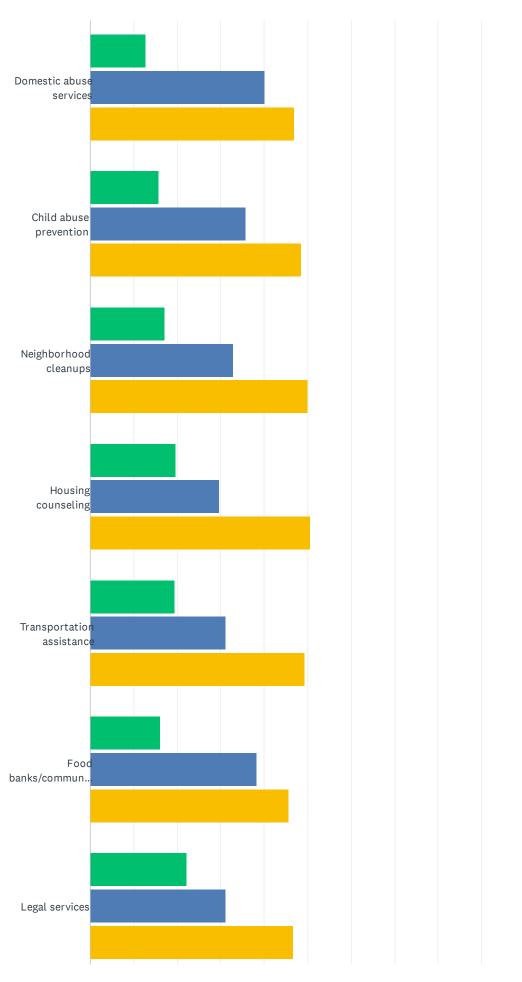


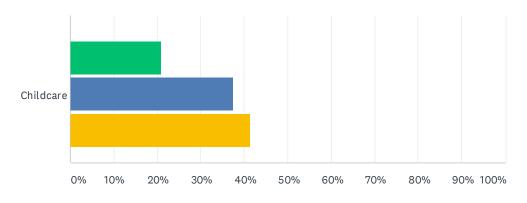
Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need
		0

	LOW NEED	MODERATE NEED	HIGH NEED	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE	
Incentives for creating jobs	13.81% 25	24.86% 45	61.33% 111	181	2	2.48
Redevelopment or demolition of abandoned properties	12.71% 23	27.62% 50	59.67% 108	181	2	2.47
Financial assistance for community organizations	22.78% 41	30.00% 54	47.22% 85	180	2	2.24
Financial assistance to entrepreneurs and small businesses	22.78% 41	37.22% 67	40.00% 72	180	2	2.17
More code enforcement efforts	25.00% 45	34.44% 62	40.56% 73	180	2	2.16
Historic preservation efforts	26.11% 47	38.33% 69	35.56% 64	180		2.09
Improvements for storefronts	27.78% 50	38.89% 70	33.33% 60	180		2.06

Q12 Please rank the following public service needs in Atlanta/Fulton County on a scale ranging from a low need to a high need.



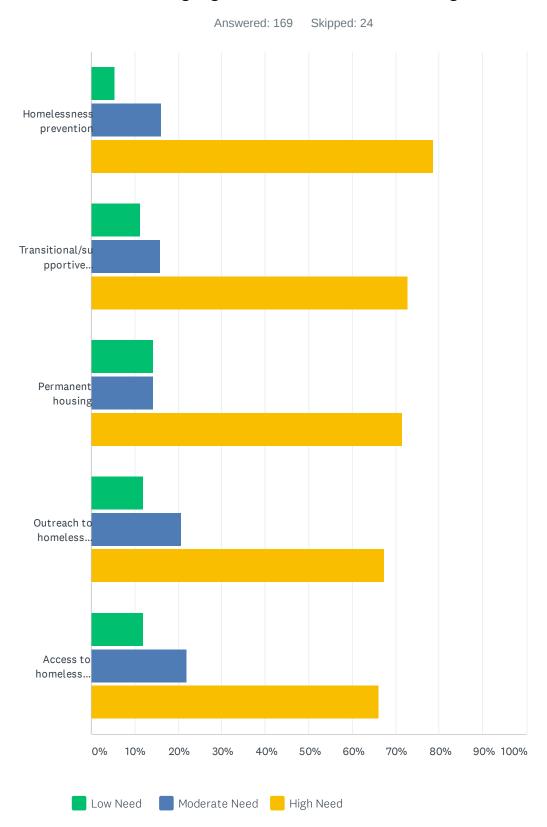




Low Need	Moderate Need	High Need
201111000	110001001	11181111000

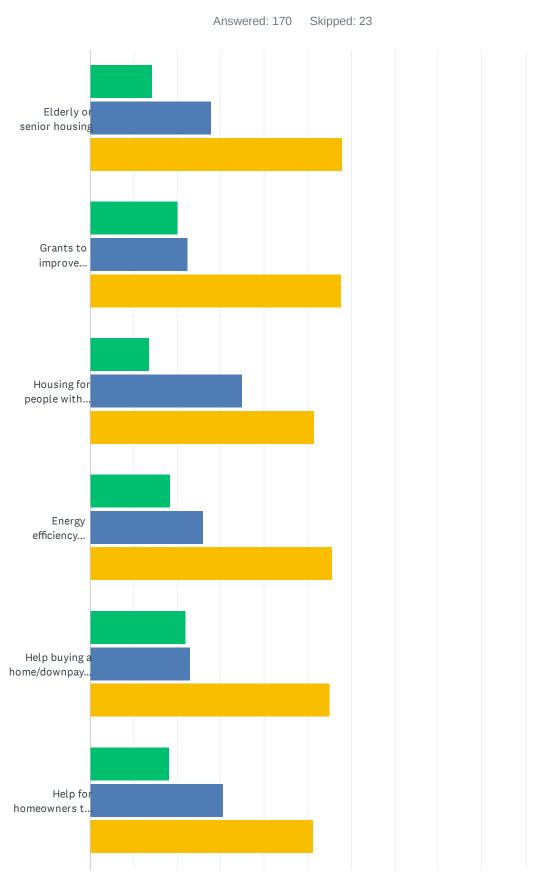
	LOW NEED	MODERATE NEED	HIGH NEED	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Drug abuse education/crime prevention	6.67% 12	24.44% 44	68.89% 124	180	2.62
Youth services	11.17% 20	31.84% 57	56.98% 102	179	2.46
Employment training	13.97% 25	25.70% 46	60.34% 108	179	2.46
Senior services	14.44% 26	30.56% 55	55.00% 99	180	2.41
Job search assistance	12.78% 23	35.00% 63	52.22% 94	180	2.39
Medical and dental services	16.67% 30	30.56% 55	52.78% 95	180	2.36
Domestic abuse services	12.85% 23	40.22% 72	46.93% 84	179	2.34
Child abuse prevention	15.64% 28	35.75% 64	48.60% 87	179	2.33
Neighborhood cleanups	17.22% 31	32.78% 59	50.00%	180	2.33
Housing counseling	19.66% 35	29.78% 53	50.56%	178	2.31
Transportation assistance	19.44% 35	31.11% 56	49.44%	180	2.30
Food banks/community meals	16.11% 29	38.33% 69	45.56% 82	180	2.29
Legal services	22.22% 40	31.11% 56	46.67% 84	180	2.24
Childcare	21.02% 37	37.50% 66	41.48% 73	176	2.20

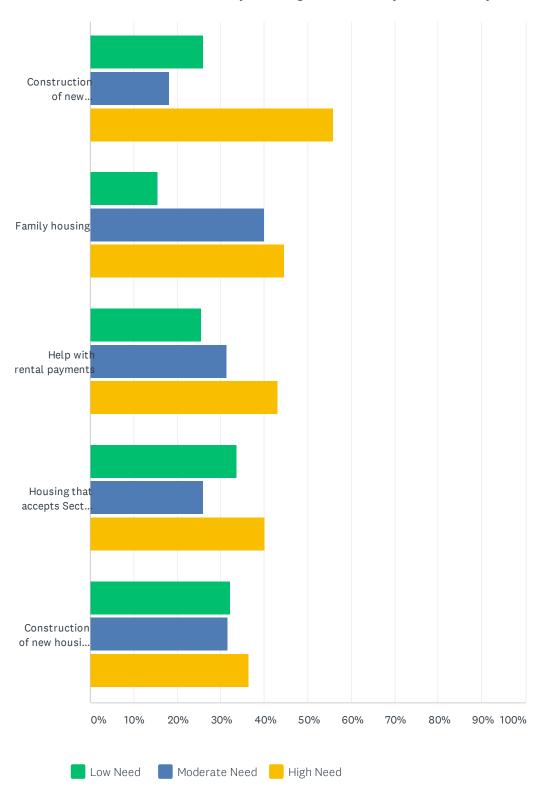
Q13 Please rank the following homeless needs in Atlanta/Fulton County on a scale ranging from a low need to a high need.



	LOW NEED	MODERATE NEED	HIGH NEED	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Homelessness prevention	5.36%	16.07%	78.57%		
	9	27	132	168	2.73
Transitional/supportive housing programs	11.24%	15.98%	72.78%		
	19	27	123	169	2.62
Permanent housing	14.20%	14.20%	71.60%		
	24	24	121	169	2.57
Outreach to homeless persons	11.83%	20.71%	67.46%		
	20	35	114	169	2.56
Access to homeless shelters	11.90%	22.02%	66.07%		
	20	37	111	168	2.54

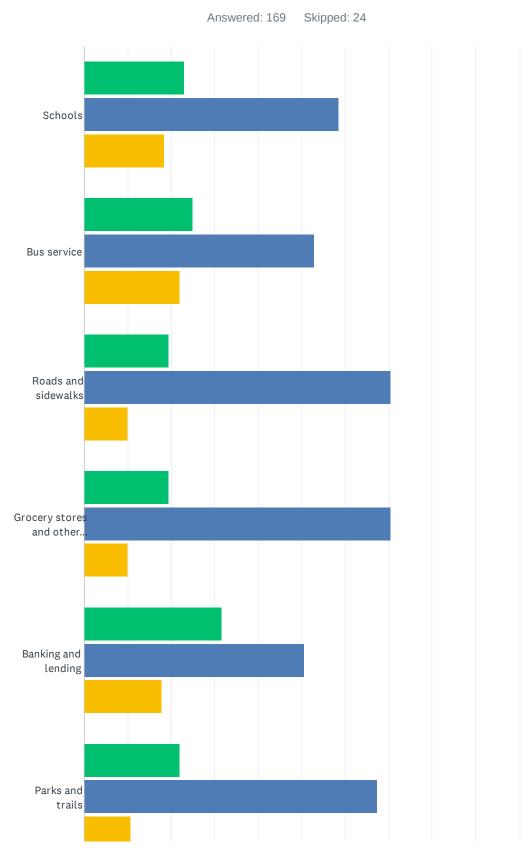
Q14 Please rank the following housing needs in Atlanta/Fulton County on a scale ranging from a low need to a high need.

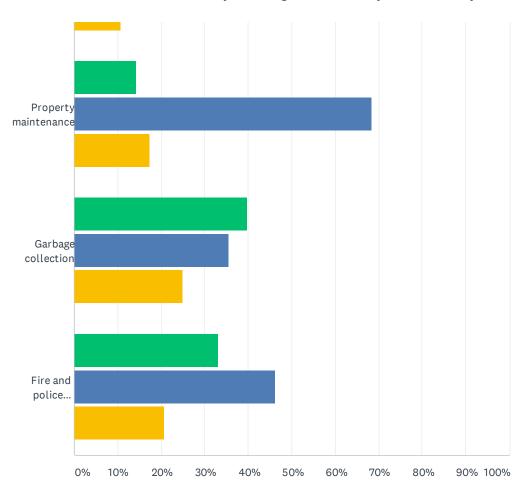




	LOW NEED	MODERATE NEED	HIGH NEED	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Elderly or senior housing	14.20% 24	27.81% 47	57.99% 98	169	2.44
Grants to improve affordable rental housing/apartments	20.00%	22.35% 38	57.65% 98	170	2.38
Housing for people with disabilities	13.61% 23	34.91% 59	51.48% 87	169	2.38
Energy efficiency improvements to housing	18.34% 31	26.04% 44	55.62% 94	169	2.37
Help buying a home/downpayment assistance	21.89% 37	23.08% 39	55.03% 93	169	2.33
Help for homeowners to make housing improvements	18.24% 31	30.59% 52	51.18% 87	170	2.33
Construction of new affordable rental units	25.88% 44	18.24% 31	55.88% 95	170	2.30
Family housing	15.48% 26	39.88% 67	44.64% 75	168	2.29
Help with rental payments	25.44% 43	31.36% 53	43.20% 73	169	2.18
Housing that accepts Section 8 vouchers	33.73% 57	26.04% 44	40.24% 68	169	2.07
Construction of new housing for homeownership	32.14% 54	31.55% 53	36.31% 61	168	2.04

Q15 Thinking about community resources in Atlanta/Fulton County, please check whether you think each of the following are equally available and kept up in all neighborhoods.



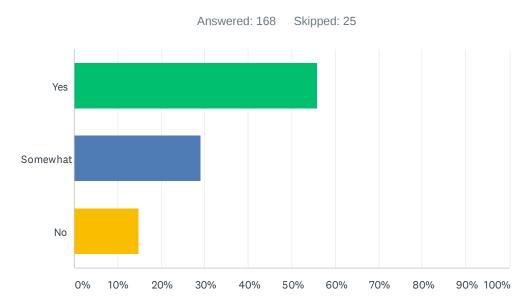


	EQUALLY PROVIDED	NOT EQUALLY PROVIDED	I DON'T KNOW	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Schools	23.08% 39	58.58% 99	18.34% 31	169	0.28
Bus service	25.00% 42	52.98% 89	22.02% 37	168	0.32
Roads and sidewalks	19.53% 33	70.41% 119	10.06% 17	169	0.22
Grocery stores and other shopping	19.53% 33	70.41% 119	10.06% 17	169	0.22
Banking and lending	31.55% 53	50.60% 85	17.86% 30	168	0.38
Parks and trails	22.02% 37	67.26% 113	10.71% 18	168	0.25
Property maintenance	14.29% 24	68.45% 115	17.26% 29	168	0.17
Garbage collection	39.64% 67	35.50% 60	24.85% 42	169	0.53
Fire and police protection	33.14% 56	46.15% 78	20.71% 35	169	0.42

Not equally provided I don't know

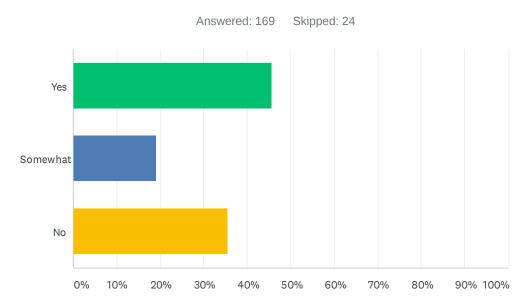
Equally provided

Q16 Do you understand your fair housing rights?



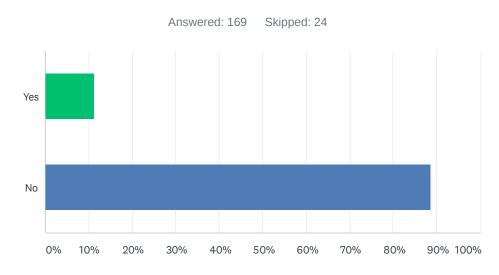
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	55.95% 9.	4
Somewhat	29.17% 4	.9
No	14.88% 2	5
TOTAL	16	8

Q17 Do you know where to file a housing discrimination complaint?



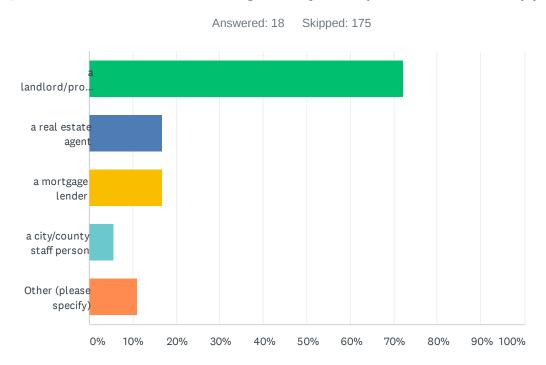
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	45.56%	77
Somewhat	18.93%	32
No	35.50%	60
TOTAL	16	69

Q18 Since living in Atlanta or Fulton County have you experienced housing discrimination?(For example, the following actions would represent housing discrimination if based on your race, color,national origin, religion, sex, familial status, or disability: refusal to rent or sell or negotiate the rental/sale ofhousing; falsely denying that housing is available for inspection, sale, or rental; setting different terms,conditions, or privileges for sale or rental of a dwelling; or providing different housing services or facilities.)



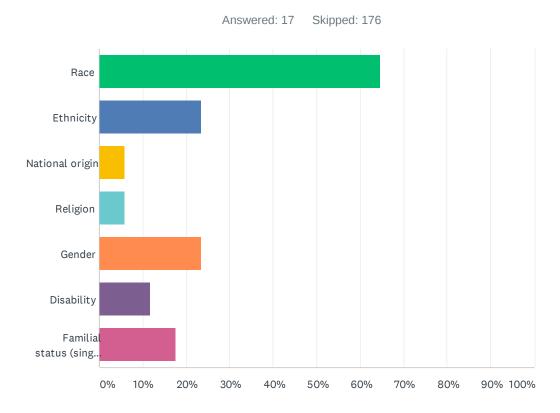
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	11.24%	19
No	88.76%	150
TOTAL		169

Q19 Who discriminated against you? (Check all that apply.)



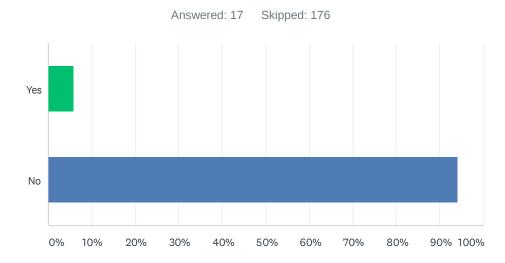
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
a landlord/property manager	72.22%	13
a real estate agent	16.67%	3
a mortgage lender	16.67%	3
a city/county staff person	5.56%	1
Other (please specify)	11.11%	2
Total Respondents: 18		

Q20 On what basis do you believe you were discriminated against? (Check all that apply.)



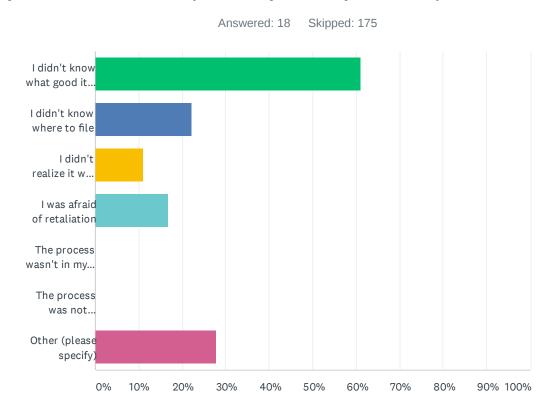
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Race	64.71%	11
Ethnicity	23.53%	4
National origin	5.88%	1
Religion	5.88%	1
Gender	23.53%	4
Disability	11.76%	2
Familial status (single parent with children, family with children, expecting a child)	17.65%	3
Total Respondents: 17		

Q21 Did you file a report of that discrimination?



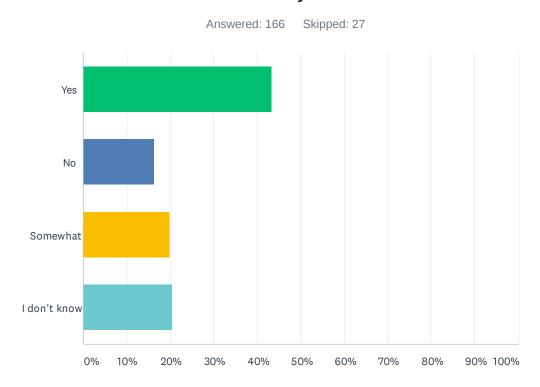
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	5.88%	1
No	94.12%	16
TOTAL		17

Q22 If you did not file a report, why didn't you file? (Check all that apply.)



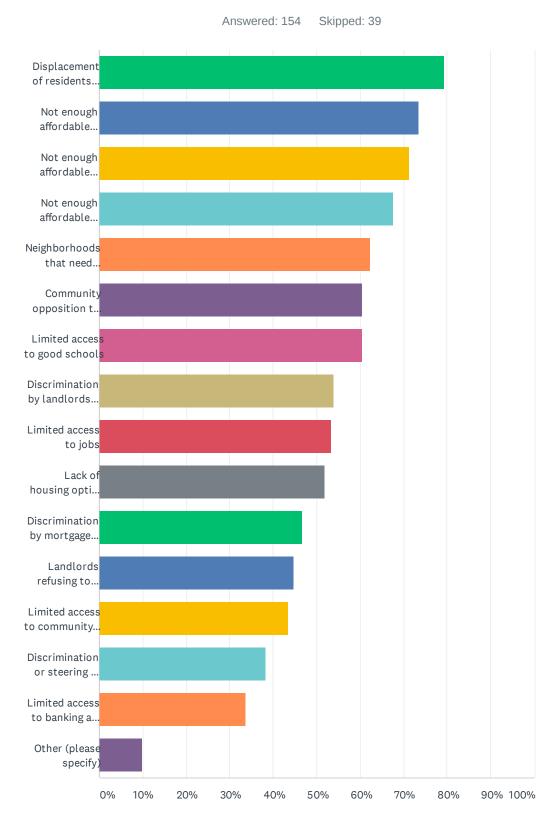
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
I didn't know what good it would do	61.11%	11
I didn't know where to file	22.22%	4
I didn't realize it was against the law	11.11%	2
I was afraid of retaliation	16.67%	3
The process wasn't in my language	0.00%	0
The process was not accessible to me because of a disability	0.00%	0
Other (please specify)	27.78%	5
Total Respondents: 18		

Q23 Do you believe housing discrimination is an issue in Atlanta/Fulton County?



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	43.37%	72
No	16.27%	27
Somewhat	19.88%	33
I don't know	20.48%	34
TOTAL		166

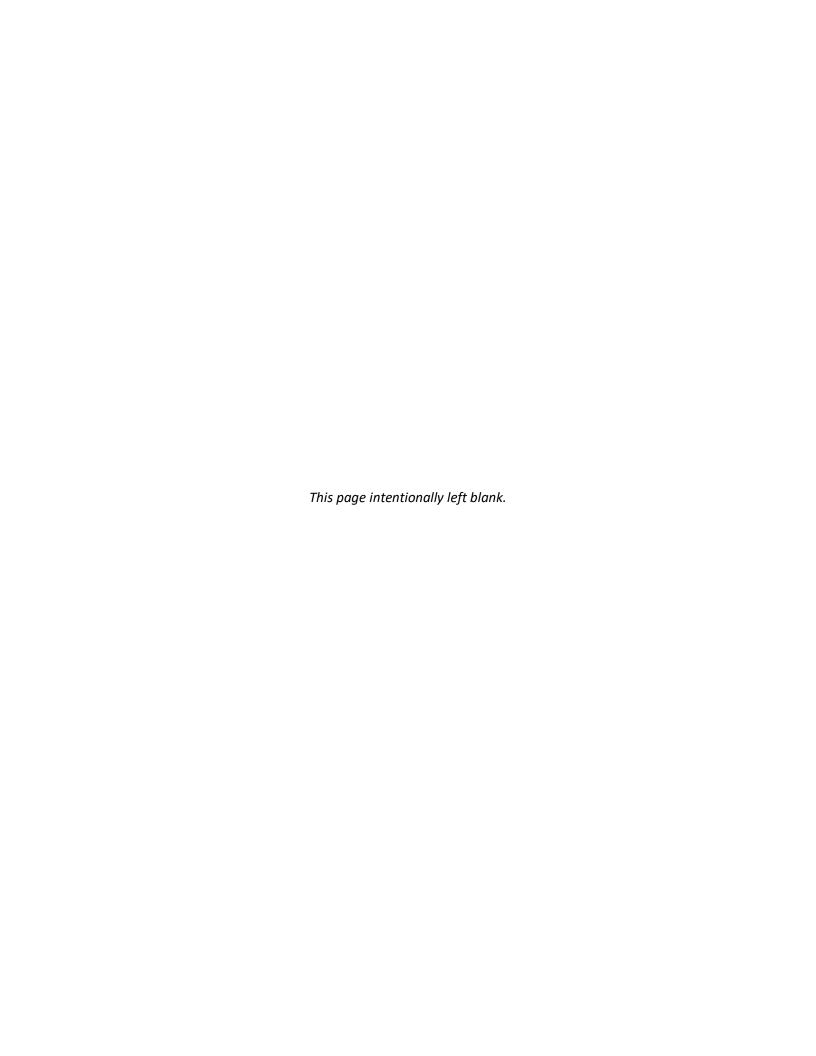
Q24 Do you think any of the following are barriers to fair housing in Atlanta/Fulton County? (Check all that apply.)



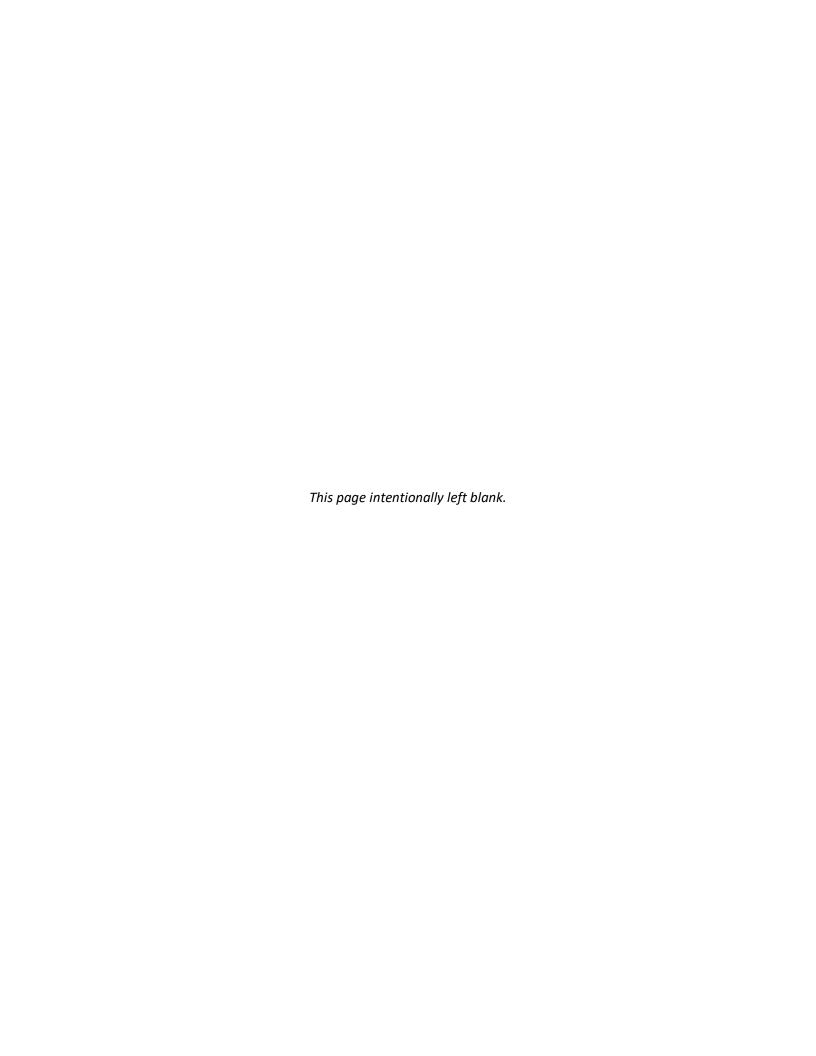
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Displacement of residents due to rising housing costs	79.22%	122
Not enough affordable housing for seniors	73.38%	113
Not enough affordable housing for individuals	71.43%	110
Not enough affordable housing for families	67.53%	104
Neighborhoods that need revitalization and new investment	62.34%	96
Community opposition to affordable housing	60.39%	93
Limited access to good schools	60.39%	93
Discrimination by landlords or rental agents	53.90%	83
Limited access to jobs	53.25%	82
Lack of housing options for people with disabilities	51.95%	80
Discrimination by mortgage lenders	46.75%	72
Landlords refusing to accept Section 8 vouchers	44.81%	69
Limited access to community resources for people with disabilities	43.51%	67
Discrimination or steering by real estate agents	38.31%	59
Limited access to banking and financial services	33.77%	52
Other (please specify)	9.74%	15
Total Respondents: 154		

Q25 Please use the box below to provide any additional information regarding housing and community development needs in Atlanta/Fulton County.

Answered: 51 Skipped: 142



APPENDIX VI: ESG WRITTEN STANDARDS



EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT PROGRAM (ESG) Allocation Process

In accordance with HUD **CFR576.3**, (Allocation of funding) regulations mandate that 7.5% of funds should be spent on administrative activities, a maximum of 60% of Fulton County's ESG funds are to be spent on shelter activities and the remaining 40% to be spent on homeless prevention and rapid rehousing activities proposed by organizations. ESG funds are awarded through a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA)/ Request for Proposals/Qualifications/Offers (RFP) from qualified applications with projects which are ready-to-go. The department adheres to the following: solicitation, application process, technical assistance, review of eligibility, funding recommendation, funding selection and written agreements.

<u>Solicitation</u>: The RFP will be widely publicized throughout the County using press releases coordinated with the Office of Communication, use of a mailing list with various groups/partners and advertisements appearing in a local newspaper of general circulation; advertisement on Fulton County's website and postings at specified libraries, government offices and other public places. The advertisement will specify the amount of funds that are available, basic eligibility criteria, details on the process, contact information and the deadline for applications to be submitted, which is typically 30 days.

Application Process: Agencies seeking ESG funding for shelter activities or homeless prevention /rapid rehousing must submit an Application and attach all required documentation including certification forms. The application package consists of an eligibility checklist to be completed by the applicant. The checklist addresses each area of HUD eligibility and provides the applicant the opportunity to specify the documentation they are providing to meet each criteria, work scopes, development and operating budgets, other financing for the project, and long-term cash flow projections upon completion.

ESG applications will only be accepted from eligible organizations (those that can demonstrate experience and staff capacity to manage the day-to-day operations) that have a specific project for which they are seeking funding.

Provide Technical Assistance: Prior to application submission, staff will conduct a mandatory Technical assistance workshop to address compliance requirements, program performance, funding information covered by the RFP. Applicants not attending the mandatory Technical Assistance Workshop will be deemed ineligible for funding. Information regarding the workshop will also be included in the advertisement and press release.

Review for Eligibility/Recommendation/Selection: The Fulton County Continuum of Care Board will recommend candidates for the RFP selection committee which will evaluate and rank all applications and submit recommendations to the Director of the Fulton County Department of Housing and Community Development.

**Board of Commissioner Approval is only needed if the general activity has not been approved in the current year Annual Action Plan. The ESG Program budget includes line items for Shelter activities, Homeless Prevention, and Rapid Rehousing activities without identifying specific projects. The BOC passed a resolution authorizing the Commission Chairman to execute all documents regarding Continuum of Care projects on their behalf without requiring approval of each identified project (Agenda Item 13-0462). If approval is required, an agenda item will be prepared seeking BOC approval, entered into SIRE for the proposed ESG project after adherence of the Citizen Participation Plan.

Development of Standard Written Agreements: Staff will refer to 24 CFR Part 91.100(d) and 24 CFR 400 (e) for ESG using specific standards along with the citations for the regulations pertaining to ESG Written Agreements in coordination with Fulton County Legal Staff.

References: 24 CFR Part 576, 24 CFR Part 91.100 (d), 24 CFR 400 (e)

INTRODUCTION

The Fulton County Continuum of Care (FCCoC) is a group of organizations and individuals working to address homelessness through a coordinated community-based process of identifying needs and building a system of housing and services to address those needs. The group is comprised of stakeholders who, as an administrative entity, coordinate a year-round planning effort and prepare the annual application for homeless services grants from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

HEARTH Act amendments to the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act codified the role and functions of the CoC, formalizing the responsibilities of a CoC and establishing minimum requirements for its operation and management. This governance charter:

- outlines the governance structure of the Fulton CoC under the new CoC Program Interim Rule;
- defines the roles and responsibilities of the Board, Committees, Working Groups and staff; and
- establishes policies and procedures for operating and managing the CoC.

ARTICLE I. NAME, VISION, MISSION, PURPOSE AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. <u>Name.</u> The name of this unincorporated association is the Fulton County Continuum of Care (FCCoC).
- B. <u>Mission.</u> The FCCoC plans, develops and implements comprehensive and coordinated strategies to address homelessness in Fulton County.
- C. <u>Vision.</u> The vision of the FCCoC is that in our community every person is appropriately, safely and decently housed. The FCoC works to alleviate homelessness through prevention, assistance toward self-sufficiency and the provision of a continuum of housing and service options.
- D. Purpose. The purposes of the FCCoC are to:
 - 1. Promote communitywide commitment to implementing best practices to work toward the goal of ending homelessness in Fulton County;
 - 2. Maximize available funding for efforts by providers and government entities to prevent homelessness and quickly re-house homeless individuals and families in Fulton County, while minimizing the trauma and dislocation that homelessness causes to individuals, families and the community;
 - 3. Promote access to mainstream programs by homeless individuals and families, encouraging the full, effective use of available resources; and
 - 4. Improve self-sufficiency among individuals and families that experience homelessness.
 - A. <u>Responsibilities.</u> The FCCoC will fulfill the responsibilities assigned to continuums of care under <u>Title 24</u>, <u>Part 578 of the Code of Federal Regulations</u> and will satisfy all other legal requirements necessary to secure maximum funding under relevant state and federal programs to end homelessness.

ARTICLE II. CONTINUUM OF CARE COMMITTEE STRUCTURE, DESIGNATED ENTITIES AND ROLES

- **A.** Fulton County Planning/Coordinated Assessment Committee (FCP/CAC). The FCP/CAC serves as the primary working entity of the FCCoC. This committee is open to the public and meets quarterly to strengthen coordination and service delivery, and to carry out CoC responsibilities defined by the CoC Program Interim Rule. Primary responsibilities of the FCP/CAC include:
 - i. To convene regular meetings of the FCCoC;
 - ii. To establish performance targets and to monitor and act on outcomes;
 - iii. To provide system coordination; and
 - iv. To conduct the Point in Time (PIT) count, Housing Inventory Count (HIC) and Annual Gaps analysis.
- **B.** Coordinated Assessment Working Group. The Coordinated Assessment Working Group will work with ESG and CoC recipients to develop the following items for Board approval:
 - a. Plans to establish a coordinated system for individuals experiencing homelessness that
 provides a standardized process for assessing needs for housing or services across all
 providers.
 - b. Written standards for providing CoC assistance that at a minimum include:
 - i. Policies and procedures for evaluating individuals' eligibility for assistance;
 - ii. Policies and procedures for determining and prioritizing which eligible households will receive transitional housing assistance;
 - iii. Policies and procedures for determining and prioritizing which eligible households will receive rapid rehousing assistance;
 - iv. Standards for determining what percentage or amount of rent each program participant must pay while receiving rehousing assistance;
 - v. Policies and procedures for determining and prioritizing which eligible households will receive permanent supportive housing assistance; and
 - vi. A specific policy to guide the operation of the coordinated assessment system in addressing the needs of households who are fleeing, or attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, but who are seeking shelter or services from non-victim service providers. c. A plan for monitoring the coordinated assessment system and verifying that the written standards guiding its operation are being applied uniformly.

Members include representatives from relevant organizations and agencies working in Fulton County, GA, as well as other individuals interested in working to prevent and end homelessness in the county. Relevant organizations include nonprofit homeless assistance providers, victim service providers, faith-based organizations, government entities, businesses, advocates, public housing agencies, school representatives, social service providers, mental health agencies, hospitals and health care practitioners, universities, affordable housing developers, law enforcement and organizations that serve veterans.

The following subcommittees of the FCP/CAC are responsible for HMIS management and oversight, development and operation of a coordinated assessment system and establishment of written standards for providing assistance under the Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) and CoC Programs. Subcommittees can be created at the discretion of the Board as needed.

- 1. <u>HMIS Working Group.</u> The Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) Working Group meets at a minimum of quarterly to advise the operations, policies, and procedures of the FCoC HMIS implementation. This group oversees and informs operation of the HMIS by the designated HMIS Lead (Department of Community Affairs DCA) as outlined in the HMIS Governance Charter and works to monitor performance targets as established by the FCCoC.
- 2. Governance Committee. This committee shall annually review the internal operation of the Board. Committee should hear and investigate any reported misconduct of a board member. The committee will also serve as the governance body of any agency appeals. The committee shall consist of three (3) members who shall be current Directors. The current Chair may not be a member of this committee. The committee members shall be appointed by the FCCoC Board on an annual basis, to serve until the next annual meeting of the Board.
- 3. Ad Hoc Committees/Taskforce. The FCCoC Board may from time to time create one or more ad hoc committees for special purposes. Ad hoc committees may include both Directors and individuals who are not Directors. Ad hoc committees may not exercise the authority of the FCCoC Board.

B. Designated Entities.

- 1. <u>Collaborative Applicant.</u> The Fulton County Board of Commissioners is the designated Collaborative Applicant for the FCCoC. The Collaborative Applicant is the eligible applicant that submits the annual CoC Consolidated Application for funding on behalf of the CoC. The Collaborative Applicant is the only entity that can apply for a grant for Continuum of Care planning funds on behalf of the CoC.
- 2. <u>HMIS Lead.</u> Department of Community Affairs (DCA) is the designated HMIS Lead for the FCCoC.
- 3. <u>Support Entity.</u> As the designated Collaborative Applicant and HMIS Lead, Fulton County Collaborative Applicant (FCCA) plays a significant role in supporting the operation and management of the FCCoC and its HMIS system.
 - Fulton County CoC staff coordinate and facilitate monthly FCCoC meetings, distribute written meeting agendas and minutes, manage the content of the FCCoC website and newsletter, staff the FCCoC Board and its subcommittees, coordinate the annual PIT and HIC and, with the oversight of the FCCoC Board, design, operate and follow a collaborative, fair and transparent process for developing applications in response to CoC Program NOFAs. Additionally, Fulton County CoC staff will participate in and represent the FCCoC in the Consolidated Plan and ESG allocation and reporting processes. Fulton County CoC staff members are also active participants in regional and State groups meeting to coordinate efforts related to provision of ESG and CoC funds.
- **C.** FCCoC Board. The FCCoC Board meets quarterly or as needed to oversee the work of the designated entities, the FCPC and its subcommittees and working groups defined above. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the FCCoC fulfills the responsibilities assigned to continuums of care under Title 24, Part 578 of the Code of Federal Regulations and oversees progress toward meeting local, regional and federal goals to prevent and end homelessness. The FCCoC Board is also responsible for establishing priorities for funding projects under the CoC Program and for ranking multiple applications if required by HUD in the Notice *of* Funding Availability (NOFA). The FCCoC Board may form a Ranking Subcommittee to fulfill responsibilities related to the NOFA to ensure ranking decisions are made by individuals with no financial interest in the decisions made.

ARTICLE III. CONTINUUM OF CARE BOARD POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

- **A.** Number, Composition and Terms. The Fulton County Homeless Continuum of Care shall be a board as outlined in the Hearth Rule 24 CFR Part 578. Said Board shall be comprised of no more than eleven (11) members as follows:
 - One (1) representative nominated by each of the Commission Districts for a total of seven (7) members, this includes one (1) representative from District 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. Each representative would serve a two (2) year term and could be reappointed to serve additional terms. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no term of any member nominated by a District

- Commissioner shall extend beyond the term of the District Commissioner who nominates that member.
- One (1) representative nominated from the South Fulton Service Coalition. This would represent a wide variety of organizations from South Fulton that could help in coordinating services for the homeless to serve a three (3) year term.
- One (1) representative nominated from the North Fulton Interagency Council. This would represent a wide variety of organizations from North Fulton that could help in coordinating services for the homeless to serve a three (3) year term.
- Two (2) representatives that are currently homeless or were formerly homeless.
 - One representative would be nominated and voted upon by the South Fulton Service Coalitions and the North Fulton Interagency Council.
 - These individuals would serve a two (2) year term.
- **B.** Code of Conduct Conflicts of Interest and Recusal Process. FCCoC Board members must exercise care and when acting on behalf of the FCCoC. These individuals must complete the work they have agreed to undertake in a timely manner. In addition, they must attend Board meetings and be prepared to discuss matters presented for their deliberation. Absence without notice or explanation for three meetings within a calendar year or repeated failure to complete work assignments will be grounds for removal from the Board. Repeated failure to participate thoughtfully and respectfully in discussions or persistent disruptive or obstructive conduct during meetings will be grounds for removal.

FCCoC Board members must abide by the following rules in order to avoid conflicts of interest and promote public confidence in the integrity of the FCCoC and its processes. Failure to honor these rules will be grounds for removal from the Board and any of its committees.

- 1. Members may not participate in or influence discussions or resulting decisions concerning the award of a grant or other financial benefit to:
 - a. Any organization that they or a member of their immediate family represents; or
 - b. Any organization from which they or a member of their immediate family derives income or anything of value.
- 2. Whenever FCCoC Board members or any of their immediate family members have a financial interest or any other personal interest in a matter coming before the Board or one of its committees, they must:
 - a. Fully disclose the nature of the interest; and
 - b. Withdraw from discussing, lobbying and voting on the matter.

At the beginning of every Board meeting, the facilitator must ask if there are any conflicts of interest or potential conflicts of interest that need to be disclosed before the business included in the meeting's agenda is discussed.

Any matter in which FCCoC Board members have an actual or potential conflict of interest will be decided only by a vote of disinterested individuals. The minutes of any meeting at which such a vote is conducted must reflect the disclosure of interested directors' actual or potential conflicts of interest and their recusal from participation in the decision.

FCCoC Board members must sign a conflict of interest form annually, affirming that they have reviewed the conflict of interest policy and disclosing any conflicts of interest they face or are likely to face in fulfilling their duties as Board members.

<u>Removal of Directors</u>. A Director may be removed without cause by the vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the Directors then in office. In addition, a Director may be removed by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors then in office for to comply with this Charter's Code of Conduct or other required written policies.

ARTICLE IV. APPROVAL OF GOVERNANCE CHARTER AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS

- A. <u>Scope of the Governance Charter</u>. The FCCoC Governance Charter establishes a framework for governing the Continuum as well as roles and responsibilities related to establishment of policies and procedures needed to comply with 24 CFR Part 578.
- B. <u>Approval and Subsequent Amendments.</u> The governance framework outlined in this document and every subsequent amendment to that framework must be approved by a majority of FCCoC members.
- C. Regular Reviews of the Governance Charter. In consultation with the Collaborative Applicant and the HMIS Lead, the FCP/CAC will review the charter annually and recommend to the Board changes to improve the functioning of the FCCoC and maintain compliance with federal regulations. Every five years after initial approval of the charter, the FCCoC Board will invite interested members to participate in a review and discussion of the Board selection process. Based on the consensus achieved in that discussion, the Board will ask FCPC members to ratify the existing selection process or approve proposed changes to that process at their next monthly meeting.
- D. <u>Charter Amendments</u>. This Charter may be amended or repealed and new bylaws may be adopted by the Board of Directors. At least seven (7) days written notice of any meeting of Directors at which an amendment is to be approved, unless notice is waived. The notice must state that the purpose or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider a proposed amendment to the Charter and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment or state the general nature of the amendment. Any amendment must be approved by two-thirds (2/3) of the Directors in office at the time the amendment is adopted.

Article V: Meeting of the FCCoC Board

- A. <u>Place of Meetings</u>. All meetings of the FCCoC Board shall be held in Fulton County, Georgia, at such place as the Board of Directors may determine.
- B. <u>Annual Meeting</u>. The annual meeting of the Board of appointing officers, and committee members and transacting other business, shall be held at 10:00 a.m. on the first Tuesday in May of each year, or at such other time as the Board of Directors may determine.
- C. <u>Regular Meetings</u>. Additional regular meetings of the FCCoC Board shall be held quarterly at times and dates as established by the Board.
- D. <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the Chair person or twenty percent (20%) of the Directors then in office.
- E. Notice of Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice if the date, time and place of the meeting previously have been fixed by the Board; otherwise, regular meetings must be preceded by at least two (2) days' notice to each Director of the date, time and place, but not the purpose, of the meeting. Special meetings of the Board of Directors must be preceded by at least two (2) days' notice to each Director of the date, time, place, and purpose of the meeting. Notice required by the foregoing provisions may be given by any usual means of communication and may be oral or written. However, any Board action to remove a Director or to approve a matter that would require approval by the members shall not be valid unless each Director is given at least seven (7) days' written notice that the matter will be voted upon at a Directors' meeting.
- F. Quorum. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board. If less than a majority of the Directors are present at said meeting, a majority of the Directors present may adjourn the meeting without further notice.
- G. <u>Manner of Acting.</u> If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the affirmative vote of a majority of Directors present is the act of the Board unless the vote of a greater number of Directors is required by law or this charter.
- H. <u>Presumption of Assent.</u> A Director who is present at a meeting of the Board of Directors when action is taken is deemed to have assented to the action taken unless: (a) such Director objects at the beginning of the meeting (or promptly upon arrival) to holding it or transacting business at the meeting; (b) such Director's dissent or abstention from the action taken is entered in the minutes of the meeting; or (c) such Director delivers written notice of dissent or abstention to the presiding officer of the meeting before adjournment or immediately after adjournment of the meeting. The right of dissent or abstention is not available to a Director who votes in favor of the action taken.
- I. <u>Meeting Via Communications Equipment</u>. The Board of Directors may permit any or all Directors to participate in a regular or special meeting by, or conduct the meeting through the use of, any means of communication by which all Directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A Director participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

Article VI. Indemnification.

A. Director who in the legal defense of any proceeding to which the Director was a party because

he or she is or was a Director, against reasonable expenses actually incurred by the Director in connection with the proceeding. In addition, if any individual is made a party to a proceeding because the individual is or was a Director or officer, may, to the extent permitted by law, authorize Fulton County to advance expenses to such individual and/or indemnify such individual against liability incurred in the proceeding.